



Annual Report 2024

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Note on integrated reporting in 2024

This is Crayon’s first-ever fully integrated annual report, combining comprehensive financial and ESG data. Previously, we published separate annual and ESG reports. However, for the reporting period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024, and in future years, integrated reporting will be our new norm.

The changes to our public disclosures are driven by the requirement to comply with recent regulatory developments. As a publicly listed company headquartered in Norway, Crayon is subject to the European Union’s **Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD)** and its delegated acts, the **European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)**. CSRD has been transposed into the **Norwegian Accounting Act** section 2-3 and other legislation applicable to Crayon.

- Key changes to the structure and content of our annual report include:
- Reshaping the report from our board of directors in accordance with regulatory requirements without compromising coherence and consistency with the rest of the annual report.
 - Introducing a new section called Sustainability statements situated inside the report from our board of directors.
 - Weaving salient ESG content into the report to reflect true integration.

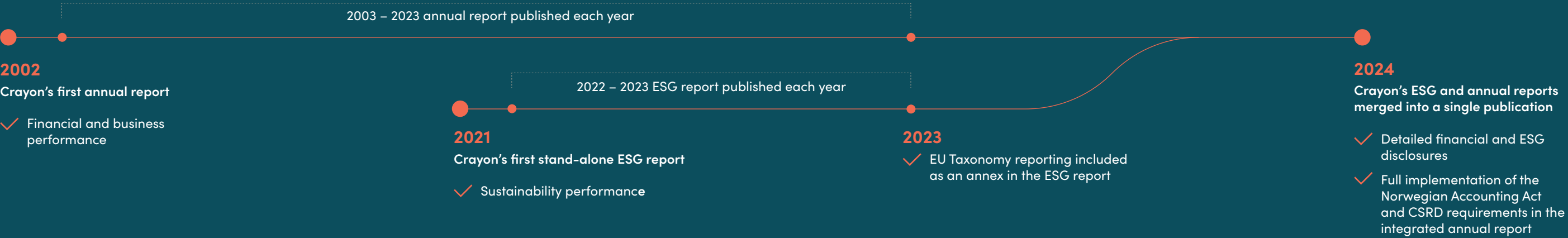
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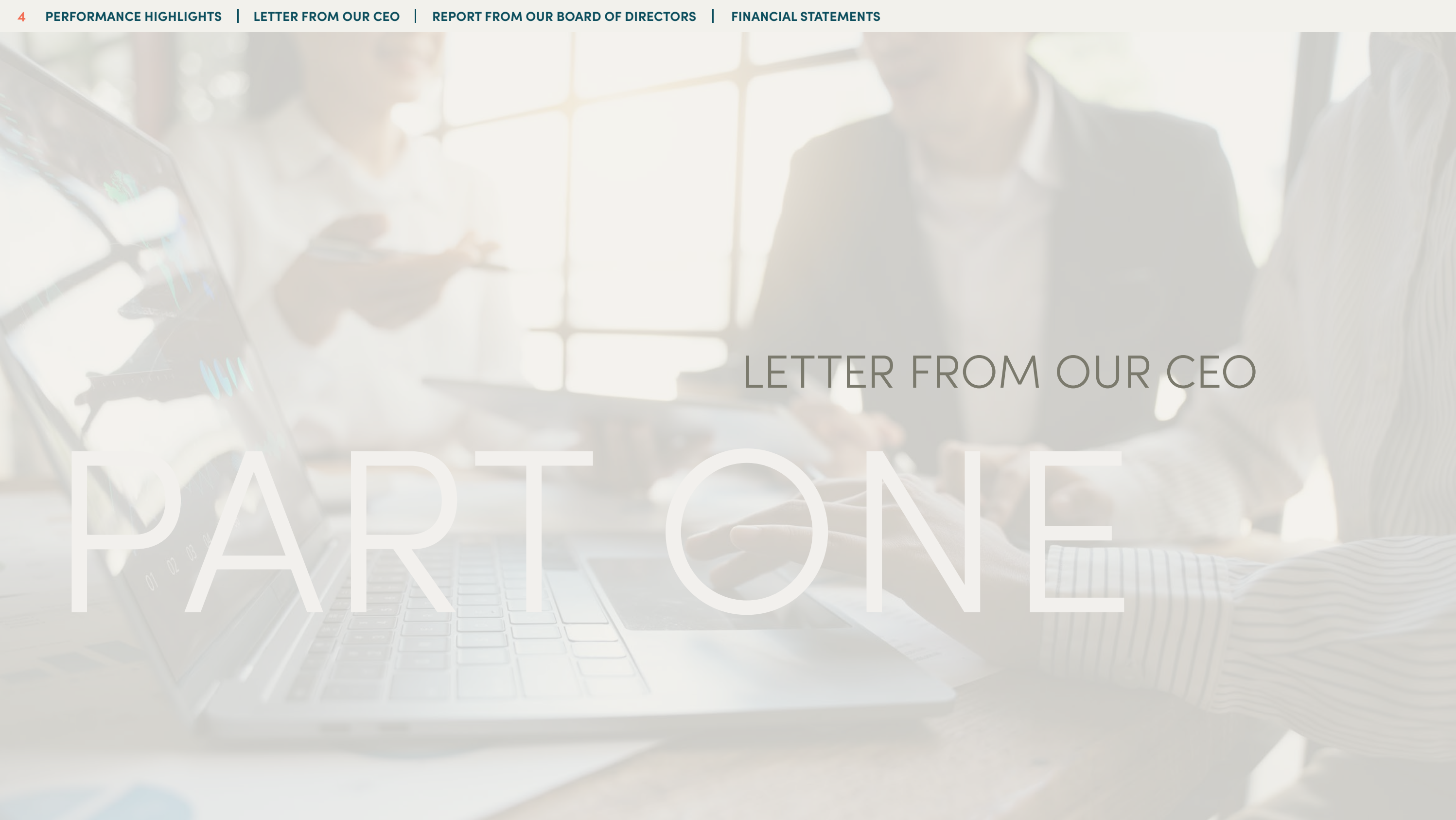
- **Publication date:** April 2025
- **Reporting period:** 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024, Crayon’s financial year.
- **Geographic scope:** Our annual report is global in scope and applies to all our subsidiaries and entities in the 46 countries in which we operate.

Questions or comments on the 2024 Annual Report can be sent to:
ir@crayon.com; or esg@crayon.com

Additional information about Crayon

- To view more reports and materials from Crayon, visit our [Investor Relations](#) and [ESG](#) pages on our global corporate website. For example:
- In our annual [remuneration report](#), you will get a transparent and comprehensive overview of the remuneration of our board of directors and executive management team.
 - In our annual [human rights transparency](#) statement, you will gain insight into our labor and human rights due diligence activities and efforts to comply with the Norwegian Transparency Act.





LETTER FROM OUR CEO

PART ONE

Letter from our CEO

Dear Shareholders,

Looking back at 2024, I am proud to share the highlights of Crayon's achievements. Our unwavering commitment to innovation and customer-centric solutions fortified our market position and propelled us to new heights. In addition to our strong Microsoft partnership, our new distribution partnerships with AWS and Broadcom, combined with our delivery of AI and cybersecurity solutions, boosted our global footprint and strengthened our competitive position.

Overall, I am pleased that we delivered significant profitable growth with a gross profit of NOK 6,283 million, up 11 percent from 2023. Increasing our footprint in Europe has been key to our growth strategy, and I am pleased to see that we are delivering as promised, with a total growth of 24 percent. Our adjusted EBITDA increased with NOK 255m, reflecting a margin of 19%, a strong improvement from 2023. Furthermore, we delivered a strong improvement in working capital. Improving our working capital and cash flow performance was a key priority during the year and I'm very pleased to see that we are delivering on our commitment to our shareholders, while staying true to our core values that were established 22 years ago: Integrity, Quality, Pace, and Agility.

Our recognition as a Leader in the Gartner® Magic Quadrant™ for Software Asset Management Managed Services underscores our commitment to providing top-tier solutions that drive value for our customers and partners globally. Being awarded the Global Microsoft Partner for Scale Solutions (LSP) and the AWS Industry Partner of the Year for Telco in EMEA demonstrates our dedication to innovation and excellence in cloud services. This would not be possible without our amazing team of more than 4,000 dedicated "Crayonites" across 46 countries.

As we continue our global – and profitable – growth journey navigating through changing market dynamics and an increasingly uncertain geopolitical climate, we remain true to our four go to market offering:

Software Procurement: We assist customers in procuring and purchasing software, negotiating contracts, and ensuring software compliance.

IT Cost Management: We help customers achieve ROI on their spending across software and cloud with extensive SAM and FinOps capabilities.

Cloud Services: We aid our customers in adopting technology and managing their IT estates effectively, providing expertise in modern work, cybersecurity, and cloud migration and modernization.

Data and AI Solutions: We deliver innovative solutions in data platforms, computer vision, language technologies, and machine learning, enhancing business efficiency and productivity. In 2024, we continued to see the rapid acceleration in generative AI with productivity solutions such as Microsoft 365 Copilot, Google Gemini, and Amazon Q.



Trusted partner

Looking at AI and cybersecurity specifically, we are the leading E5 company for Microsoft built on our managed services cybersecurity practice. In these areas, we made significant strides in 2024, positioning Crayon as a trusted partner for both the public and private sectors. Our advanced AI-driven solutions are designed to enhance operational efficiency, while our robust cybersecurity measures protect against emerging threats. For instance, our AI-integrated cybersecurity solutions have been instrumental in safeguarding critical infrastructure for public sector clients, ensuring compliance and security. In the private sector, our AI capabilities have enabled businesses to optimize their operations and stay ahead of the competition. Our total suite of products and services resulted in scores of new agreements across our markets in both the public and private sector.

ESG

In 2024 our environmental, social, and governance (ESG) program remained on a positive trajectory, adding value to the business by contributing to meeting employee, customer and investor expectations, strengthening our reputation in the ESG space, and managing regulatory and other risks. Notably, in 2024 we developed a new global ESG strategy that was approved by our board of directors. In line with this strategy, our top three strategic priorities in 2025 will be greenhouse gas emissions and climate-related risk, diversity, equity, inclusion and belonging, and responsible AI.

In tandem, other critical elements of our ESG strategy will be implemented to develop our ESG infrastructure. For example, to evolve and strengthen ESG governance, in 2024 we renamed our Audit Committee to the Audit and ESG Committee, and revised its mandate to reflect this broader scope. In 2024 we also participated in ESG-related platforms such as the United Nations Global Compact, CDP and Ecovadis. We will continue to participate in these platforms in future.

Detailed information on our material sustainability-related impacts, risks and opportunities in 2024, actions taken, and performance metrics is available in our sustainability statements.

Market outlook

We continue to see a solid market going into 2025 and expect our four business areas to grow. We particularly see strong potential in geographies where we currently have a low market share, such as the US. We are well positioned to take advantage of the market opportunities and will continue to increase our workforce to deliver on our go-to-market strategy.

Microsoft announced a change in partner incentives in 2024. At the same time, incentives available to partners are the highest they have ever been. As the Microsoft Partner of the Year and the fifth largest global partner, we are well equipped to continue to deliver based on our strong cloud and service capability. The incentives and earning opportunities as a percentage of partner revenue have increased over time as the company and partner network evolves. We are confident that these changes will benefit our growth and align with our strategic goals.

As we navigate the evolving market landscape, it's crucial to recognize the impact of political changes on IT budgets across our markets. Recent developments highlight the need for increased regulatory compliance, which can drive up operational costs for companies in both the public and private sectors.

In the healthcare sector, investments in cybersecurity and AI-driven compliance tools are becoming essential. Similarly, education is focusing on digital accessibility and learning management systems, while financial services are upgrading anti-money laundering regulations and data management systems. The public sector is also adjusting to new cybersecurity mandates and cloud-first policies.

To stay resilient, companies must prioritize compliance management solutions, allocate funds for unexpected expenses, and invest in flexible licensing agreements.

Additionally, staying informed about new funding programs and establishing strategic partnerships will help companies secure necessary resources and diversify our budgets. Crayon will be on our existing and new customers' side through all these changes. Always.

Goals in 2025

Looking ahead, in 2025 we aim to achieve a gross profit growth of 15-20%, adjusted EBITDA margin of 19-22% and net working capital of around minus 15%. Our focus will remain on driving growth through innovation, strategic partnerships, and a relentless commitment to customer success.

The potential merger with SoftwareOne announced in December will, if it is completed, represent a transformative opportunity to enhance our market position and deliver even greater value to our stakeholders. A combined company will create a formidable player in the global technology landscape, combining two leading global providers of software and cloud solutions. The strategic rationale for the transaction is compelling and based on our highly complementary business offering and geographic presence. We expect to drive additional growth and significant value creation for shareholders, with significant anticipated cost synergies. We believe that joining forces with SoftwareOne is the right thing to do for the benefit of all stakeholders and are excited about our future potential.

As we look ahead, we remain focused on driving growth through innovation, strategic partnerships, and a relentless commitment to customer success. I want to extend my heartfelt gratitude to our employees, customers, partners, and shareholders for their unwavering support and dedication. I would like to take this moment to express my gratitude for being able to lead a company like Crayon together with the rest of the leadership team. My more than 4,000 colleagues motivate me to give my best, because I know and see that they always walk the extra mile for our customers. Thank you for a wonderful 2024. I am

excited about what 2025 has in store for Crayon and our industry.

PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

PART TWO

Financial highlights

11%

Gross profit growth

19%

Adjusted EBITDA margin

28%

Adjusted EBITDA growth

4,182

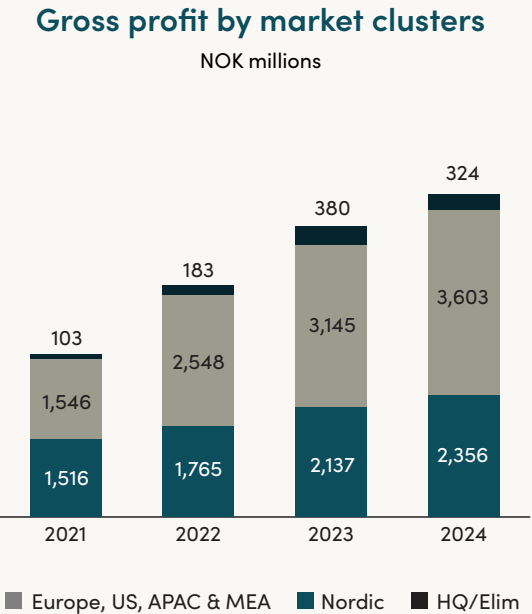
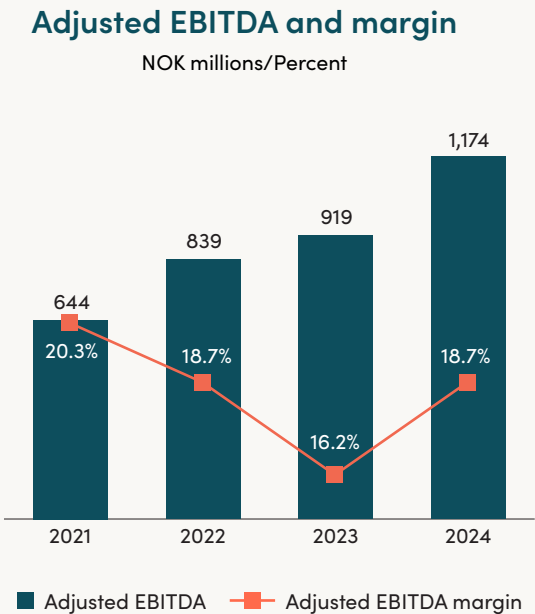
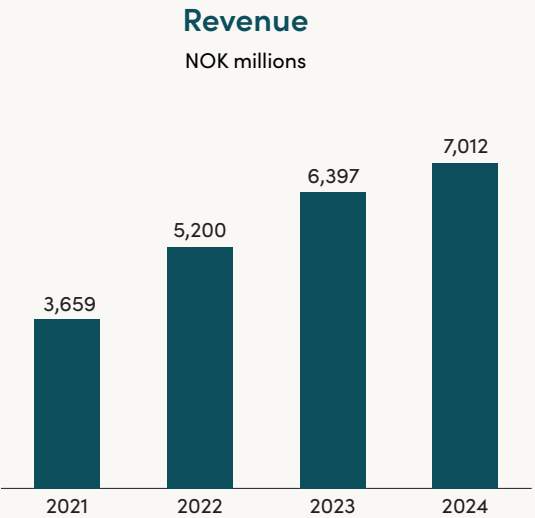
FTEs

Key figures

(NOK millions)	2024	2023	2022	2021
Revenue	7,012	6,397	5,200	3,659
Gross profit	6,283	5,662	4,496	3,165
EBITDA	1,090	745	751	580
Adjusted EBITDA	1,174	919	839	644
EBIT	753	442	417	405
Net income	267	-159	23	245
Basic earnings per share	2.9	-1.29	0.29	2.59
Adjusted EBITDA margin	18.7%	16.2%	18.7%	20.3%

(NOK millions)	2024	2023	2022	2021
Liquidity reserve	3,518	2,726	1,487	1,992
Net working capital	-1,473	-1,121	-121	-463
Leverage ratio (multiple)	0.3	1.2	2.2	1.8
Full time equivalents (FTE)	4,182	4,021	3,447	2,900

For further details see [Alternative performance measures](#).



ESG highlights

Environment 	24,721 tons of CO₂ Total Scope 1, 2 and 3 market-based emissions	B- Score on CDP climate change questionnaire	293 Devices recycled or resold under our sustainable device management program	ISO 14001 Global certification for our environmental management system
Social 	GENDER 32.5% women 67% men 0.5% other Gender composition of our workforce	NATIONALITIES 90 nationalities Represented in our workforce	AGE 18 – 73 years old Range in age from youngest to oldest employee	ANNUAL EMPLOYEE FEEDBACK SURVEY 62% Survey participation rate 4.13 out of 5 Overall score across nine categories
Governance 	1 grievance mechanism To report integrity-related concerns, comprising a Trust desk and whistleblower channel	0 data breaches	ISO 37001 Global certification for our anti-bribery and corruption management system	1 United Nations Report Featuring Crayon’s responsible AI practices, published in September 2024

Memberships and scorecards

United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) – Crayon has been a signatory to the UNGC since 2020. We embrace its 10 principles which span labor and human rights, the environment, and anti-corruption.

Ecovadis – We perform well on the **Ecovadis** scorecard, an independent rating system of participating organizations’ ESG performance. Crayon had an Ecovadis score of 72% in 2024 (2023: 66%) earning us a silver medal and placing us in the top 15% of all companies evaluated by Ecovadis (2023: 25%).

CDP – Crayon completes the **climate change questionnaire of CDP** (formerly known as the Carbon Disclosure Project) each year, disclosing our greenhouse gas emissions. CDP is an independent environmental disclosure system used to drive transparency and action around how organizations manage their environmental impacts. In 2024, we achieved a score of B-.

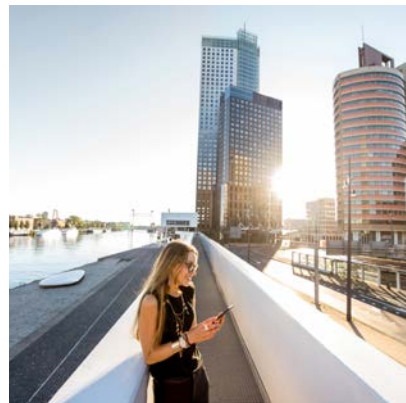


Highlights 2024



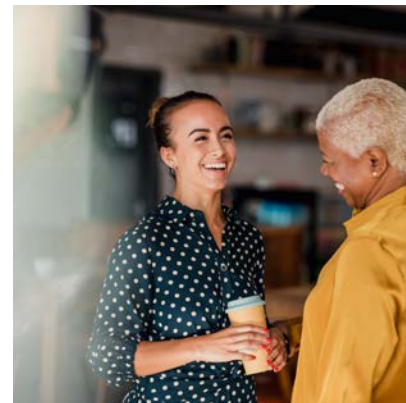
Q1

- Crayon continued its strong momentum in AI, cloud services, and strategic partnerships, setting the stage for a transformative year.
- Announced a global partnership with Google, strengthening Crayon's ability to guide customers in adopting Google Cloud's AI and security solutions.
- Became an authorized reseller of Kahoot!, enhancing digital learning experiences in education.



Q2

- Integrated the Microsoft Azure Marketplace into Cloud-iQ, streamlining cloud procurement for partners.
- Launched the 2024/2025 Female Leadership Program (FLP), empowering women in tech leadership.
- Launched and completed the first Global Empowerment Program (GEP).
- Appointed authorized Broadcom Cloud Commerce Manager (CCM) for VMware Cloud Service Provider (VCSP) partners in the Asia Pacific region.
- Completed the Crayon and rhipe brand integration, unifying operations under one brand across APAC.
- Awarded the 2024 Microsoft Partner Award for Scale Solutions (LSP), recognizing excellence in cloud transformation and customer impact.



Q3

- Expanded the Adobe VIP Marketplace in Cloud-iQ, introducing enhanced self-service features.
- Recognized as Adobe EMEA Best Growth Partner at the Adobe Partner Event.
- Renewed Azure Expert Managed Services Provider (AEMSP) status, reinforcing Crayon's cloud security and partner excellence.
- Announced a collaboration with AMD to enhance cloud performance using AMD EPYC™ server processors.
- Named a Leader in the Gartner Magic Quadrant for Software Asset Management Managed Services for the fourth time.



Q4

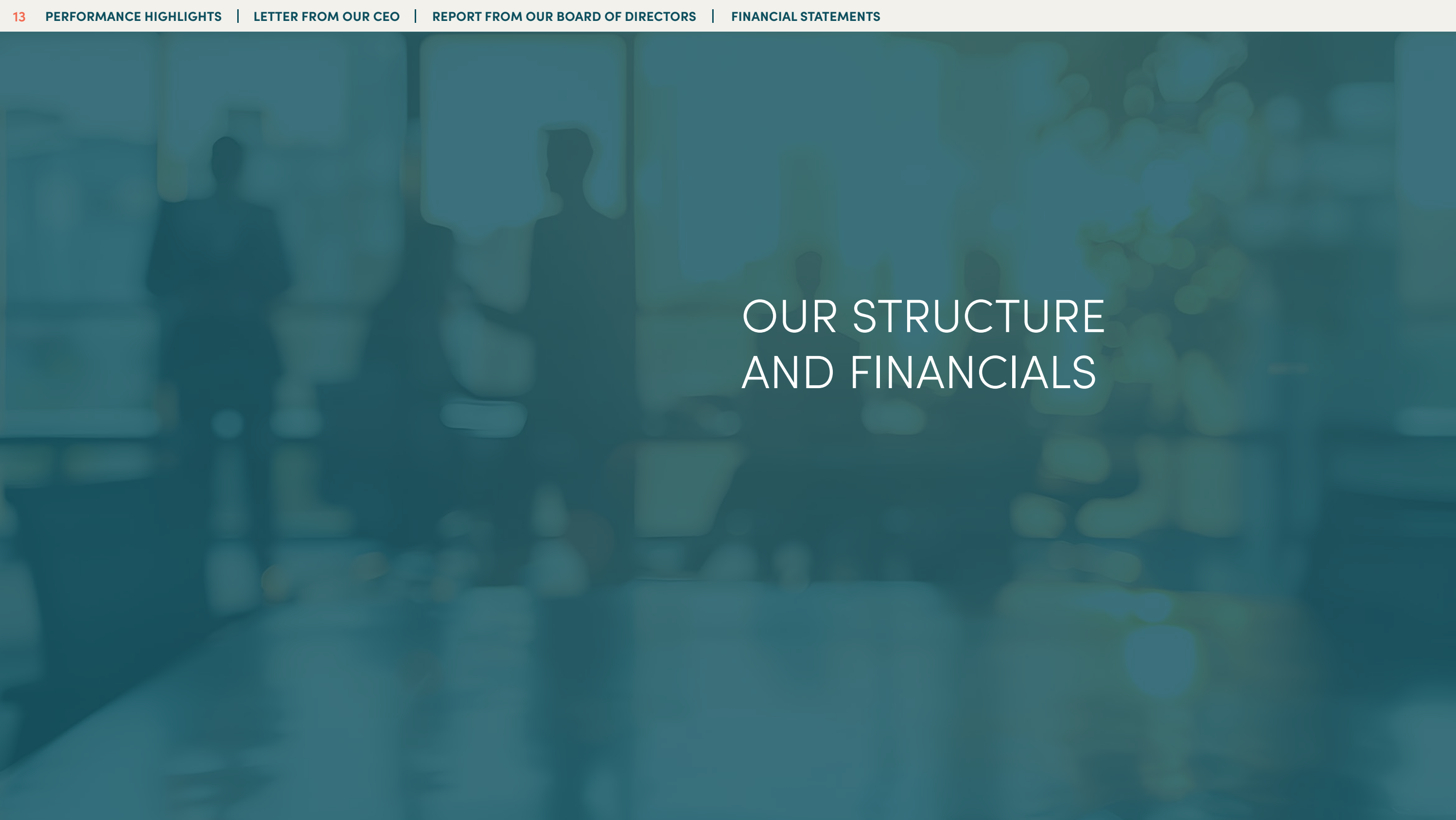
- Appointed as an AWS Authorized Distributor for the Nordics, Baltics, and European Economic Area, expanding AWS expertise across regions.
- Joined the AWS Generative AI Partner Innovation Alliance, driving AI transformation and customer adoption of GenAI solutions.
- 10 years of Data & AI excellence: Crayon celebrated a decade of innovation in AI, helping customers deploy Generative AI solutions.
- Crayon featured in the United Nations Gen AI for Global Goals report, highlighting the company's leadership and innovation in the field of artificial intelligence (AI).
- Announced the proposed acquisition of Crayon by SoftwareOne, set to close in Q2 2025, marking a major industry shift.
- Named AWS EMEA Telco Partner of the Year, recognizing excellence in cloud solutions for telecommunications.

REPORT FROM OUR
BOARD OF DIRECTORS

PART THREE

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OUR STRUCTURE AND FINANCIALS

ABOUT CRAYON

- Crayon at a glance
- Executive management team
- Our strategy and business model
- Our approach to sustainability
- The Crayon share

Crayon at a glance

Our vision

We believe in the power of technology to drive the greater good.

Our values

Our core values are based on our Nordic heritage.

INTEGRITY

With our actions we show integrity and we are accountable for our actions and inactions

QUALITY

What we do, we do with excellence and better than anyone else

PACE

We are customer focused and act and execute with urgency

AGILITY

We innovate through continuous improvement and adapt quickly to change

Our business

Crayon is a customer-centric information technology (IT) consultancy that enables customers to maximize their technology investments.

We help customers reduce costs, optimize their software and cloud, and leverage new opportunities in AI.

Founded in Norway 22 years ago, our international presence has grown. Today, our key markets are the Nordics (our largest and most mature), Europe, Asia Pacific, Middle East, Africa, and the United States.

Crayon Group Holding ASA (Crayon) is a public limited liability company with global headquarters in Oslo, Norway. Crayon is listed on the Euronext Oslo Børs (Oslo Stock Exchange) under the ticker code CRAYN.

Through various subsidiaries, Crayon has an operational presence in 46 countries worldwide in the form of sales, consulting, and technical support offices.



4,182 FTEs

Full-time equivalent employees worldwide

+140,000

Customers from SMEs to large enterprises, with a high share of public sector



4 Main service offerings

- Software procurement
- IT cost management
- Cloud services
- Data and AI solutions

46 countries

Where Crayon is located



59.6 NOK billion

Gross sales

7.0 NOK billion

Revenue

Executive management team

ESRS GOV-1 21c



Melissa Mulholland
Chief Executive Officer

Experience
Melissa was appointed as CEO in March 2021 after joining Crayon in September 2020 as Chief Services & Solutions Officer, responsible for leading the global strategy to drive long-term customer success and innovation in the cloud. An acknowledged global expert in digital transformation, Melissa joined the company after a distinguished 12-year career at Microsoft where she led the global strategy and business development on how companies can be profitable in the cloud with an additional focus on talent development. Prior to Microsoft, Melissa worked at Intel Corporation as a Finance Manager. She has also authored books focusing on building cloud businesses.

Current Executive Roles
Melissa currently serves on the Board of Directors at Techstep ASA.

Education
Melissa holds a BBA in Finance from the University of Portland in Oregon and a MA in Business Administration and Strategic Management from Regis University in Colorado.

Personal
She is an American citizen, residing in Oslo, Norway.



Gudmundur Adalsteinsson
Chief Revenue Officer

Experience
Gudmundur Adalsteinsson joined Crayon in 2013 and has since filled several roles including founding Crayon Iceland and serving as vice president of Channel. He also founded Ice Distribution, a subsidiary of Crayon. Prior to Crayon, Gudmundur spent 10 years at Microsoft, where he worked in Denmark, Iceland, and New Zealand in different sales and partner management roles.

Education
Gudmundur holds a bachelor’s degree from Ecole Hoteliere de Lausanne.

Personal
He is an Icelandic citizen, residing in Malmo, Sweden.



Brede Huser
Chief Financial Officer

Experience
Brede Huser joined Crayon in September 2023 as the Chief Financial Officer. He previously was the CEO and CFO at Flyr starting in November 2022 and before that, he had been Flyr’s CFO since 2020. Brede has over 15 years of experience from Norwegian Air Shuttle, including being a part of the financial management from 2006 to 2015, and as the managing director of Norwegian Reward from 2015 to 2020. In addition, he has 10 years of experience in financial and consultant positions in Orkla, Arthur Andersen, and Ernst & Young.

Education
Brede has a Master of Science in finance from the BI Norwegian Business School.

Personal
He is a Norwegian citizen, residing in Oslo, Norway.

Executive management team (ctd)



Bente Liberg
Chief Human Resources Officer

Experience
Bente joined Crayon in March 2002 and has held various positions in the company, operating first as Consulting Manager and then, from 2007, as Director of HR & Business Development. In 2010 she was appointed COO. Bente has 38 years of experience in the IT industry, including 15 years as an IT hardware and software engineer and nine years as a manager of IT consultants. Since 2022 she has been our CHRO, focusing on our employees. Her previous employers include Netcenter, EDB, and Eterra/Getronics.

Education
Bente studied at the NKI Computer College (DPH).

Personal
She is a Norwegian citizen, residing in Oslo, Norway.



Jon Birger Syvertsen
Chief Operating Officer

Experience
Jon Birger became Crayon's Chief Operating Officer in 2024 after taking over the role of Chief Strategy Officer in September 2023. He joined Crayon in March 2018 as CFO. During his tenure as a CFO in Crayon he built a global finance organization and oversaw the expansion of Crayon into 28 new markets while also making several large acquisitions including rhipe in Australia/APAC, leading to a 4x growth in gross profit and a 7x growth in EBITDA. Before joining Crayon, he was the CFO of Kebony AS, held management/ business development roles at FMC Health & Nutrition and Epax AS, and spent five years as a management consultant at McKinsey & Company, where he was a member of the Corporate Finance practice.

Education
Jon Birger holds a Master of Science degree in Industrial Economics and Technology Management from the Norwegian University of Science and Technology (NTNU) and Universität St. Gallen in Switzerland.

Personal
He is a Norwegian citizen, residing in Oslo, Norway.

Our strategy and business model

Crayon's success and driver for growth is grounded in one key aspect: Our customer-first focus. Since our start in 2002, we differentiated our value proposition to be a strategic partner and advisor to our customers. In doing so, we were able to acquire customers and develop long term relationships through the trust created. This has been the foundation of the culture, mindset, and Crayon success.

Complexity with software has only increased with the vast expansion of IT providers, emersion of Cloud, and rapid acceleration of Artificial Intelligence. Crayon shall continue to be a customer-centric organization, maximizing ROI on Software and Cloud investments through our service-led capabilities and AI expertise.

We must integrate our AI capabilities into our tools to help us gain better insights and understanding of our customers' needs, spend patterns, and security vulnerabilities. In doing so, we will increase the value we provide to our customers, which is and will always remain a top priority. In addition, we must continue to expand our platform capability to offer more vendor offerings to our partners and customers to meet their business needs.

To do so, we will focus our efforts on guiding customers, leveraging our advisory strength combined with a set of services. Our go-to market offerings will be comprised of the following key elements:

- **Software Procurement:** We help customers choose, acquire, consume and support the software services that fit their business needs and budget.

As a global leader, we leverage our extensive expertise to deliver tailored procurement solutions that meet the diverse needs of our clients. Our approach combines professional, confident, and approachable service with a deep understanding of the software landscape.

- **IT Cost Management:** We show customers the way to make the most out of their software and cloud investments (average 30% IT cost savings). Crayon provides expert guidance to streamline and control IT expenses. Our tailored IT cost optimization services – from software asset management to FinOps and compliance – empower our clients' business to achieve efficiency and cost savings in a dynamic digital environment.
- **Cloud Services:** We offer expert advice, migration, management, deployment, and security of customer IT services, no matter the platform or technology. Our business cloud solutions and cloud transformation services are designed to help our clients navigate the complexities of modern IT with confidence. Crayon provides clients access to tailored cloud services that drive efficiency, foster innovation, and ensure success in a rapidly evolving digital landscape.
- **Data and AI Solutions:** We provide cutting-edge solutions and expertise to help customers harness the full potential of data and AI. Crayon delivers tailored AI solutions and AI consulting services to help businesses gain a competitive edge. Our team of expert AI consultants specializes in Data consulting to streamline operations, enhance decision-making, and drive innovation. Our data-driven approach empowers you to unlock new revenue streams, reduce costs, and optimize efficiency in today's dynamic landscape.

From a market perspective, it has been our strategic focus to continue our global expansion efforts with deepening our presence in our existing markets to increase our reach and scale.

Crayon has strong strategic relationships with all key global software vendors. Microsoft is a significant part of the business, and in 2024 Crayon was recognized as the global winner Microsoft Scale Solutions (LSP) Partner of the Year. The winning partner has clearly differentiated value, demonstrated innovation across the Microsoft solution portfolio, the ability to drive customer transformation at scale to drive consumption and adoption of Microsoft cloud solutions, and displays a strong Microsoft alliance in the market.

The strategy to expand vendor relationship is reflected by important milestone achieved during 2024. In May, Crayon was chosen as an authorized Broadcom Cloud Commerce Manager (CCM) provider for VMware Cloud Service Provider (VCSP) partners in the Asia Pacific region.

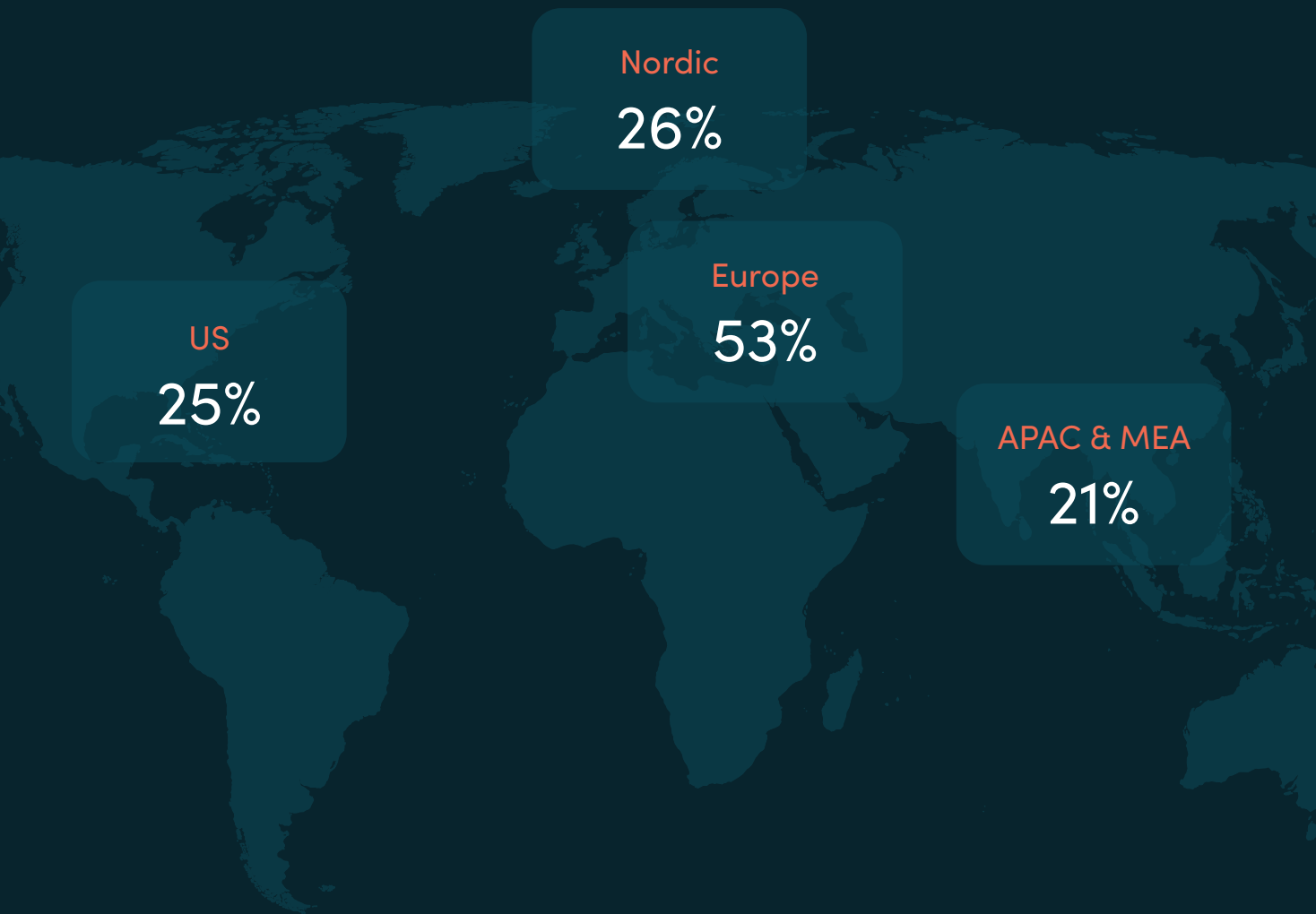
In November, Crayon was appointed as AWS Authorized Distributor for the European Economic Area, including Switzerland. This important milestone expands Crayon's role within the AWS Distribution Program, building on its successful history as an AWS Authorized Distributor in India since 2019.

To position ourselves tactically to enhance the value we deliver to our customers, our current and future go-to-market offerings increasingly emphasize the following key elements:

- **Drive customer success through cost optimization:** Leverage our unique SAM / SCA capabilities as the enabler for putting Crayon on the customers' side of the table.



Share of Gross Profit



- **Grow the Channel business:** Realize the market potential in the channel business to drive growth and profitability across the markets we are in.
- **Manage the Microsoft incentive changes:** Approach changes as a business opportunity for Crayon, leveraging our core business model and legacy, and market position.
- **Growth on multi-vendor software:** Accelerate sales on multi-vendor software to drive incremental growth and profitability across regions.
- **Scale on Cybersecurity:** Growth on Cybersecurity services through a scalable Microsoft offering.
- **Realize the potential from AI driven applications and custom AI:** Realizing the potential in GenAI and custom AI projects.
- **Our people and culture:** A continued commitment to attracting and developing talent in the organization and continue building on the strong culture.
- **Realise the potential from our ESG initiatives** - Our various ESG initiatives position Crayon as a player attuned to industry and societal trends. Our existing ESG-related services and solutions, if scaled up could also contribute to our go-to-market offerings and revenue generation.

Our market presence

Crayon’s geographical presence is divided into four market clusters: the Nordics, Europe, APAC & MEA, and the US. As a result of increased international expansion, the international markets have been the primary driver of gross profit growth over the last few years and now represents 57% of gross profit in 2024, while the Nordics remains the largest and most mature market.

Our lines of business

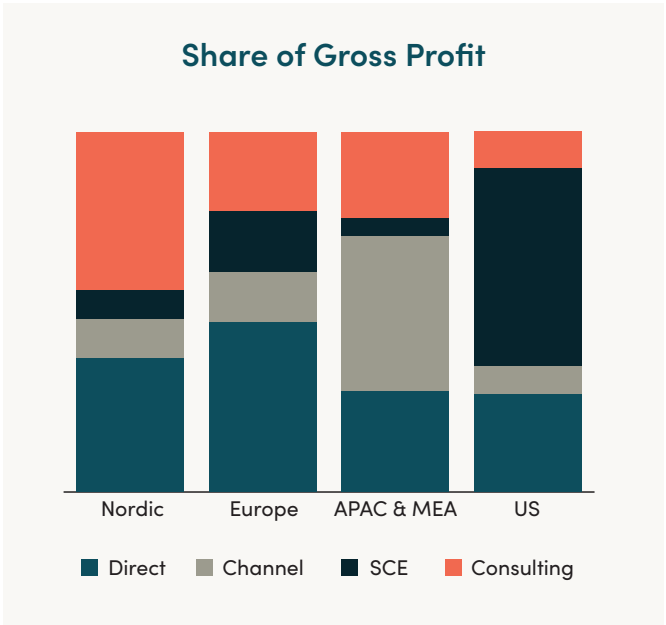
Crayon is divided into four primary business areas: Software & Cloud Direct, Software & Cloud Channel, Software & Cloud Economics and Consulting. Software & Cloud Direct and Software & Cloud Channel make up the Group’s software license offering through which Crayon provides customers

with software and cloud infrastructure platforms developed by global software vendors, such as Microsoft, Google, and AWS.

Together, these two business areas form the Software division, which made up 55% of Gross Profit in 2024. These are two distinct businesses where Crayon in its Direct business offers licenses directly from vendors to customers, whereas Channel is the license offering toward Channel partners, typically hosters and ISVs.

Software and Cloud Economics represents 14% of Gross Profit and consists of a combination of services, processes, and tools to optimize customers’ IT infrastructure and software license spend, ensuring compliance with the vendors’ terms and conditions and enabling clients to build in-house Software Asset Management capabilities.

The Consulting segment represents 28% of Gross Profit and consists of managed cloud and professional services and solutions related to infrastructure consulting, bespoke software deployment, and cloud migration and deployment.



Our approach to sustainability

Crayon’s ESG program is dynamic, demonstrating real and meaningful progress over time. For detailed information on our sustainability efforts, including actions and performance data, please see the [Sustainability statements](#) section.

We use the term environmental, social and governance (ESG) as the overarching framework for all sustainability-related activities that position Crayon as a socially responsible company. Our goal is to maximize positive impact and minimize negative impact, across the social, environmental, economic and governance issues within our purview.

Our wide-ranging ESG initiatives contribute to our business strategy and business success by helping to strengthen relationships with existing and potential customers worldwide, across all our lines of business. To the extent customers are interested in our sustainability initiatives, mutual benefits include customer acquisition and retention for Crayon.

Our ESG initiatives also support employer branding, contributing to talent attraction and employee engagement and loyalty. Some of our ESG initiatives have the co-benefit of enabling us to anticipate and comply with regulatory requirements, mitigating the financial and reputational risks associated with regulatory non-compliance. Investor and business partner expectations help shape our ESG strategy and provide opportunities for collaboration, thereby facilitating stakeholder outreach and engagement.

Our ESG strategy for 2025 – 2030

In December 2024, our board of directors approved an enhanced ESG strategy designed to propel us into the future by building on our progress to date.

Our ESG strategy has a five-year window between 2025 and 2030. We believe this is a sufficient timeframe to achieve results in the more immediate and foreseeable future, whilst laying a strong foundation for success beyond 2030.

In terms of roll out and implementation, we will follow a ‘global framework, local ownership’ model.

Our 16 focus areas are derived primarily from the material impacts, risks, and opportunities identified in our 2024 double materiality assessment, as well as some additional components that emerged through further internal stakeholder consultations.

The 16 ESG focus areas are segmented into the following four pillars:

- **Pillar I:** Environment
- **Pillar II:** Services and solutions
- **Pillar III:** Social
- **Pillar IV:** Governance

Four pillars, 16 focus areas



Environment

Vision: To protect the planet by being a responsible steward

1. GHG emissions and climate-related risk
2. E-waste and circular economy



Services & solutions

Vision: To integrate ESG into the services and solutions we offer customers

3. Tech4Good software and services for social impact
4. Cloud services and solutions that minimize carbon footprint
5. ESG software solutions



Social

Vision: To serve and develop people inside and outside our organization

6. Diversity, equity, inclusion & belonging
7. Employee advocacy, well-being and growth
8. Talent attraction and recruitment practices
9. Employee remuneration and benefits
10. Labor and human rights in the value chain
11. Charitable giving



Governance

Vision: To infuse honest and ethical conduct into everything we do

12. Business ethics and integrity
13. Data privacy and information security
14. Responsible AI
15. Enterprise risk management
16. Corporate governance

Three strategic priorities in 2025

In order to focus, allocate resources efficiently, and maximize the chances for success, three of the 16 ESG focus areas will be prioritized in 2025:

- i. Greenhouse gas emissions and climate-related risks.
- ii. Diversity, equity, inclusion and belonging.
- iii. Responsible AI.

Concurrently, we will continue to make progress across the remaining 13 ESG focus areas in 2025 and beyond.

Underlying ESG infrastructure

Another critical element of our ESG strategy will be the ongoing development of our foundational ESG infrastructure such as:

- Evolving our ESG governance and organizational arrangements to continue to provide effective leadership at different levels within the organization.
- Expanding and maturing our ESG-related communications tools to better reach and engage different audiences.
- Continuing to participate in ESG-related platforms and scorecards such as Ecovadis, CDP, and the United Nations Global Compact.

Our ESG vision and ambition

Crayon aims to be an impactful and inclusive contributor to the greater good.

We will be an agent for positive change by:

BEING ethical, transparent and accountable in designing and implementing our ESG initiatives

COLLABORATING with the right stakeholders, internally and externally, for success

ALIGNING our ESG strategy with our business strategy to ensure ESG is deeply integrated into our operations

LEARNING from our successes and failures in the ESG space, in keeping with our company values of agility, integrity, pace and quality

KEEPING abreast of the latest developments to preserve the relevance and relatability of our ESG initiatives

Clear vision. Conscious actions. Committed to a better future.

The Crayon share

Crayon aims to provide value creation and attractive, long-term return to shareholders by delivering on its business plan and maintaining timely and accurate communications with the capital markets. The objective of Crayon's investor relations is to ensure that the share price accurately reflects the Company's value, risk and growth opportunities.

Communicating with investors and analysts is a high priority for Crayon Group Holding ASA. The objective is to ensure fair valuation of the company's securities by providing existing and potential investors and other stakeholders with simultaneous access to timely, relevant, and up-to-date information about Crayon. All investor relations activities are conducted in compliance with relevant rules, regulations and recommended practices.

The Group publishes quarterly financial results with live earnings presentations held by senior management. All reports and presentations are open to the wider investor community and made available online at crayon.com/investor-relations.

Share capital and ownership

Crayon's share is listed on Oslo Børs (the Oslo Stock Exchange) under the ticker code CRAYN. As of December 31, 2024, the share capital in the company was NOK 89,574,924, divided into 89,574,924 shares, each with a nominal value of NOK 1.00. Crayon has one share class, and each share carries a right to one vote.

As of December 31, 2024, Crayon had 5 960 private and institutional investors, of which approximately 53% Norwegian, 14% from the United States, and 9% from Sweden. The remaining 24% were spread across various international markets.

The share capital did not increase in 2024.

Share performance

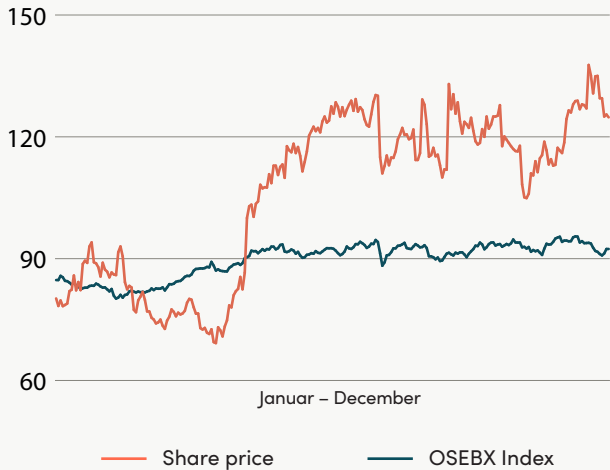
At year-end, the share price was NOK 124.80, corresponding to a market capitalization of NOK 11.2bn. The highest share price achieved was NOK 137.70 in December, while the lowest price of NOK 69.20 was recorded in April. Total return on the share in 2024 was 47%.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

Crayon Group Holding ASA has established an Employee Stock Purchase Plan (ESPP) through which all employees annually are given an opportunity to acquire stocks at a 20% discount to the market price. After a two-year lock-up period, employees are awarded one additional bonus share for every three shares acquired.



Share price and OSEBX Index¹ development 2024



Share price development since IPO



Shareholders

Name	Shares	Ownership (%)
Folketrygdfondet	9,281,584	10.4%
Karbon Invest AS	4,800,000	5.4%
The Bank of New York Mellon	3,978,759	4.4%
Verdipapirfondet DNB Norge	2,887,562	3.2%
State Street Bank and Trust Comp	2,730,760	3.0%
VPF DNB AM Norske aksjer	2,520,343	2.8%
UBS Switzerland AG	2,499,486	2.8%
The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV	2,474,258	2.8%
Hvaler Invest AS	1,921,112	2.1%
Nordnet Bank AB	1,818,065	2.0%
Ten largest shareholders	34,911,929	39.0%
Other shareholders	54,662,995	61.0%
Total	89,574,924	100%

Ownership structure

Number of shares held	Number of shareholders	Total number of shares	Proportion of share capital
1–1,000	4,506	1,034,980	1.16%
1,001–10,000	1,080	3,467,936	3.87%
10,001–100,000	260	8,136,355	9.08%
100,001–500,000	79	18,415,430	20.56%
500 001–	35	58,520,223	65.33%

Analyst coverage

Company	Analyst	Phone	Email
ABG Sundal Collier	Øystein Elton Lodgaard	+47 22 01 61 40	oystein.lodgaard@abgsc.no
Arctic Securities	Kristian Spetalen	+47 95 10 08 87	kristian.spetalen@arctic.com
BNP Paribas Exane	Martin Jungfleisch	+49 69 4272 97328	martin.jungfleisch@exanebnpparibas.com
DNB Markets	Christoffer Wang Bjørnsen	+47 24 16 91 43	christoffer.wang.bjornsen@dnb.no
SpareBank 1 Markets	Petter Kongslie	+47 24 14 74 96	petter.kongslie@sb1markets.no
SEB	Markus Heiberg	+47 21 00 85 22	markus.heiberg@seb.no
Pareto Securities	Olav Rødevand	+47 22 87 87 30	olav.rodevand@paretosec.com
Kepler	Håkon Nelson	+47 23 13 90 76	hnelson@keplercheuvreux.com

Financial calendar

Annual general meeting	May 7, 2025
Q1 2025 report	May 21, 2025
Q2 2025 report	August 27, 2025
Q3 2025 report	November 5, 2025
Q4 2025 report	February 11, 2026

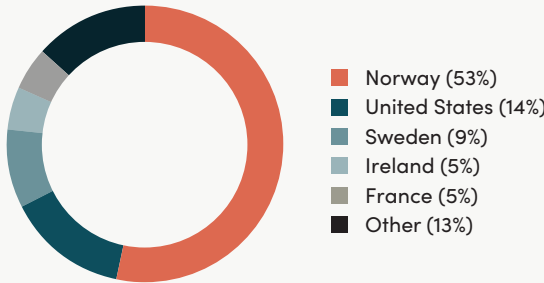
743%

Return on investments since IPO

5,960

Number of shareholders

Geographical shareholder distribution



Financial and business review

Summary

2024 marked another year with strong financial performance. During 2024, Crayon has been focusing on three key financial metrics, continued strong growth, improved profitability and improved working capital.

In 2024, Crayon grew in Gross Profit by 11%, from 5.7bn to 6.3bn. A solid performance despite being negatively impacted by both the marked dynamics in the Direct business as market participants adapted to the incentive changes, as well as what remains a cautious consulting market in the Nordics. Adjusted EBITDA¹ ended at NOK 1.2bn, an increase of 28% compared to the prior year, while Adjusted EBITDA margin¹ ended at 18.7%, a solid improvement compared to the previous year. The improvement is driven by increased scale in the international businesses and a strong improvement in the Consulting business. Improving net working capital was a key focus area during the year and Crayon delivered a strong improvement in all four quarters of the year.

The company continued to invest in new tech resources during the year, adding a total of 161 new FTEs. FTE growth was limited as the company focused on improving utilization and thereby profitability in the Consulting business which led to headcount reductions.

Market environment

The IT sector in 2024 experienced a mixed performance, shaped by high interest rates, cost-conscious enterprise spending, and continued geopolitical uncertainties. While demand for cloud services, cybersecurity, and AI-driven solutions remained strong, IT budgets were under pressure

as companies prioritized cost efficiency. The enterprise software market saw moderate growth, with organizations focusing on optimizing existing cloud and SaaS investments rather than aggressively expanding.

The rapid adoption of AI-powered automation helped companies improve productivity, leading to strong growth for AI-driven software and infrastructure providers. The cybersecurity market also expanded as businesses sought to mitigate rising cyber threats. However, IT service providers and consultancies faced challenges as clients delayed or downsized projects to control costs.

The Value Added Reseller industry is undergoing a significant transformation driven by Microsoft's evolving incentive structures for enterprise customers. This shift further increases the urgency for partners to transition towards Cloud Solution Provider (CSP) models and the emphasis on software services has never been greater.

Crayon's strength lies in its Cloud IQ capabilities and CSP expertise, which, when combined with automation and software services, position the company to thrive in this evolving landscape. By focusing on cost optimization and efficiency—doing more with less—Crayon can capitalize on these shifting market dynamics and maintain its competitive edge.

Business areas and market clusters

Crayon's geographical presence is divided into four market clusters: the Nordics, Europe, APAC & MEA, and the US.

During 2024, all markets continued to deliver growth and all improved their adjusted EBITDA.

In the Nordics, Gross Profit grew 10% to NOK 2.4bn, while adjusted EBITDA ended at NOK 740m, reflecting a margin of 31%. This is an improvement of 1 percentage point compared to 2023. The improved profitability was primarily driven by improvement in the Consulting business. In Q1 2024, the company took actions to improve the profitability and reduced headcounts to align demand and supply.

Europe continued its strong performance and grew 24%. The strong growth was driven in particular by the Direct and Consulting businesses growing 22% and 62% respectively. Growth in the Channel business ended at 1%, negatively impacted by the change in the Broadcom distribution agreement. Adjusted EBITDA grew NOK 49m to NOK 203m, driven by increased scale in software and cloud as well as stronger profitability in the Consulting business.

Gross Profit in APAC & MEA grew 10%. There was strong improvement in the Channel business, which grew 13% compared to only 4% in 2023. Adjusted EBITDA margin improved from 14% in 2023 to 18% in 2024. Margin improvement was driven by increased scale and improvement in the Channel business.

Growth in the US ended at 7%. The performance in the US was somewhat mixed. Our subsidiary Anglepoint, which is reported under our Software and Cloud economics business continued its strong performance and grew 13%. Both Software and Cloud Direct and Channel growth were muted at 4% and minus 7% respectively.

Crayon is divided into four primary business areas: Software & Cloud Direct, Software & Cloud Channel, Software & Cloud Economics and Consulting.

In 2024, Software and Cloud Direct Gross Profit grew 17%, driven by strong performance in the Nordics

¹ See page 168 for details on [Alternative performance measures](#)

and Europe. While the performance was solid in a somewhat challenging market, the growth was also impacted negatively by an unexpected change in the market dynamic for Microsoft enterprise agreements in the 4th quarter, largely as the market had to adopt to the changes in Microsoft incentive programs. Adjusted EBITDA margin increased from 48% in 2023 to 52% in 2024.

Software and Cloud Channel grew 11% in 2024. Growth remained solid in the Nordics, while Europe was negatively impacted by the changes in the Broadcom distribution agreements and grew only 1%. Channel business in APAC&MEA improved and grew 13% while Channel in the US declined 7%. Adjusted EBITDA ended at NOK 757m, an improvement of NOK 189m compared to 2023. Adjusted EBITDA margin ended at 64%, a strong improvement compared to 54% in 2023.

Software and Cloud Economics grew 14%, impacted by weaker marked demand in both the Nordics and Europe. Adjusted EBITDA margin declined from 9% in the prior year to 6% in 2024.

Growth in Consulting ended at 7%, impacted by a negative 1% growth in the Nordics as the market remained cautious during the year. Europe grew 62%, reflecting the investments in consulting capabilities in the region. Adjusted EBITDA improved significantly from 1% in 2023 to 8% in 2024, in line with the plan the company set out at the beginning of the year.

Financial summary
(Amounts in parentheses refer to fiscal year 2023 results)

Crayon Group revenue increased 10% in 2024, ending at NOK 7,012m. Europe contributed most growing 27% to NOK 1,771m. The Nordic market remains the largest and cornerstone of the business and continued its good performance with 7% revenue growth to NOK 2,814m. APAC and MEA grow 7% to NOK 1,865m and the US grow 6% to NOK 766m. Crayon continues to increase its investment and effort in the international market as a key building block for relentless growth

and scaling of the business.

Profit or Loss
In 2024, revenue reached NOK 7,012m (NOK 6,397m).

Adj. EBITDA was NOK 1,174m (NOK 919m), up 28% from 2023. The resulting Adj. EBITDA margin was 18.7% (16.2%). Nordics remains the most profitable market cluster with EBITDA margins of 31% (30%). All business areas improved their margin except for Software & Cloud Economics. The growth in margin exceeded the growth in general and administrative expense, benefiting from scaling the business.

Share based compensation amounted to NOK 35m (NOK 42m). Other income and expenses were NOK -49m (NOK -132m) and relates to M&A and other significant non-recurring income and expenses. Last year included a provision for possible losses related to a franchise partnering agreement in Oman and Qatar amounting to NOK 102m. There were no further collections under this claim during 2024.

EBITDA improved by NOK 346m, to NOK 1,090m. Operating profit grew 70% YoY to NOK 753m (NOK 442m).

Interest expenses were NOK 279m (NOK 276m). The Group refinanced the Bond and the revolving credit facility (RCF) to improve the financing flexibility and improve the terms reducing the interest expense in 2024. Interest expenses related to cash pool arrangements have however grown. The increased use of multi-currency cash pool arrangements improves flexibility and access to our cash cross border and provides broader opportunities for hedging currency positions in the balance sheet, but also increases the net interest cost due to the marginal cost on overdrafts versus deposits in the different currencies.

Other financial expenses amounting to NOK 114m (NOK 276m) include non-recurring expenses related termination cost of the refinancing of the Bond and the RCF of NOK 38m and impairment of a loan of NOK

20m to the owners of our prior subsidiary in Russia. The impairment is part of a process of getting final governmental approval of the management buyout of the company that took place in 2022. Included in the other financial expense are also net foreign currency losses amounting to NOK 26m, significantly reduced from NOK 238m last year mainly due to mitigating measures balancing the main currency risk in certain subsidiaries implemented during 2023.

Income tax expense was NOK 128m (NOK 77m) and the resulting net income was NOK 267m, an improvement of NOK 427m compared to the net loss of NOK 159m last year. Basic and diluted earnings per shares amounted NOK 2.90 and NOK 2.86 (NOK -1.29).

Cash flows
The Group's cash flow from operating activities amounted to NOK 1,333m (NOK 1,413m). The cash flow was driven by the EBITDA of NOK 1,090m and beneficial changes in the net working capital. Managing net working capital efficiently remains a critical priority for management.

Cash flows from investments were NOK -194m (NOK -271m) and mainly consist of payment for capitalized assets.

Cash flows from financing activities amounted to NOK -1,043m (NOK -1,280m), largely relating to NOK 298m (NOK 270m) interest and NOK 107m (NOK 80m) lease payments in addition to the net bond repayment of NOK 637m including expenses.

At the end of the year, Crayon had a strong cash position of NOK 1,654m (NOK 1,467m). The Board continuously monitors the Group's cash generation and will continue its efforts to maximize cash flows and the Group's liquidity position.

Financial position
As of December 31, 2024, the Group had total assets of NOK 19,550m (NOK 16,544m). Current assets such as cash and receivables increased to NOK 14,626m from NOK 11,656m last year, mainly due to growth

in gross sales. Non-current assets represented NOK 4,923m (NOK 4,888m). Goodwill and other intangible assets amounted to NOK 3,944m (NOK 3,922m). Total liabilities amounted to NOK 16,595m (NOK 14,085m), of which NOK 14,788m were current. Non-current liabilities amounted to NOK 1,807m and mainly relates to a NOK 1,200m four-year senior unsecured bond issued in April 2024, and lease liabilities. The bond of NOK 1,800m issued in July 2021 was fully settled as part of the refinancing taking place in 2024.

Net interest-bearing debt significantly reduced from NOK 1,189m last year to NOK 361m at year end due to the significant operating cash flow.

Total equity was NOK 2,955m (NOK 2,479m).

The Group had significant headroom with regards to its bank covenants as of December 31, 2024.

Attribution of earnings for the year
Crayon follows a growth strategy with significant opportunities for investments in both organic and inorganic growth. Profits are therefore reinvested to drive growth initiatives and there are no plans to distribute an annual dividend in the medium term.

Consolidated comprehensive income for the year was NOK 435m (NOK 29m) and has been attributed to retained earnings and non-controlling interests. For more details see the [Consolidated statement of changes in equity](#) on page 124 of this report.

The parent company net loss of NOK 49m has been allocated to other equity.

Parent company accounts
The parent company, Crayon Group Holding ASA, had a net loss of NOK 49m, compared to a net income of NOK 68m in 2023. Crayon Group Holding ASA has no employees, and the operating expenses are primarily shareholder-related costs for the parent company and finance costs related to bond financing. The parent company's main asset is its shareholdings in Crayon Group AS, while the main liability is bond debt.

Going concern

The Board confirms that the annual financial statements have been prepared under the assumption that the Group is a going concern, in accordance with §3–3a of the Norwegian Accounting Act and that such an assumption is appropriate, based on the Group’s reported results, business strategy, financial positions and outlook

Financial risk

The Board is careful to secure systematic management of risk in all parts of the business and regards this as critical for long-term value creation. The Board of Directors regularly reviews Crayon Group’s risk profile through the lens of the organization’s lines of business and control functions.

Market risk

Foreign currency risk

Crayon is subject to currency exchange exposure following its global expansion and business growth. The overall currency fluctuation and risk impact are studied, monitored and managed at the Group level. The Group Treasury sets the policy for daily operations across regions and business areas ensuring gross sales and revenues, and gross cost of goods sold remain in the same currency, seeking natural hedge to the extent possible including using opportunities under multi-currency cash pool arrangements. The Group Treasury assesses business opportunities carefully to mitigate any remaining risk.

Interest rate risk

The Crayon Group’s main external borrowings are the NOK 1,200m bond and a NOK 1,500m revolving credit facility (RCF) subject to a NIBOR reference rate. Liability subject to other reference rates are mainly the lease liability and foreign currency cash-pool balances. The Group currently does not have any interest rate hedges.

Liquidity risk

Crayon Group is impacted by liquidity fluctuation associated with its gross sales and growth. The cash

flow from operating activities is mainly impacted by changes in the net working capital managed by the subsidiaries. The Group Treasury Department is responsible for liquidity forecasting and optimizing cash flows centrally. Group Treasury safeguards and ensures that the operational requirements are met as well as maintaining sufficient headroom on debt facilities.

The growth in developing markets can be working capital intensive and working capital management and improvement remains a top priority in Crayon, striving not only for timely and accurate collection but also to maintain an efficient management of the terms of payables, both equally crucial to ensure sufficient liquidity.

Crayon refinanced the loan facilities in 2024 to secure predictability and improved flexibility and a longer term. The NOK 1,200m unsecured bond with a maximum borrowing limit of NOK 2,500m maturing 8 April 2028. The 1,500m RCF entered 2 July 2024 have a 3-year tenor and two 1-year extension options. The Group also has overdraft facilities of NOK 300m with Danske Bank and EUR 10m facilities with ING.

Crayon remained compliant with the covenant reporting required by the credit facilities in 2024. As of December 31, 2024, the Group had significant headroom to the threshold in accordance with its financial covenants.

Cash and available undrawn credit facilities at year end amounted to NOK 3,518m.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Credit risk exposure is largely impacted by outstanding receivables including unbilled revenues and contract assets. The Group Treasury overlooks the credit risk on a centralized level whilst the subsidiaries are responsible for performing credit check and control, enforcing payment terms and conditions towards the clients.

The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions. The Group have deposits with sound financial institutions.

Crayon faces credit risk for the full amount of any gross sales invoiced on behalf of the software supplier, even when acting as an agent and only recognising net revenues on reseller business. This also includes situations with disputes between the software vendor and the end user related to services delivered or consumed. In such cases, Crayon engages in dialogue with both the end user and with the software vendor in order to agree on balanced solutions.

Significant overdue receivables related to a governmental customer in the Philippines remains unpaid. The receivables originate from 2022 at about NOK 0.5bn. To be able to release the payment, PS-DBM and Microsoft have proposed Crayon to file an accelerated money claim process that is expected to be resolved within 6 months. The money claim will combine both Crayon’s and Microsoft’s unsettled receivables for license and cloud consumption from the start of the agreement until a new partner agreement was operating. A bad debt provision of NOK 7m has been considered related to the time value of the expected settlement. See [note 13](#) for further information.

Organization, working environment, and equality

Crayon values its employees and strives to create a safe and rewarding work environment for them. Our network of local human resources (HR) representatives, led by the Chief Human Resources Officer, develops, and implements policies and strategies to recruit, select and engage employees. Our Group-wide people and culture strategy is updated annually and has clear objectives and metrics to enable the HR function to support employees and the organization.

Monitoring employee health and safety

Responsibility for employee health and safety at Crayon is shared between the Human Resources and Trust Unit teams. Sound safety and health practices are integral to our operations, and we comply with all local workplace safety regulations. We had no work-related fatalities or injuries in 2024, and the rate of absence from work due to sickness was 2.2%.

Advocating for diversity, equity and inclusion

Crayon values and encourages diversity, equity and inclusion (DEI) in its workforce. We believe that DEI broadly covers gender, age, disability and other attributes.

We have a global DEI road map that is refreshed annually to guide our DEI initiatives. The Crayon Integrity Handbook outlines behaviors expected of our employees such as treating others with respect, being inclusive and examining unconscious biases.

The company builds its culture by making sure all individuals are treated fairly and respectfully, fostering equal pay, and have equitable access to opportunities and resources. Through this we ensure that Crayon’s core values are rooted throughout the organization.

The purpose of the Norwegian Anti-Discrimination Act is to promote equality, safeguard equal opportunities and rights, and prevent discrimination on the grounds of ethnicity, national origin, descent, skin color, language, orientation, religion, or belief. The Group endeavors to promote the objectives of the Act in its operations with regard to recruitment, wages and working conditions, promotion, development opportunities and protection against harassment. The Group strives to be a workplace where there is no discrimination.

Directors and officers’ liability

Crayon has purchased and maintains a Directors and Officers Liability Insurance on behalf of the members of the Board of Directors and Company officers. The insurance includes controlled subsidiaries and is issued by a reputable insurer.

Corporate governance

Crayon considers good corporate governance to be a prerequisite for value creation, trustworthiness and access to capital. In order to secure strong and sustainable corporate governance, we work continuously to implement good and healthy business practices, reliable financial reporting and compliance with legislation and regulations across Crayon Group.

Crayon Group Holding ASA is incorporated and registered in Norway and is subject to Norwegian law. The shares of Crayon are listed on the Oslo Stock Exchange (Nw.: Oslo Børs). As a Norwegian public limited liability company listed on Oslo Børs, Crayon must comply with the Norwegian Securities Trading Act, the Continuous obligations for companies listed on Oslo Børs, the Norwegian Public Limited Liability Companies Act, and all other applicable laws and regulations.

The Company endorses the Norwegian Code of Practice for Corporate Governance, issued by the Norwegian Corporate Governance Board, most recently revised on October 14, 2021.

The annual [statement on corporate governance](#) for 2024 has been approved by the Board and can be found on page 33 of this report.

Shareholders exercise the ultimate authority in Crayon through the Annual General Meeting, which all shareholders are entitled to attend. The Board encourages all investors to participate in the AGM.

Equity and shareholder issues

In 2024, there has been no changes to the share capital in Crayon Group Holding ASA. As of December 31, 2024, Crayon owns 186,242 of its own shares, corresponding to around 0.2% of total shares, for the purpose of facilitating the Company’s share-based compensation programs for employees. During 2024, a total of 1,162,752 treasury shares have been allocated to employees under these programs. No buyback of own shares has occurred in 2024.

The Annual General Meeting on May 15, 2024, authorized the Board of Directors to increase the share capital in connection with the company’s incentive schemes and acquisitions. The Board has granted an authorization to increase the Company's share capital in relation to the Group’s incentive schemes with up to NOK 5,374,495, provided however that the authorization cannot be used for an amount in excess of 6.0% of the Company's share capital. In connection with acquisitions, the Board has granted an authorization to increase the Company’s share capital with up to NOK 8,957,492, provided however that the authorization cannot be used for an amount in excess of 10% of the of the Company’s share capital. The Board of Directors has granted an authorization to, on behalf of the Company, repurchase treasury shares with a total nominal value of NOK 8,957,492, corresponding to 10% of the Group's share capital at the time of the approval. The maximum amount to be paid per share is NOK 250 and the minimum is NOK 1. The authorization is valid from the time of registration with the Norwegian Register of Business Enterprises and until the earlier of the Company's annual general meeting in 2025 or June 30, 2025.

On December 19, 2024, an agreement to combine Crayon with SoftwareOne Holding AG was announced. The agreement, until concluded, entails limitations on the opportunity to utilize the authorizations to increase the share capital or to buy treasury shares.

The shares in Crayon Group are freely tradable, and to the knowledge of the Board there are no shareholders’ agreements in the company regarding exercise of voting power or limiting trading in the shares.

Outlook

In 2025, Crayon will maintain its focus on organic growth in combination with potential strategic acquisitions, which are made to strengthen Group-wide service capabilities and local capacity or to add scale in international sub-scale markets. Furthermore,

a key focus in 2025 will be to ensure profitable growth and margin expansion as the businesses continue to scale in local markets and regions. In addition, one of the Group’s key priorities during 2025 will be to continue to manage working capital and strengthen cash flow performance. Crayon's Direct and Channel business will focus on continued acceleration of the CSP business delivering value added services to customers and partners. We continue to see strong demand from our customers on both the private and public sector side and will increase our ability to serve both AWS and GCP to provide multi-cloud offerings and scaling with AWS in distribution. Crayon focuses on increasing software procurement with seamless access to software providers in our CloudiQ platform delivering increased stickiness to our customers and partners while providing accretive margin opportunity.

Cloud costs continue to rise and to support our customers we have our new FinOps platform called Crayon Cloud Cost Control now available to help manage software and cloud spend across the hyperscalers.

On the services side, we will focus on the growth drivers where we see market demand in cybersecurity and cloud modernization. We see now the hype of GenAI has moved beyond discovery to deployment and are well positioned as the one of nine global GenAI partners for AWS, our Copilot strength and ability to deliver Gemini with GCP to be able to respond to customer demand.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Board of directors

Meeting attendance by board and committee members

Statement of corporate governance

Board of directors

ESRS GOV-1 21c



Rune Syversen (1968)

Chairman of the Board, Shareholder-Elected, Dependent

- Joined Crayon Board of Directors in 2021
- Member of Remuneration Committee

Experience

Rune co-founded Crayon Group alongside Jens Rugseth. Prior to Crayon’s launch, he held several senior positions within Telenor Group, Norway’s leading telecoms company. A successful serial entrepreneur with deep experience of the global IT, data services, and financial sectors, Rune was instrumental in the creation and growth of, amongst other companies, Link Mobility and Sikri.

Current Executive Roles

In addition to Crayon Group, he is Chairman of the Board at Cyviz ASA, Board Member at Karbon Invest AS, Sevencs AS, and Calusa AS.

Education

Rune has Studied Business Administration and Project Management at BI Norwegian Business School.

Personal

He is a Norwegian citizen, currently residing in Luzern, Switzerland.



Wenche Agerup (1964)

Board Member, Shareholder-Elected, Independent

- Joined Crayon Board of Directors in 2022
- Member of the Remuneration (Chair) and Audit & ESG Committees

Experience

Wenche is currently an EVP and CPO in Wallenius Wilhelmsen ASA. She has more than 30 years of experience in international, operational and executive positions in various industries such as telecom, aluminium and oil and gas. She has lived and worked abroad in both Asia and Australia.

Current Executive Roles

Wenche has also served on several boards as a director since 2005, and most recently served at the board of Equinor ASA (2015–20) and TGS ASA (2015–22).

Education

She holds a Master's in Law from the University of Oslo and an MBA from Babson College, Massachusetts, USA.

Personal

She is a Norwegian citizen residing in Oslo, Norway.

Board of directors (ctd)



Dagfinn Ringås (1974)
Board Member, Shareholder-Elected, Independent

- Joined Crayon Board of Directors in 2017
- Member of the Audit & ESG Committee

Experience
Dagfinn is the Group CEO of Cegal, a global technology company specialized in the energy sector. He has more than 25 years of experience in the IT-industry, a career which has seen him hold various leadership roles at Microsoft and operate as Country President of Schneider Electric Norway.

Education
Dagfinn has an MBA from Sydney Business School, an Executive Leadership Program from Instead, and a BSc. degree in American Studies & Political Science from the University of Oslo.

Personal
He is a Norwegian citizen, currently residing in Asker, Norway.



Jens Rugseth (1962)
Board Member, Shareholder-Elected, Dependent

- Joined Crayon Board of Directors in 2017

Experience
Jens co-founded Crayon in 2002 together with Rune Syversen. He is a serial entrepreneur, having founded multiple companies in the IT sector over the past 25 years. He has operated as the CEO of some of the largest IT companies in Norway, including ARK ASA, Cinet AS, and Skrivervik Data AS.

Current Executive Roles
Jens is Chairman of the Board at Link Mobility Group Holding ASA, and a member of the board at Techstep ASA and Spir Group ASA.

Education
Jens studied business economics at BI Norwegian Business School.

Personal
He is a Norwegian citizen, currently residing in Luzern, Switzerland.



Grethe H. Viksaas (1958)
Board Member, Shareholder-Elected, Independent

- Joined Crayon Board of Directors in 2017
- Member of the Audit & ESG Committee

Experience
Grethe has had a long career in the Northern European managed service provider Basefarm AS. First as founder and CEO, and later as executive chair and member of the board of directors. Prior to Basefarm, she held several management positions in IT companies. She has experience from numerous board positions, including Telenor ASA.

Current Executive Roles
Grethe is currently a non-executive director on the boards of Link Mobility Group Holding ASA and CatalystONE Solutions Holding AS. She chairs the boards of PoLight ASA, Farmforce AS and Norkart AS.

Education
Grethe has a master's degree in computer science from the University of Oslo.

Personal
She is a Norwegian citizen, currently residing in Oslo, Norway.

Board of directors (ctd)



Marina Lønning (1967)
Board Member, Shareholder-Elected, Independent

- Joined Crayon Board of Directors in 2024
- Member of the Remuneration Committee

Experience
Marina has extensive experience from the IT industry, having led the Business-to-Business divisions of Telenor Norge and TDC Denmark, where she served as Senior Executive Vice President. Additionally, she held the position of Managing Director at Crayon Denmark from 2019 to 2022.

Current Executive Roles
Marina works as a Board Professional, industry advisor, and investor, serving as a board member in six companies, most of them private equity owned.

Education
Marina holds a Master of Science degree in Economics and Business Administration.

Personal
She is a Danish citizen, residing in Copenhagen, Denmark.



Arne Frogner (1957)
Board Member, Shareholder-Elected, Independent

- Joined Crayon Board of Directors in 2024
- Member of the Audit & ESG Committee (Chair)

Experience
Arne has extensive experience related to his 15 years role as a leader at KPMG, and from audit and advisory related services. He was the CEO of KPMG from 1998 to 2008 and from 2015 to 2019. Prior to being CEO again in 2015, he was the Head of Deal Advisory and Head of Large Client Market. He has a long Lead Partner experience as auditor and advisor of large, listed companies, and private equity owned companies in Norway and globally. Arne has wide international experience and has been a part of the KPMG EMA Board and Global Council. In the period from 2003 to 2010, he was in the board of the institute of Public Accountants in Norway, serving as Chairman from 2008 to 2010.

Current Roles
Arne works as a Board Professional and industry advisor

Education
Arne holds an MRR degree from the Norwegian School of Economics and is a State Authorized Auditor (Statsautorisert revisor). He is also a Certified Financial Analyst.

Personal
He is a Norwegian citizen, residing in Oslo, Norway.

Board of directors (ctd)



Timmy Herland (1973)
Board Member, Employee-Elected, Employee representative

- Joined Crayon Board of Directors in 2024



Lars Larhammer (1993)
Board Member, Employee Representative

- Board Member, Employee-Elected,
- Employee Representative
- Joined Crayon Board of Directors in 2023



Mette Wam (1963)
Board Member, Employee Representative

- Board Member, Employee-Elected, Employee Representative
- Joined Crayon Board of Directors in 2022

Experience
Timmy has been with Crayon since 2012, in different sales and leader roles. He currently leads the Public Sector division, managing the largest sales departments, overseeing key client relationships. With a deep understanding of Crayon's overall business model and a strong commitment to driving results and performance metrics, Timmy is a strategic leader with a business-first mindset.

Education
Timmy holds a Bachelor's degree in Marketing from BI Norwegian Business School in Oslo.

Personal
He is a Norwegian citizen, currently residing in Oslo, Norway.

Experience
Lars is the Finance Manager of Crayon AS, overseeing accounting and salary functions for a prominent Group entity. Joining in 2017, he has devoted his professional career to Crayon, demonstrating commitment and variability across pivotal roles within the Finance division.

Education
Lars holds a Bachelor's degree in Business Administration from BI Norwegian Business School and a Master's degree in Finance, Economics, and International Finance from Oslo Metropolitan University and Rennes School of Business.

Personal
He is a Norwegian citizen, residing in Oslo, Norway.

Experience
Mette is COO and leads the systems development and design department in Crayon Consulting AS. She joined the company in 2011 and has been CEO of Esito AS, a subsidiary of Crayon Consulting, and a leader in Crayon Consulting's engineering department. She has significant expertise within project management, software product development, and leadership, with past experience from companies such as Software Innovation AS, Transmit Medical AS, and Sysdeco AS.

Education
Mette has a BSc. in Computer Science from Strathclyde University and the University of South-Eastern Norway.

Personal
She is a Norwegian citizen, residing in Oslo, Norway.

Meeting attendance by board and committee members

The meeting attendance for each board and committee member is detailed on the following pages.

Board of directors

Between 1 January and 31 December 2024, the full board of directors held 22 meetings. Two new shareholder-elected members were appointed at the annual general meeting on 22 May 2024. One employee-elected board member was replaced following the applicable process.

A 100% attendance rate was recorded for 16 of the 22 meetings.

Of the six meetings that did not have full board member representation:

- Three meetings were attended by nine of the 10 board members.
- Three meetings were attended by eight of the 10 board members.

Audit and ESG committee

The audit and ESG committee held a total of 12 meetings between 1 January and 31 December 2024. Due to the changes on the board of directors noted above, the composition of the committee also changed, with one new committee member being appointed to replace another.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS ATTENDANCE

Board member	Role on board	Meeting attendance in 2024		Board member for full 2024 financial year	
		Attended	Not attended	Yes	No
Rune Syversen	Chairperson	22	0	Yes	-
Jens Rugseth	Vice Chairperson	20	2	Yes	-
Marina Lønning ¹	Board member	14	0	-	No
Dagfinn Ringås	Board member	22	0	Yes	-
Grethe Helene Viksaas	Board member	22	0	Yes	-
Wenche Agerup	Board member	20	2	Yes	-
Arne Frogner ¹	Board member	14	0	-	No
Jennifer Geun Koss ³	Former board member	7	1	-	No
Jens Moberg ³	Former board member	5	3	-	No
Liv Hege Jensen ³	Former board member (employee representative)	7	1	-	No
Timmy Herland ²	Board member (employee representative)	14	0	-	No
Mette Wam	Board member (employee representative)	22	0	Yes	-
Lars Larhammer	Board member (employee representative)	22	0	Yes	-

Explanatory notes:
¹ Joined the board of directors after 22 May 2024, following shareholder approval at Crayon’s annual general meeting (as required for shareholder-elected board members).
² Joined the board of directors after 22 May 2024 pursuant to our procedures for employee-elected board members.
³ Departed the board of directors after 22 May 2024.

AUDIT AND ESG COMMITTEE ATTENDANCE

Board member	Role on audit and ESG committee	Meeting attendance in 2024		Committee member for full financial year in 2024	
		Attended	Not attended	Yes	No
Dagfinn Ringås Board member	Committee member	10	2	Yes	-
Grethe Helene Viksaas Board member	Committee member	11	1	Yes	-
Wenche Agerup Board member	• Committee member • Former committee chairperson prior to 22 May 2024	10	2	Yes	-
Arne Frogner ¹ Board member	Current committee chairperson after 22 May 2024	7	0	-	No
Jennifer Geun Koss ² Former board member	Former committee member	5	0	-	No

Explanatory notes:
¹ Joined the audit and ESG committee after 22 May 2024.
² Departed the audit and ESG committee after 22 May 2024.

Remuneration committee

The remuneration committee held a total of four meetings between 1 January and 31 December 2024.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE ATTENDANCE

Committee member	Role on remuneration committee	Meeting attendance in 2024		Committee member for full financial year in 2024	
		Attended	Not attended	Yes	No
Rune Syversen Chairperson of board of directors	Committee member	3	1	Yes	-
Grethe Helene Viksaas ² Board member	- Former committee member - Former committee chairperson prior to 22 May 2024	1	0	-	No
Wenche Agerup Board member	Current committee chairperson after 22 May 2024	3	0	-	No
Marina Lønning ¹ Board member	Committee member	3	0	-	No
Jens Moberg ² Former board member	Former committee member	1	0	-	No

Explanatory notes:
¹ Joined the remuneration committee after 22 May 2024.
² Departed the remuneration committee after 22 May 2024.

Nomination committee

The independent nomination committee held a total of nine internal committee meetings between 1 January and 31 December 2024.

Additional meetings and activities (e.g. interviews, consultations with internal and external stakeholders) did take place related to the recruitment of prospective board members and other core elements of the nomination committee’s mandate. These additional meetings are excluded from the reported figure of nine meetings for simplicity and consistency.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE ATTENDANCE

Committee member	Role on nomination committee	Meeting attendance in 2024		Committee member for full financial year in 2024	
		Attended	Not attended	Yes	No
Tor Malmo	Committee chairperson	9	0	Yes	-
Ole Morten Settevik	Committee member	9	0	Yes	-

Statement of corporate governance

Introduction

The Board of Directors of Crayon Group Holding ASA (the Company) has approved this Statement of Corporate Governance.

The Statement of Corporate Governance addresses the framework of guidelines and principles regulating the interactions between the Company’s shareholders, the Board of Directors (the Board), the Chief Executive Officer (the CEO) and the Company’s executive management team.

The Statement of Corporate Governance is based on the Norwegian Code of Practice for Corporate Governance issued by the Norwegian Corporate Governance Board. The Company will, in accordance with applicable legislation and stock exchange listing rules, provide a report on the Company’s corporate governance in the Board of Directors' report or in a document that is referred to in the Board of Directors' report in connection with its annual financial statement report.

Business

The Company's Articles of Association (the Articles) describe the business that the Company shall operate. The business objective stated in the Articles of Association is as follows: The company’s objective is to invest in and hold shares, as well as other financial instruments and ownership interests in other entities, participation in and operation of other entities, as well as other business activities related hereto. The Articles are available here on the company’s [website](#).

The Board has defined clear objectives, strategies, and risk profiles for the Group's business activities such that the Group creates value for shareholders in a sustainable manner. When carrying out this work,

the Board has taken into account financial, social, and environmental considerations. The Board of Directors conducts a full-day meeting with Management on an annual basis to evaluate the Group’s business strategy. During the meeting, clear objectives, strategies, and risk profiles for the Group’s business activities are defined in order to create value for shareholders. The business strategy provides Management with a basis for carrying out investments and other structural measures. The Board evaluates these objectives, strategies, and risk profiles at least once a year.

Company capital and dividends

The Board is committed to maintaining a satisfactory equity ratio in the group according to the Group's objectives, strategy, and risk profile, thereby ensuring that there is an appropriate balance between equity and other sources of financing. The Board will continuously assess the Group's capital requirements related to the Group’s strategy and risk profile. Currently, the company aims to continue to invest in capabilities to drive future growth and does not distribute dividends.

Any proposal for the Board to be given authorization to approve the distribution of dividends shall be explained. When considering proposals for a dividend, the executive management and the board will take account of the following considerations: The group shall have adequate reserve liquidity in the form of bank deposits or credit facilities and be a group with good capital adequacy and balanced financing.

General authorizations for the Board to increase the share capital and buy own shares shall normally be restricted to defined purposes and will, in general, be limited in time to no later than the date of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Equal treatment of shareholders

There is only one class of shares in the Company and all shares carry equal rights. Each share carries one vote. The Company emphasizes equal treatment of its shareholders.

All shareholders are treated on an equal basis unless there is just cause for treating them differently in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

In the event of an increase in share capital of the Company through issuance of new shares, a decision to waive the existing shareholders' pre-emptive rights to subscribe for shares shall be justified. If the Board resolves to issue new shares and waive the pre-emptive rights of existing shareholders pursuant to a Board authorization granted by the General Meeting, the justification shall be publicly disclosed in a stock exchange announcement issued in connection with the shares issue. The reasons for any deviation from equal treatment of all shareholders in capital transaction shall be included in the stock exchange announcement made in connection with the transaction.

Any transactions carried out by the Company in the Company's own shares shall be carried out through the Oslo Stock Exchange and in any case at prevailing stock exchange prices. In the event that there is limited liquidity in the Company's shares, the Company shall consider other ways to ensure equal treatment of shareholders. Any transactions in own shares shall be evaluated in relation to the rules on the duty of disclosure, as well as in relation to the prohibition against illegal insider trading and market manipulation, the requirement for equal treatment of all shareholders, and the prohibition of unreasonable business methods.

The Board of Directors has adopted instructions for the Group’s employees and primary insiders relating to inside information and trading in financial instruments, including the duty of confidentiality, prohibition of trading, investigation, and reporting requirements, and ban on giving advice.

Shares and negotiability

The shares of the Company are freely negotiable.

The General Meeting

All shareholders have the right to participate in the general meetings of the Company, which exercise the highest authority of the Company. The Annual General Meeting (AGM) shall normally be held before 30 June each year.

The full notice for General Meetings is sent to shareholders no later than 21 calendar days prior to the meeting. Notices for such meetings include documents providing the shareholders with comprehensive, specific, and sufficient details in order for the shareholders to make an assessment of all the cases to be considered as well as all relevant information regarding procedures of attendance and voting.

The notice and the documents may be sent to or made available to the shareholders through electronic communication. The Board ensures that members of the Board and the chair of the Nomination Committee attend the general meetings. The Company’s Auditor shall normally be present. In addition, the Board ensures that the General Meeting is able to elect an independent chair for the meeting.

Notices for general meetings provides information on the procedures shareholders shall observe in

order to participate in and vote at the General Meeting. The notices also set out: (i) the procedure for representation at the meeting through a proxy, including a form to appoint a proxy, and (ii) the right for shareholders to propose resolutions in respect of matters to be dealt with by the General Meeting. Shareholders have the right to attend by electronic means unless the Board has sufficient cause to refuse electronic participation. In addition, the shareholders have the right to vote during a specific period in advance of the General Meeting, to the extent allowed in the Articles for the Company.

The cut-off for confirmation of attendance shall be set as short as practically possible and the Board will arrange matters so that shareholders who are unable to attend in person, will be able to vote by proxy. A form of proxy will be distributed with the notice.

At a minimum, the Board Chair, CEO, CFO, participate in the General Meeting. The General Meeting is chaired by an independent chairperson elected in the meeting.

Nomination Committee

The Company has a Nomination Committee as set out in the Articles. The General Meeting stipulates guidelines for the duties of the Nomination Committee, elects the chairperson and members of the Nomination Committee, in addition to determining the committee's remuneration. The members of the Nomination Committee shall be elected to take into account the interests of shareholders in general, and the majority of the Nomination Committee shall be independent of the Board and the executive management team. Members of the Board and the executive management team shall not be members of the Nomination Committee. The Company's General Meeting shall approve Instructions for the Nomination Committee.

The Nomination Committee's duties are to propose candidates for election to the Board and Nomination Committee and to propose the fees to be paid to

members of these bodies. The Nomination Committee shall have contact with the shareholders, the Board and the company's executive personnel as part of its work on proposing candidates for election to the Board. Furthermore, the Nomination Committee shall justify why it is proposing each candidate separately.

The Company shall provide information on the members of the Nomination Committee and any deadline for proposing candidates. The Company will make this information available on its website.

The Board – composition and independence

The composition of the Board ensures that the Board upholds the common interests of all shareholders and meets the Company's need for expertise, capacity, and diversity. In appointing members to the Board, it is emphasized that the Board shall have the necessary competence to independently evaluate the subject presented by the executive management team. It is also considered important that the Board can function well as a team. Board members are elected for periods not exceeding two years at a time, with the possibility of re-election. Board members are encouraged to own shares in the Company.

The Board complies with applicable requirements as set out in the Norwegian Public Limited Liability Companies Act and the listing rules of Oslo Børs. Acknowledging that the Board is ultimately appointed by and at the shareholders' discretion, the composition of the Board should also seek to comply with the recommendations set out in the Norwegian Code of Practice for Corporate Governance.

The Company does not have a corporate assembly.

The work of the Board and Board Committees

The Board prepares an annual plan for its work with special emphasis on goals and strategy. The Board's primary responsibilities are:

- a. Participating in the development and approval of the Company's strategy.
- b. Performing necessary control functions.
- c. Acting as an advisory body for the executive management team.

Its duties are not static, and the focus shall depend on the Company's ongoing needs. The chair of the Board is responsible for ensuring that the Board's work is performed effectively and correctly.

The Board ensures that the Company has proper management with a clear internal distribution of responsibilities and duties. A division of work is established between the Board and the executive management team. The CEO is responsible for the executive management of the Company. Furthermore, the Board issues instructions that state how the Board and the executive management shall handle agreements with related parties.

The Board ensures that members of the Board and executive personnel make the Company aware of any material interests that they may have in items to be considered by the Board. In order to ensure a more independent consideration of matters of a material character in which the chair of the Board is or has been personally involved, the Board's consideration of such matters shall be chaired by other members of the Board.

All members of the Board regularly receive information about the Company's operational and financial development. The Company's strategies are regularly reviewed and evaluated by the Board. Additionally, the Board prepares an annual evaluation of its own work, including its performance, expertise, composition and how its members function (both individually and as a team) in relation to the objectives set out for its work.

The Board of Directors shall, inter alia, deliberate and decide on the following:

- a. Such matters as required by statutory law, the Articles of Association, these Rules, or the resolutions of the General Meeting;
- b. Matters outside the scope of the statutory responsibilities of the CEO (i.e. matters that given the situation of the Company are unusual in character or of major importance);
- c. Matters outside the scope of the general authority granted to the CEO, such as major investments, borrowings, sales or purchases of real estate, and similar agreements that commit the Company for an amount in excess of the authority granted to the CEO;
- d. The prudent organization of the activities of the Company;
- e. Satisfactory control of the ongoing activities of the Company, including the approval of contract formations that exceed the authority granted to the CEO;
- f. Strategy and objectives;
- f. Budget and financing plans for the Company and the Crayon Group;
- g. Appointment/dismissal of the CEO and fixing of salary or other remuneration to the Chief Executive Officer, adoption of instructions for the CEO and determining of the remuneration policy for key employees;
- h. Major changes in the business activities of the Company and organizational changes of substantial importance;
- i. Safeguarding the financial statutes and appropriate equity, including the financial policy of the Crayon Group and review and deliberation of any management letters from the Company's auditor;
- j. Legal disputes of major importance;
- k. Annual accounts and Annual Reports of the Company and the Crayon Group;
- l. Acquisitions, investments and divestments;
- m. Proposal for the allocation of profits or losses in accordance with the provisions of the Norwegian Accounting Act;

- n. Agreements between the Company and a member of the Board or the CEO or any agreement between the Company and a third party in which a member of the Board or the CEO has a distinct interest; and
- o. Other matters that the Board or the CEO considers of importance to decide upon.

The Board has an Audit and ESG Committe in accordance with the rules of the Norwegian Public Limited Liability Companies Act and the listing rules of Oslo Børs. The members of the committee are independent of the Company.

The Board has established a Remuneration Committee in accordance with the rules of the Norwegian Public Limited Liability Companies Act. The Remuneration Committee shall review and recommend to the Board the remuneration policies/framework for the Company’s executive/senior management, and provide general advice related to compensation paid to executive personnel. Membership of such committee shall be restricted to members of the Board who are independent of the Company's executive personnel.

The Company has a Nomination Committee, cf. clause 7 of the Company's Articles of Association. The Committee shall make recommendations to the general meeting for the election of shareholders elected board members and members of the Nomination Committee, as well as remuneration of board members and committees.

Risk management and internal control

The objective of risk management and internal control is to manage and eliminate exposure to risks in order to ensure successful conduct of the Group’s business and to support the quality of its financial reporting.

The Board carries out an annual review of the Group’s key areas of exposure to risk and its internal control arrangements. The Board provides an account in the Annual Report of the main features of the Group’s

internal control and risk management systems as they relate to the Group's financial reporting.

The Board ensures that the Group has sound internal control and systems for risk management that are appropriate in relation to the extent and nature of the Group’s activities.

Crayon’s approach to risk management includes its enterprise risk management (ERM) framework, which is designed to drive coordinated risk management across the organization through a centralised enterprise risk register. Fit-for-purpose tools are provided to relevant employees to detect, capture, assess and manage risks as an integral part of their decision-making procedures. The ERM framework takes into account operational, tactical and strategic risk management.

ESG risks are part of our overall enterprise risk management framework, with ESG risks monitored, prioritized and managed alongside financial and other types of risks. The executive management team is provided with findings on which ESG-related risk categories have the greatest material impact on Crayon and require targeted investments and ongoing strategic monitoring.

Remuneration of the Board

The General Meeting determines the Board’s remuneration annually, normally in advance. Remuneration of Board members shall be reasonable and based on the Board's responsibilities, expertise, time invested and the complexity of the enterprise. The remuneration of the Board shall not be linked to the Company's performance. The Company shall not grant options to members of its Board.

The Board shall be informed if individual Board members perform tasks for the Company other than exercising their role as Board members. Work in sub-committees may be compensated in addition to the remuneration received for Board membership. The Company’s financial statements shall provide

information regarding the Board’s remuneration. Any remuneration in addition to normal director's fee shall be specifically identified in the Annual Report.

Salary and other remuneration for the executive personnel

The Board prepares clear and comprehensible guidelines on the remuneration to the Company's CEO, other executive personnel or employees who are members of the Board or the corporate assembly (if any). The guidelines shall contribute to the Company's commercial strategy, long-term interests, and financial viability. The content of the guidelines shall be in accordance with the Norwegian Regulations on Guidelines and Reports on the Remuneration of Executive Personnel.

Any material change to the guidelines is considered and approved by the General Meeting. The guidelines are subject to review and approval by the General Meeting at least every fourth year. Guidelines approved by the General Meeting, including the result of the vote and the date of approval, are be published on the Company's website. The Company's arrangements in respect of salary and other remuneration shall help ensure the executive personnel and shareholders have convergent interests and should be simple.

Performance-related remuneration shall be subject to an absolute limit.

In addition to the above, the Board, for every financial year, ensures that a report is prepared which provides a comprehensive overview of paid and outstanding remuneration covered by the remuneration guidelines. The specific requirements for the content of the reports are supplemented by the Norwegian Regulations on Guidelines and Reports on the Remuneration of Executive Personnel. The report is subject to advisory vote by the General Meeting and report shall be published on the Company's website after the annual meeting has been held.

Information and communication

The Board and the executive management team assign considerable importance to giving the shareholders relevant and current information about the Company and its activity areas. Emphasis is placed on ensuring that the shareholders receive the same and simultaneous information. Furthermore, the Board has established guidelines for the Company's reporting of financial or other information based on openness and taking into account the requirement for equal treatment of all participants in the securities market.

Sensitive information is handled internally in a manner that minimizes the risk of leaks.

The Board has a policy on who is entitled to speak on behalf of the Company on various subjects. The Company has a contingency plan for information management in response to events of a particular character or of interest to the media. The CEO, CFO, Head of Investor Relations, and Head of Communication will be the main contact persons of the Company in such respects.

The Board has ensured that the shareholders are given the opportunity to make known their points of view at and outside the General Meeting. The Board shall establish guidelines for shareholders' communication with the Company other than through general meetings.

Takeovers

The Board has established guiding principles for how it will act in the event of a takeover bid.

In a takeover process, should it occur, the Board and the executive management team each have an individual responsibility to ensure that the Company’s shareholders are treated equally and that there are no unnecessary interruptions to the Company’s business activities. The Board have a particular responsibility in ensuring, to the extent possible, that the shareholders have sufficient information and time to assess the offer.

- In the event of a takeover process, the Board shall ensure that:
- a. the Board will not seek to hinder or obstruct any takeover bid for the Company's operations or shares unless there are particular reasons for doing so;
 - b. the Board will not undertake any actions intended to give shareholders or others an unreasonable advantage at the expense of other shareholders or the Company;
 - c. the Board will not institute measures with the intention of protecting the personal interests of its members at the expense of the interests of the shareholders; and
 - d. the Board shall be aware of the particular duty it has for ensuring that the values and interests of the shareholders are protected.

In the event of a takeover bid, the Board will, in addition to complying with relevant legislation and regulations, seek to comply with the recommendations in the Norwegian Code of Practice for Corporate Governance unless there are reasons not to. This includes obtaining a valuation from an independent expert. On this basis, the Board will seek to make a recommendation as to whether the shareholders should accept the bid.

Auditor

Each year, the Auditor presents to the Board a plan for the implementation of the audit work. The Auditor also submits to the Audit Committee an additional annual report in which it declares its independence and explains the results of the statutory audit carried out by providing a range of information about the audit.

The Auditor is invited to be present at Board meetings where the annual accounts are dealt with. At these meetings, the Auditor shall report on any material changes in the Company's accounting principles and key aspects of the audit, comment on any material estimated accounting figures and report all material matters on which there has been disagreement between the Auditor and the Company's executive

management. The Board and/or Audit Committee shall meet with the Auditor at least once a year to review the Company's accounting principles, risk areas, internal control routines, including weaknesses identified by the Auditor and proposals for improvement.

The Auditor is only used as a financial advisor to the Company where such use does not affect or reasonably question the Auditor's independence and objectiveness as auditor for the Company. Only the Company's CEO and/or CFO have the authority to enter into agreements in respect of such counselling assignments. The Board shall establish guidelines in respect of the use of the Auditor by the Company's executive management for services other than the audit.

At the Annual General Meeting and/or in the annual financial statements, the Board presents a review of the Auditor's compensation as paid for auditory work required by law and remuneration associated with other concrete assignments.

In connection with the Auditor's presentation to the Board of the annual work plan, the Board is responsible for reviewing the Auditor's plan and the results of the audit performed, and also assessing the quality of the external auditor's work including inspections of the audit form by the regulator.

The Board shall invite the Auditor to attend all General Meetings.

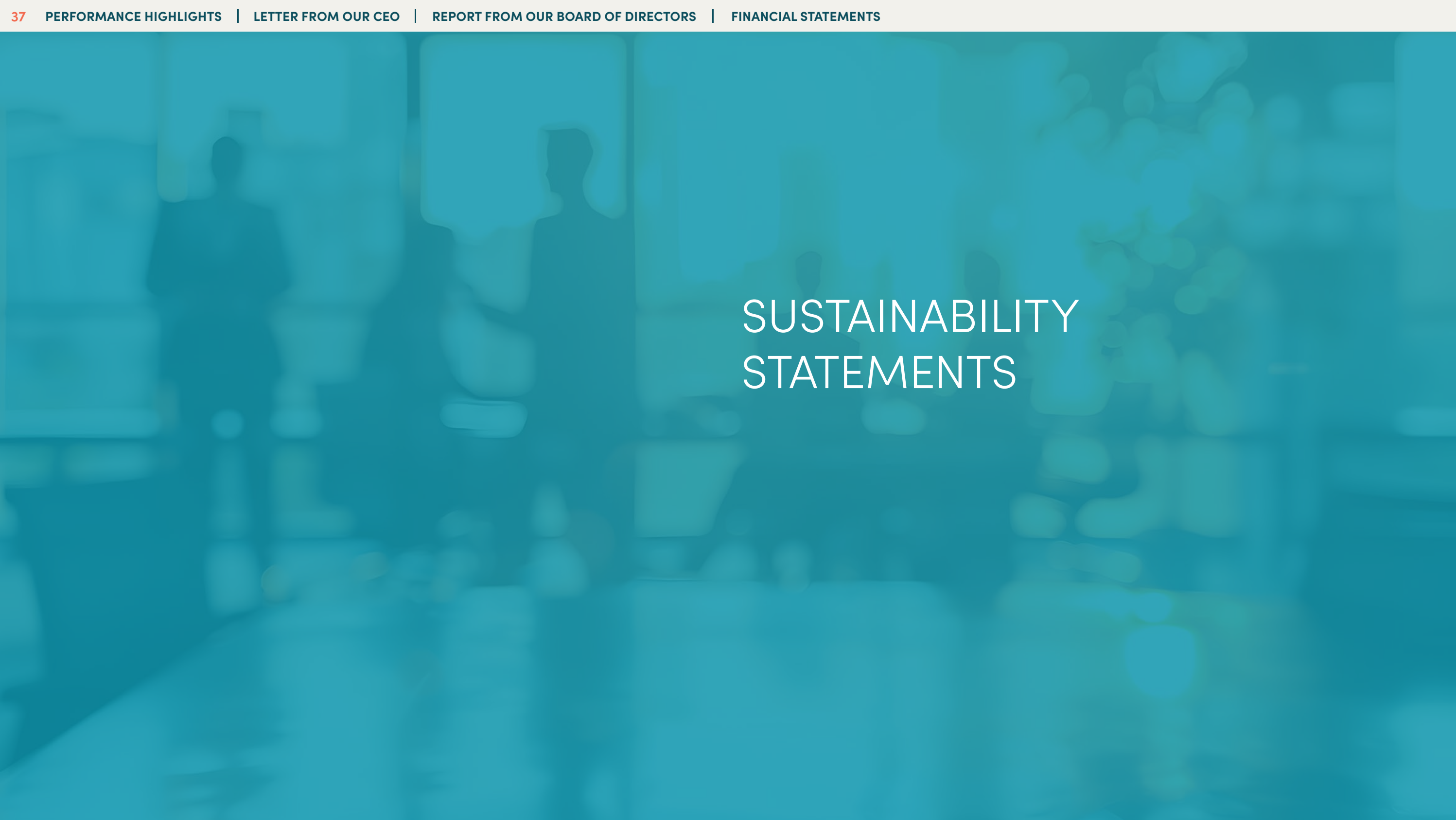
Transactions with related parties or close associates

Any transactions, agreements or arrangements between the Group and the Company's shareholders, members of the Board, members of the executive management team or close associates of any such parties may only be entered into as part of the ordinary course of business and on arm's length market terms. All such transactions shall, where relevant, comply with the procedures set out in the

Norwegian Public Limited Liability Companies Act.

The Board shall arrange for an evaluation to be obtained from an independent third party for transactions with related parties if so is required, including agreements that are considered immaterial or covered by section 3-16 of the Norwegian Public Limited Liability Companies Act. The Company's financial statements shall provide further information about transactions with related parties in accordance with applicable accounting principles.

The Company may engage in business activities with, or in cooperation with, its shareholders. Such activities shall be handled at the board level, with a view of securing a foreseeable and consistent practice which prevents potential conflict of interest situations, arm's-length treatment, and sound governance. Board members shall immediately notify the Board and members of the executive management team shall immediately notify the CEO (who, where relevant, will notify the Board) if they have any material direct or indirect interest in any transaction entered into by the Company.



SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENTS

About the sustainability statements

Introduction

Crayon has historically issued a stand-alone ESG report and therefore has a track record of sustainability reporting to build on in preparing these sustainability statements. Nevertheless, transitioning to reporting systems and disclosures compliant with CSRD as implemented in the Norwegian Accounting Act section 2-3 (“CSRD”) has been a challenge, and we acknowledge that there is room for improvement going forward.

We welcome increased rigor and prominence accorded to ESG disclosures under the new regime. The changes will not only result in more transparent and comparable reporting across the board, but also augment the overall robustness and effectiveness of our own ESG program.

Crayon’s Global ESG Team led the preparation of the sustainability statements, actively supported by a wide swathe of the organization given the transversal nature of ESG topics.

How we crafted the sustainability statements

Our sustainability statements are based on the **Norwegian Accounting Act, and CSRD and ESRS** disclosure requirements.

We carried out our first-ever CSRD-compliant double materiality assessment (DMA) in 2024 which is the bedrock of the sustainability disclosures in these statements. A few topics and corresponding data points from our previous ESG reports were assessed to be below the DMA materiality threshold and are therefore excluded from this report.

Based on our DMA, we have included some entity-specific information which was evaluated as material but is either not explicitly cited in the ESRS or is not addressed in sufficient depth. Throughout, we have made best efforts to connect the sector-agnostic CSRD requirements to Crayon-specific information.

Our sustainability statements are divided into five overall sections

Section	ESRS overview
General information	ESRS 2 mandatory disclosures
	Environment
	E1 Climate change
Social	E5 Resource use and circular economy
	EU Taxonomy
	S1 Own workforce
Governance	S2 Workers in the value chain
	G1 Business conduct
ESRS content index	Disclosure requirements covered by the sustainability statements

The Norwegian Transparency Act

Our reporting in compliance with the Norwegian Transparency Act is publicly available on our global corporate website, in the form of our annual [human rights transparency statement](#).

How to comment on the sustainability statements

We hope that you find the statements present a comprehensive but digestible narrative of Crayon’s sustainability activities.

We look forward to receiving your feedback – please contact us at esg@crayon.com, or ir@crayon.com.

CONTENTS

ESRS 2 GENERAL INFORMATION	40	ENVIRONMENT	54	ESRS CONTENT INDEX	115	HOW TO READ THE STATEMENTS
Basis for preparation	40	E1 Climate change	54	ESRS 2 List of disclosure requirements covered by the sustainability statements	115	Our sustainability statements form part of the report from our board of directors, constituting Section B. Some of the disclosures from the cross-cutting standard ESRS 2 are best located elsewhere in the report – either in the relevant topical standard, or in Section A of the report from our board of directors. These disclosures have therefore been incorporated by reference.
Sustainability governance	42	E5 Resource use and circular economy	62			The incorporations by reference are denoted as follows in the report:
Value creation through our strategy and business model	46	EU Taxonomy	66			ESRS GOV-1 21c
Our value chain	47	SOCIAL	72			ESRS GOV-4
Double materiality assessment	49	S1 Own workforce	72			ESRS SBM-1 40aiii
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		G1 Business conduct	101			

ESRS 2 GENERAL INFORMATION

- Basis for preparation
- Sustainability governance
- Value creation through our strategy and business model
- Our value chain
- Double materiality assessment
- Interests and views of stakeholders

Basis for preparation

General basis for preparation

Reporting period and scope of consolidation

This report covers the period from 1 January to 31 December 2024, which is Crayon’s financial year.

The sustainability statements are global in scope and apply across all our subsidiaries and entities in 46 countries.

The data is consolidated in line with our financial reporting principles. The consolidated ESG data comprises the parent company Crayon Group Holding ASA and its affiliated entities and subsidiaries under the parent company’s control. Joint operations are proportionately included. Associates and joint ventures are excluded.

Value chain coverage

The sustainability statements cover our own operations as well as our upstream and downstream value chain. The impacts, risks, and opportunities (IROs) identified through our double materiality assessment similarly cover the entire value chain. Selected policies and actions extend to our value chain, where relevant.

Disclosure exemptions

Crayon has not utilized the disclosure exemptions under articles 19a(3) and 29a(3) of Directive 2013/34/EU. These exemptions apply to disclosures of impending developments or matters in the course of negotiation.

Disclosures in relation to specific circumstances

Definitions of time horizons

Our double materiality assessment which informs our reporting used the same definitions of short, medium

and long term as the ESRS. These ESRS-aligned definitions of time horizons are reflected in our IRO descriptions in the respective topical standards in the sustainability statements. Elsewhere, specific years are generally used for clarity.

Estimates and uncertainty (including value chain estimation)

Some ESG data points are based on estimates and assessments as described below.

Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions

We reported on Scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions in our 2024 GHG inventory. Estimates were used to calculate parts of our Scope 1 and Scope 3 emissions. Furthermore, we estimated the proportion of Scope 3 emissions calculated based on primary data from suppliers or value chain partners at 0.008%. Our emissions are associated with some uncertainty due to data challenges.

For additional information, please refer to the section [E1 Climate change](#).

Metrics related to resource use and circular economy

We reported on our sustainable device management program in E5 Resource use and circular economy. Data points related to hardware and packaging (resource inflows) were provided by an external service provider we partner with in the execution of the program.

For some metrics our service provider has made estimates based on proxies, where the publicly available data of a limited number of original equipment manufacturers (OEMs) are considered to be representative proxies (indirect sources) for the IT hardware industry. We consider these proxies to constitute value chain estimates, the accuracy of which is constrained by not covering all brand and

device types.

For additional information, please refer to the section [E5 Resource use and circular economy](#).

Changes in data preparation and presentation

Where ESRS-mandated qualitative and quantitative data points are reported for the first time, we have prioritized compliance in the 2024 reporting period.

On a case-by-case basis, we have assessed whether it is practicable given time constraints and available resources to include comparative data from previous years to align with the 2024 ESRS requirements:

- Where ESRS-mandated data points are completely new and have not previously been reported by us.
- Where similar data points previously reported by us now have different definitions and boundaries under ESRS.

This is indicated in the respective topical standards.

Similarly, we have selected on a case-by-case basis whether to retain and keep reporting on previously reported metrics that complement ESRS-mandated data points but are not strictly required.

Phase-in provisions

Crayon has selectively adopted ESRS phase-in options where they are available in the respective topical standards. These sustainability matters are not reported. Consequently, we do not report on E5-6, E1-9 and S1-7.

Reporting frameworks and standards

The sustainability statements are prepared in compliance with the CSRD as implemented in the Norwegian Accounting Act section 2-3 (“CSRD”) as well as the European Sustainability Reporting

Standards (ESRS) issued by the European Financial Reporting Advisory Group (EFRAG). All topics included under the [Environment](#), [Social](#), and [Governance](#) sections have been assessed as material according to our double materiality assessment (DMA).

Our entity-specific disclosures within the respective topical standards are based on our own assessment of what constitutes relevant qualitative and quantitative data points aligned with the corresponding material impacts, risks, and opportunities. Where applicable, Crayon’s self-assessed reporting is either supplemented by other standards or is entirely entity specific.

All greenhouse gas data points (GHG Scopes 1, 2 and 3) are reported based on the Greenhouse Gas Protocol.

Disclosures stemming from other legislation or generally accepted sustainability reporting pronouncements
Our reporting in compliance with the EU Taxonomy Regulation is in the environment part of the sustainability statements. Our Taxonomy reporting helps us to fulfill our ESRS obligations.

Crayon’s previous reporting under the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) Index and Sustainability Accounting Standards (SASB) Index has been discontinued in deference to the mandatory ESRS disclosures. However, in 2024 we continued to report on some elements of the [SASB Index](#) in the topical standard G1 Business conduct in connection with data privacy and information security. Precise references to the applicable portions of the SASB index are provided in G1.

Disclosure requirements covered by the sustainability statements
Please refer to the [ESRS content index](#) at the end of the sustainability statements for a list of all the ESRS disclosure requirements complied with by Crayon.

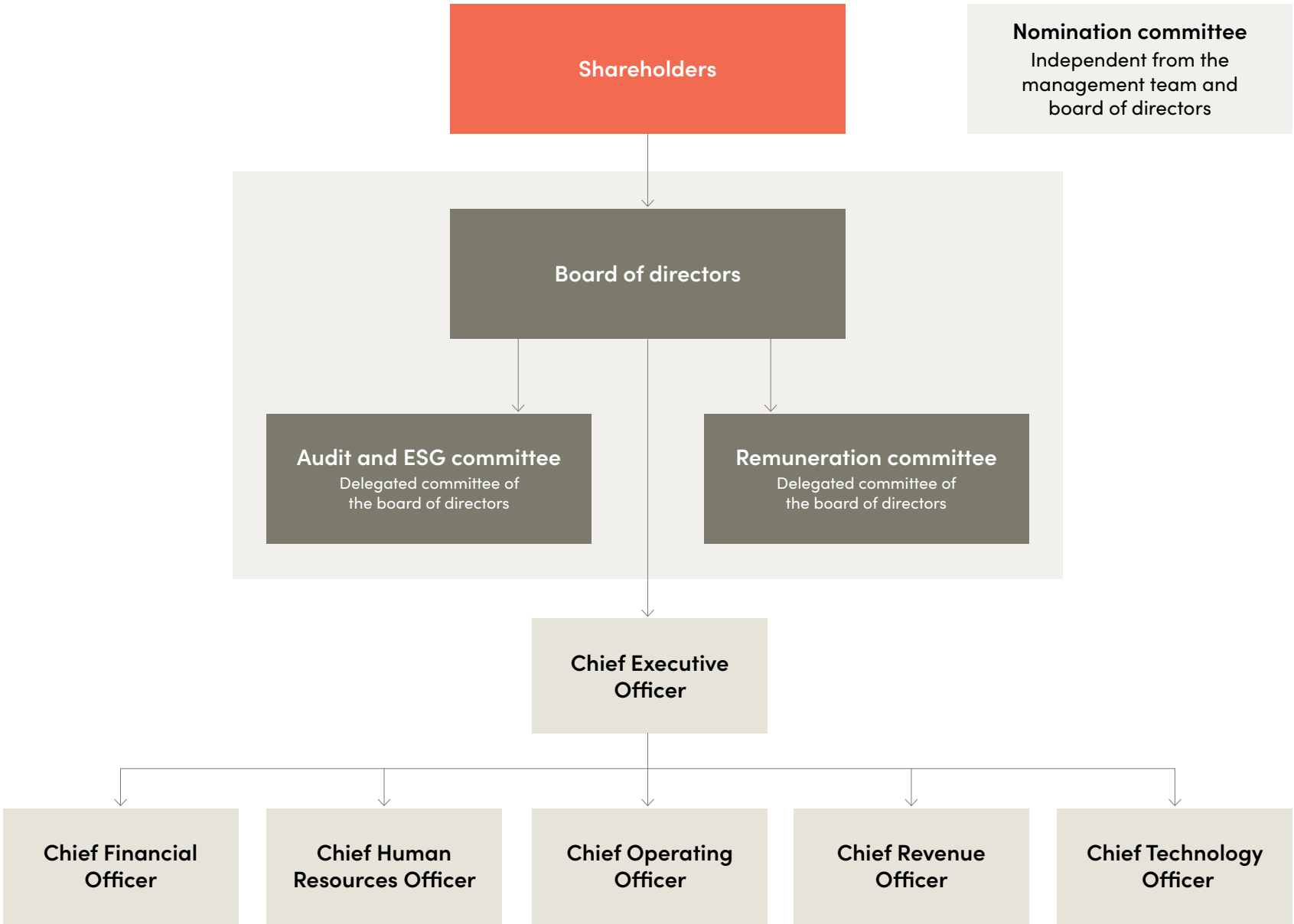
Incorporation by reference

To streamline reporting and avoid repetition, certain ESRS 2 disclosures have been incorporated by reference throughout the report from our board of directors. More specifically, we have chosen to incorporate the following disclosures from ESRS 2:

ESRS 2 disclosure requirement		Incorporation by reference Location of information in integrated annual report		Page number
GOV-1 21c	Experience of administrative, management and supervisory bodies relevant to the sectors, products and geographic locations of the undertaking	Section A: Our structure and financials About Crayon	Executive management team	15
		Section A: Our structure and financials Corporate governance	Board of directors	27
GOV-4	Statement on due diligence	Sustainability statements: Social	S1 Own workforce	
			• Labor and human rights in our own operations	92
		Sustainability statements: Governance	S2 Workers in the value chain	96
			G1 Business conduct	
		• Overall approach to business conduct and corporate culture	101	
		• Management of relationships with suppliers	104	
SBM-1 40aiii	Strategy, business model and value chain Number of employees by geographic area	Sustainability statements: Social	S1 Own workforce	
			• Workforce profile – employee characteristics	73

Sustainability governance

An overview of our sustainability governance model in 2024 is illustrated below:



Board of directors

Crayon’s board of directors comprises 10 members, seven members elected by shareholders and three members elected by the employees. All 10 board members are non-executive.

Independence status		
5/10	2/10	3/10
Independent board members (50%)	Non-Independent board members (20%)	Employee representatives (30%)

The board of directors performs necessary control functions, participates in the development and approval of Crayon’s strategy, and advises the executive management team.

Board ESG commitment and responsibilities

The board plays a key role in integrating ESG into Crayon’s business strategy and ensuring that sustainability considerations are embedded across the organization. In December 2024, the board approved Crayon’s new ESG strategy and will oversee our progress in implementing the strategy throughout 2025. This includes monitoring progress on our three ESG strategic priorities for 2025:

- Greenhouse gas emissions and climate-related risk.
- Diversity, equity, inclusion and belonging.
- Responsible AI.

The board of directors approved:

- The 2024 Annual Report (this document) prior to publication.
- The double materiality assessment which underpins the ESG disclosures in the sustainability statements.

Board engagement and ESG competencies

All our board members completed Crayon’s mandatory internal ESG training in 2024, with a 100% completion rate.

ESG is a permanent fixture in the broad set of competencies required of our board members, as assessed annually by Crayon. To reinforce this focus, the board completed an internal ESG self-assessment survey in 2024. According to that survey, while levels of expertise in ESG varied, all board members reported having some knowledge and experience of ESG, particularly in areas aligned with the 16 focus areas at the heart of our ESG strategy.

The survey also highlighted board-wide competence in business conduct topics such as:

- Business ethics and integrity (e.g. anti-bribery and corruption).
- Corporate governance (e.g. the leadership role of the board and board committees).
- Enterprise risk management.

The board has access to ESG expertise within Crayon’s management ranks, in the form of the Global ESG Team. External consultants may also be conferred with at the discretion of the board of directors. ESG topics and developments are periodically escalated to the board of directors on an as-needed basis by the board audit and ESG committee as well as the Global ESG Team.

Board composition and diversity

We had a diverse board of directors in 2024. Four out of the total 10 board members were women (40%). Among the seven shareholder-elected directors, three were women (43%). In terms of age diversity:

- Shareholder-elected board members ranged in age from 50 to 67 years, with an average age of 60 years.
- Employee-elected board members ranged in age from 31 to 61 years, with an average age of 44 years.

In the reporting period, our 10 board members had different educational backgrounds in business administration, economics, finance, computer science, audit, law and marketing. Their professional experience included the IT and professional/advisory services industries.

Board committees

Crayon’s board of directors is supported by three committees:

- The audit and ESG committee.
- The remuneration committee.
- The nomination committee.

Audit and ESG committee

The audit and ESG committee reports to the board of directors. The tasks of the committee include overseeing the integrity of the financial and sustainability reporting, internal controls and risk management, compliance with statutory and other requirements from public authorities, and preparing the election of external auditors. Final decisions and approvals are made by the board, with the committee acting as a preparatory body.

Fortified ESG mandate

In 2024, the committee’s mandate was revised to align more closely with the CSRD and ESRs. The changes were approved by the full board of directors. The revisions to the mandate of the committee centered

on refinements to sustainability reporting, particularly the committee’s role in monitoring and reviewing the following:

- a. The legal requirements applicable to Crayon where public sustainability or ESG disclosures are concerned.
- b. The quality, adequacy, effectiveness and accuracy of Crayon’s public ESG disclosures, including electronic reporting.
- c. Crayon’s internal controls and procedures over sustainability reporting, including quality and risk management controls.
- d. Nominating third-party assurance providers (including evaluating their independence and fees); and being kept apprised of the progress and findings related to ESG assurance.

Moreover, the committee was renamed the audit and ESG committee (formerly audit committee) to reflect the committee’s enhanced sensitization to ESG.

ESG oversight in 2024

Throughout 2024, the Global ESG Team provided regular updates to the committee, by either joining the committee meetings or providing written submissions. These updates included informing the audit and ESG committee about:

- Internal and external stakeholders’ views on sustainability-related impacts. For example, the committee was informed of the results from Crayon’s annual global employee survey which had ESG-specific questions for the first time in 2024 (ESG score: 4.03 out of 5). Because of its extensive reach, the survey is a useful tool to gauge employee sentiment on ESG and other topics.
- The double materiality assessment, which incorporated internal stakeholder input.
- The new ESG strategy, which took into account customer expectations.

The committee reviewed both the materiality assessment and ESG strategy and recommended them for board approval.

Material sustainability impacts, risks and opportunities considered

The material impacts, risks, and opportunities reviewed and considered by Crayon’s board, audit and ESG committee and executive management team in 2024 are encapsulated in the double materiality assessment and newly minted ESG strategy, covered in detail in the following sections:

- **Our approach to sustainability**, where we describe our ESG strategy, including the 16 ESG focus areas that jointly represent our Material impacts, risks, and opportunities.
- **Double materiality assessment**, where we describe our process and high-level findings related to the double materiality assessment.

Integration of sustainability into strategy and risk management

The board, audit and ESG committee and executive management team take a deliberate approach to considering sustainability impacts, risks and opportunities when overseeing strategy, decisions on major transactions and risk management processes.

To illustrate the tensions and trade-offs inherent in strategic decision making, in 2024 the board, audit committee and executive management approved the stratification of the 16 ESG focus areas at the heart of our ESG strategy into:

- The top three strategic priorities selected for 2025 – greenhouse gas emissions and climate-related risk; diversity, equity, inclusion and belonging; and responsible AI.
- The 13 other ESG focus areas that are part of our 2025 ESG roadmap will not receive the same level of management and board attention.

Remuneration committee

The remuneration committee reports to the board of directors and is responsible for evaluating the company’s overall compensation policy and submitting proposals to the board of directors regarding guidelines for the remuneration of executive

personnel. These proposals are presented at a general meeting for approval.

Crayon’s executive management team informs the remuneration committee about the succession plans in place at the executive, regional and country management levels. However, the remuneration committee is not part of the decision-making process.

ESG-related remuneration and incentives
Crayon did not have any remuneration or incentives linked to sustainability performance in 2024.

Crayon’s remuneration guidelines were approved by shareholder resolution at our May 2024 annual general meeting. The guidelines included a clause for at least 10% of the variable compensation of the executive management team and other senior leaders to be tied to the company’s ESG performance. In the event we put this clause into practice, the remuneration committee’s role would be to review any ESG-related changes and make recommendations to the board of directors.

Nomination committee
The nomination committee is independent of the board of directors and the executive management team. It comprises two committee members tasked with:

- Identifying and proposing prospective candidates for shareholders to elect as board members.
- Making recommendations regarding the remuneration of the board of directors and the nomination committee.

In selecting candidates for the board of directors, the nomination committee factors in competencies compatible with Crayon’s business model and business strategy, and compliance with corporate governance principles and legal requirements. The nomination committee may explore incorporating ESG considerations in the execution of its mandate in future.

Executive management team

In 2024, Crayon had a six-member executive management team which comprised our:

- Chief Executive Officer
- Chief Financial Officer
- Chief Human Resources Officer
- Chief Operating Officer
- Chief Revenue Officer
- Chief Technology Officer¹

Together, the executive management team made all major strategic and operational decisions in the reporting period, extending to those involving ESG.

In 2024, two out of the total six executives were female (33%) compared to 29% (two out of seven) in 2023.

Our six executive management team members brought varied educational backgrounds in business administration, economics, finance, and computer science. Their professional experience spanned the IT, aviation, and professional/advisory services industries.

Sustainability commitment of the executive management team
In 2024, day-to-day responsibility for ESG lay with the Chief Operating Officer, overseeing and collaborating with the Vice President of ESG. Leading the Global ESG Team, the Vice President of ESG defined and realized Crayon’s global ESG priorities, including ESG reporting and contributing to the preparation of this report.

Critical decisions and concerns about ESG were escalated to Crayon’s executive management team, and where relevant and appropriate, to Crayon’s board audit and ESG committee and/or the full board of directors.

Throughout the reporting period, the executive management team had access to ESG expertise through the Global ESG Team. External consultants could also be consulted, typically in coordination with the Global ESG Team.

Material sustainability impacts, risks and opportunities considered
Prior to final approval by Crayon’s board of directors, in 2024 the executive management team reviewed and commented on:

- The double materiality assessment which underpins the ESG disclosures in the sustainability statements.
- Our new global ESG strategy which incorporates aspects of the double materiality assessment. The executive management team validated the top three strategic priorities selected for 2025:
 - Greenhouse gas emissions and climate-related risk.
 - Diversity, equity, inclusion and belonging.
 - Responsible AI.

The executive management team also validated the other 13 ESG focus areas that are part of our ESG strategy and reflect our Material impacts, risks, and opportunities.

Controls and procedures to manage impacts, risks and opportunities
Where applicable and depending on the sustainability matter in question, dedicated controls and procedures are applied to the management of impacts, risks and opportunities by the respective teams within Crayon as described in the respective topical standards in the sustainability statements.

Monitoring progress on the sustainability journey
To operationalize the ESG strategy in 2025, all members of the executive management team will be part of a soon-to-be established global ESG steering committee. The committee will monitor progress against set targets and KPIs, marshal financial and non-financial resources globally and locally, and advise on operational and tactical options.

REPRESENTATION OF WOMEN BY SENIORITY

	2024	2023	2022	2021
Women in Crayon’s overall workforce	32.5%	32%	32%	31%
Women in Crayon’s executive management team	33%	29%	33%	43%
Women on Crayon board of directors	40%	50%	50%	50%

¹ The incumbent Chief Technology Officer in 2024 (Florian Rosenberg) left Crayon in January 2025 and efforts to recruit a replacement were ongoing at the time of publishing this annual report.

Statement on due diligence

Our sustainability due diligence involves several activities and teams across the organization. Collectively, they complement each other and enable Crayon to identify and manage ESG related risks and adverse impacts on people and the environment.

We report on our due diligence through incorporation by reference in the applicable topical standards.

The main contours are in the table below.

Internal controls and risk management in sustainability reporting

Crayon is committed to accurate sustainability reporting and we expect to continuously improve our control and risk management systems.

ESG data is subject to limited assurance by the same independent audit firm that audits our financial statements. We intend to address any observations that may arise in the external auditor’s long-form report and management letter through corrective action plans in 2025.

At present, our internal controls and risk management systems for sustainability-related data are defined and managed by the different data owners and functional teams or departments throughout the

organization. Insights into the risks associated with data quality and accuracy, as well as the risks of potential (material) misstatements are therefore similarly decentralized.

Following our first-time experience with a CSRD/ESRS-compliant double materiality assessment in 2024, we are exploring measures to incorporate the identification, assessment and management of sustainability-related IROs into our overall risk management process and profile.

DUE DILIGENCE INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

Aspect of due diligence	Applicable topical standard in this report	Page number
- Engagement with own employees and value chain workers - Grievance mechanisms - Remediation - Risk assessments	S1 Own workforce	
	Labor and human rights in our own operations	92
	S2 Workers in the value chain	96
- Risk assessments - Supplier engagement	G1 Business conduct	
	Management of relationships with suppliers	104
- Corporate culture - Training	G1 Business conduct	
	Overall approach to business conduct and corporate culture	101



Value creation through our strategy and business model

What we do

Crayon is an information technology (IT) consultancy with the following go-to-market offerings:

- Software procurement: We help customers choose, acquire, consume and support the software services that fit their business needs and budget.
- IT cost management: We show customers the way to make the most out of their software and cloud investments.
- Cloud services: We offer expert advice, migration, management, deployment, and security of customer IT services, no matter the platform or technology.
- Data and AI solutions: We deliver tailored AI solutions and AI consulting services to help businesses gain a competitive edge.

To deliver on these offerings, Crayon is organized into four lines of business: Software & Cloud Direct; Software & Cloud Channel; Software & Cloud Economics; and Consulting.



Our international presence

In 2024, Crayon had an operational presence in 46 countries and 4,182 full-time equivalent employees. Our key markets are the Nordics, Europe, Asia Pacific, Middle East, Africa, and the United States.

For more information about the number of employees by geographical area, please refer to [S1 Own workforce](#) in the sustainability statements.

Our customers

We serve customers in the public and private sectors, ranging from SMEs to large enterprises.

Our strategic aspirations and their linkages to sustainability

From a market perspective, our strategic focus is on continued global expansion, including through a deeper presence in our existing markets.

From a services and solutions perspective, AI is driving dramatic change in the technology industry. Shoring up our existing AI capabilities is therefore critical to help us increase the value we provide our customers. In addition, we will continue to expand our platform capability to offer more vendor offerings to our partners and customers. The strong strategic relationships Crayon has with all key global software vendors can be leveraged to achieve this.

From a sustainability perspective, our new global ESG strategy comprises four pillars and 16 ESG focus areas.

The four pillars are:

- Environment
- Services and solutions
- Social
- Governance

The initiatives implemented in support of the strategy from 2025 onwards can benefit Crayon through positive employer branding and greater customer engagement, amongst other benefits.

The ESG strategy is designed to benefit all Crayon stakeholders whether internal or external. Where our customers are concerned, particularly noteworthy are:

- The new addition of the services and solutions pillar to respond to customer needs and reinforce Crayon’s continued market relevance. Refining and scaling up our existing ESG-related services and solutions could potentially enhance our go-to-market offerings and revenues.
- Responsible AI as one of the 16 focus areas under the governance pillar – AI is one of our most important go-to-market offerings. Deploying customer-facing AI projects responsibly with due regard for human rights, the environment and other sustainability-related issues is therefore essential. Please refer to [G1 Business conduct](#) for a further discussion of responsible AI.

Benefits created for stakeholders

Communities

We create employment opportunities in the countries where we operate and revenue generation opportunities for business partners and service providers. We contribute towards local and national economic development through taxes paid to local,

regional and national governments.

Customers

We help customers rmaximize their software and cloud investments by reducing costs and leveraging new opportunities in AI.

Employees

We cultivate an attractive and inclusive workplace underpinned by Crayon’s four core values of integrity, quality, pace and agility. Our people-first culture prioritizes employee well-being and development.

Shareholders

We create long-term value for our shareholders by achieving consistent growth in profitability, following through on our business plans, and communicating with capital markets in a timely and transparent fashion.

Additional information

For more information about our strategy and business model, please refer to:

- [Crayon at a glance](#)
- [Our strategy and business model](#)
- [Financial and business review](#)

For more information about our ESG strategy, please refer to:

- [Our approach to sustainability](#)

For more information about shareholder benefits created, please refer to:

- [The Crayon share](#)

Our value chain

Crayon’s sustainability statements cover our own operations, as well as the upstream and downstream of our value chain. We will explore avenues to leverage the heightened scrutiny and prioritization of sustainability matters spurred by CSRD and the EU Taxonomy to engage more robustly with value chain actors to advance our ESG strategy.

Value chain features

Crayon operates as a business-to-business (B2B) software reseller. We act as an agent to facilitate downstream customers’ access to software and cloud licenses that are provided by upstream software publishers/vendors and hyperscale cloud providers, placing us in the middle of the value chain for our industry segment.

Our operations include sales/licensing, deployment, development, design, and marketing of software services and solutions.

UPSTREAM

We have a large international footprint and interact with thousands of software publishers, vendors, and suppliers—primarily headquartered in North America—along with three hyperscale cloud providers.

The key characteristics of our upstream relationships are outlined below.

Top software publisher by volume and strategic importance:

- Microsoft, which provides software and cloud services used internally by Crayon as well as our customers downstream.
- Our high commercial dependency on Microsoft poses inherent risks. To mitigate this, we are diversifying our capabilities—especially in data and AI.

Other important software publishers include, but are not limited to:

- Adobe, Atlassian, Broadcom, Cisco, Citrix, Google, and Red Hat.

Major hyperscale cloud providers:

- Amazon Web Services (AWS), Google Cloud Platform (GCP), and Microsoft Azure.

Business partners and service providers

- To support in-country operations, we have myriad relationships at the local level, ranging from caterers and stationery suppliers to financial and legal advisors.

DOWNSTREAM

Our downstream value chain includes both indirect and direct customer relationships.

Channel ecosystem partners:

- ~8,000 partners that distribute Crayon services to more than 130,000 end-users.
- Composition:
 - About 50% cloud resellers.
 - About 30% hosters.
 - About 20% independent software vendors (ISVs).

Direct enterprise customers:

- ~10,000 customers across public and private sectors.
- Includes both SMEs and large corporate clients.

Inputs and resource dependencies

Our key inputs or resource dependencies include:

- **Human capital** in the form of our employees – our employees’ expertise enables us to support customers in navigating digital transformation, optimizing cloud usage, and aligning software strategies with business needs.
- **Software and cloud services and solutions** – these are our core offerings that are dependent on our relationships with software publishers and suppliers, and with cloud hyperscalers.
- **Energy** – to power our offices and the three data centers.

Our value chain



Double materiality assessment

First time observing the principles of double materiality

In line with CSRD and ESRS requirements, Crayon conducted its first double materiality assessment (DMA) in 2024.

The 2024 DMA replaces our previous materiality assessment, which followed a different methodology not predicated on the concept of double materiality.

What is meant by double materiality

A sustainability-related topic is material when it meets the criteria for impact materiality only, or financial materiality only, or both financial and impact materiality.

Frequency of future DMAs

The DMA forms the basis of the disclosures in the sustainability statements, and we collaborated with KPMG. The DMA will be reviewed and updated annually.

Double materiality means that both perspectives are taken into account

Impact materiality

Crayon's positive and negative impacts on society and the planet.

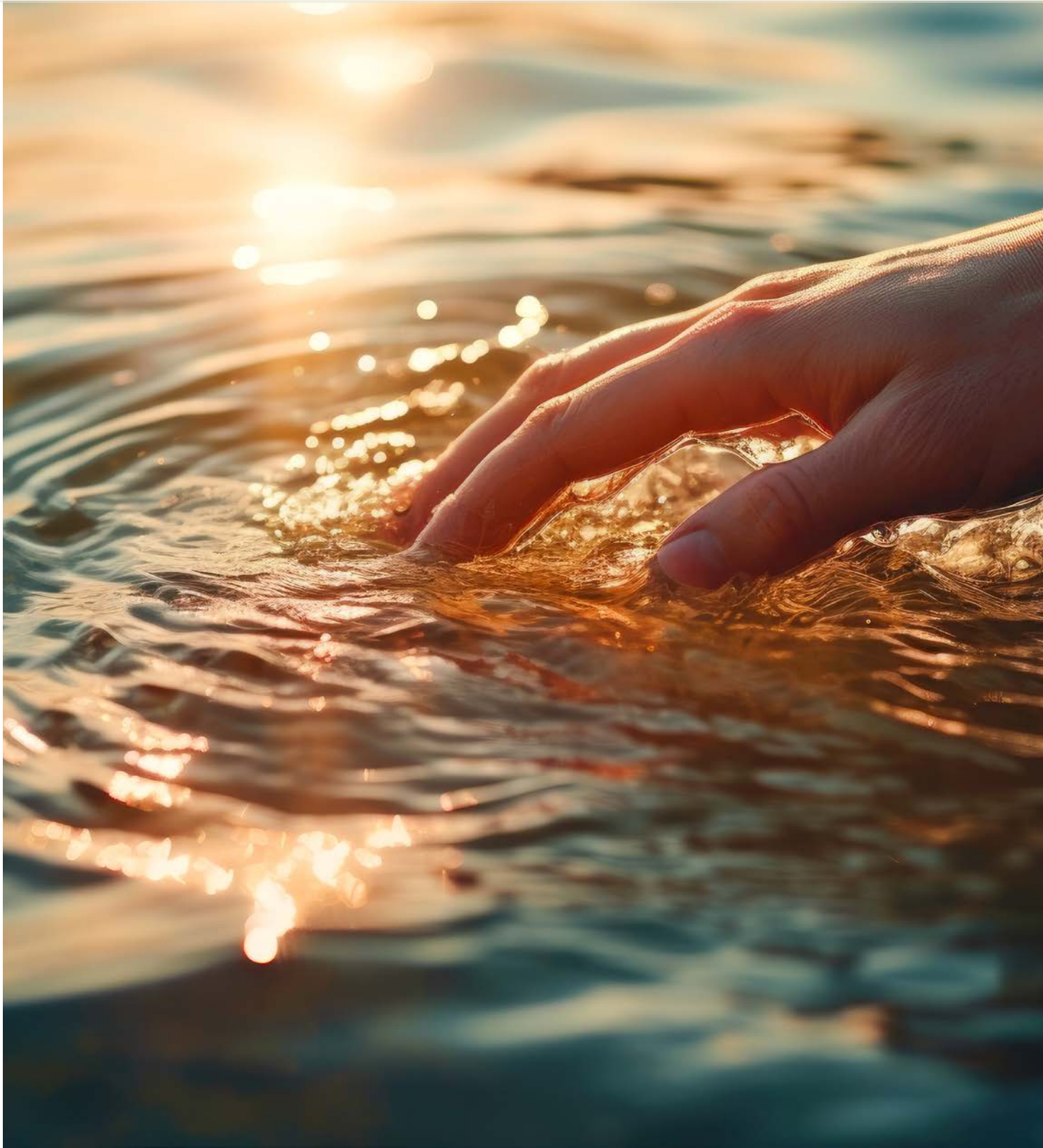
This represents an 'inside out' perspective.



Financial materiality

Risks and opportunities arising from sustainability matters that affect Crayon economically (i.e. Crayon's financial position, financial performance, cash flow, access to finance etc).

This represents an 'outside in' perspective.



Findings from our double materiality assessment

We believe the findings of our 2024 DMA present a true and fair picture of our material impacts, risks, and opportunities based on the information available at the time and any inherent constraints in our methodology. Given this was our first DMA and first set of material impacts, risks, and opportunities, there are no changes to the IROs compared to the previous reporting period.

In total, **55 material IROs (impacts, risks, and opportunities)** were identified across the environmental, social, and governance pillars.

Based on our assessment, five of the ten topical ESRS standards were deemed applicable to Crayon. More detailed descriptions of these IROs – such as time horizons, position in the value chain, and other relevant characteristics – are provided in the respective topical standards.

In preparing our double materiality assessment, the identified material impacts, risks, and opportunities were mapped onto the applicable parts of our value chain. Please refer to the adjacent illustration.

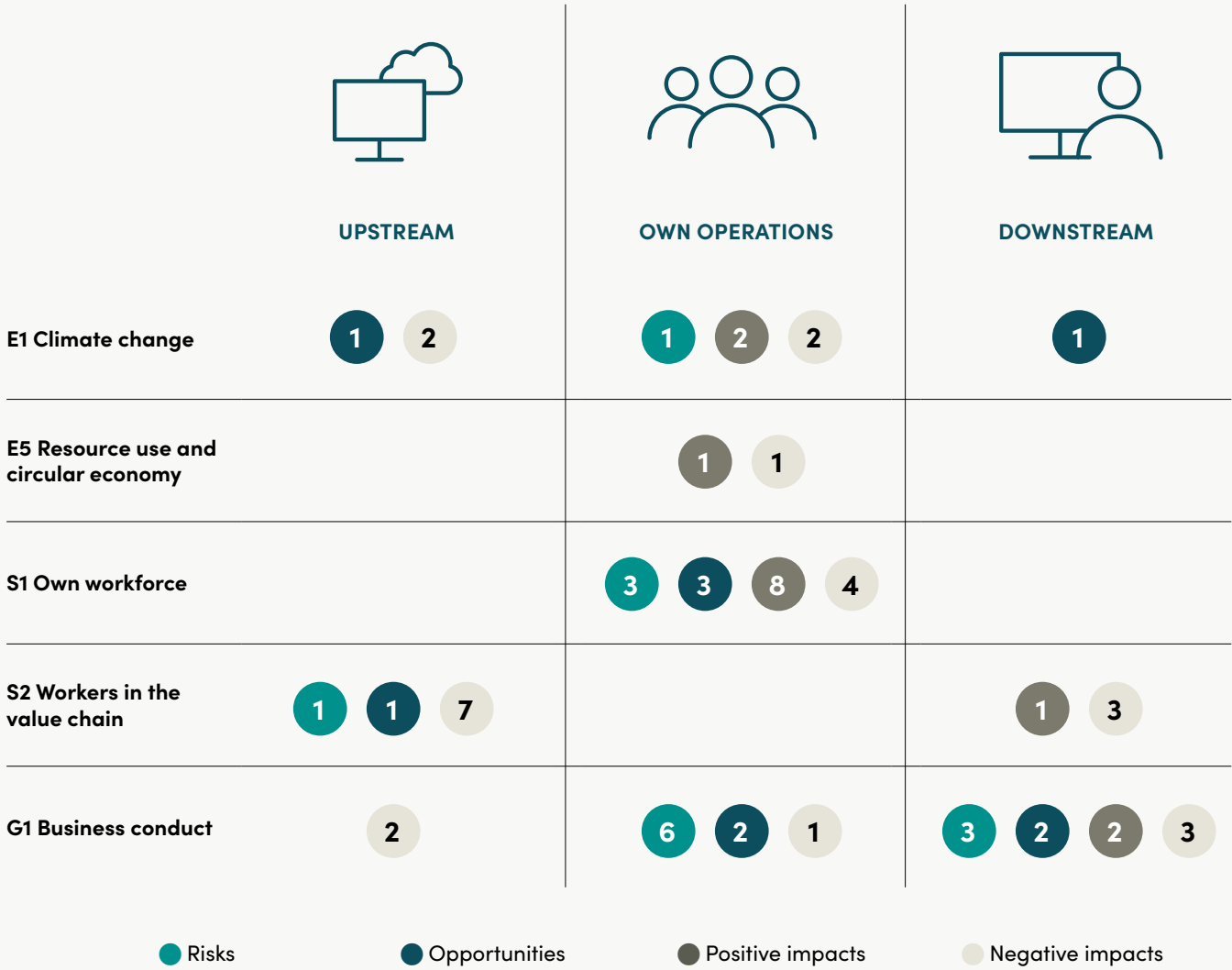
NUMBER OF MATERIAL IROs

Topical standard	Impacts		Risks	Opportunities	Total IROs
	Actual	Potential			
ESRS E1 Climate change	5	1	1	1	8
ESRS E2 Pollution	-	-	-	-	N/A ²
ESRS E3 Water and marine resources	-	-	-	-	N/A ²
ESRS E4 Biodiversity and ecosystems	-	-	-	-	N/A ²
ESRS E5 Resource use and circular economy	2	-	-	-	2
ESRS S1 Own workforce	6	6	3	3	18 ¹
ESRS S2 Workers in the value chain	-	8	1	1	10
ESRS S3 Affected communities	-	-	-	-	N/A ²
ESRS S4 Consumers and end-users	-	-	-	-	N/A ²
ESRS G1 Business conduct	2	4	9	2	17 ¹
Total	13	21	14	7	55

¹ Includes some entity-specific material topics

² Not relevant or applicable to Crayon

Overview of IROs across the value chain



Note: Some IROs are duplicated because they appear in multiple parts of the value chain. This results in a total of 63 which exceeds the 55 IROs identified in our double materiality assessment.

Material IROs and their interactions with our business strategy and business model

The individual topical standards include descriptions of the IROs, their time horizons, and their position in the value chain. Furthermore, our various current and planned actions and initiatives are described in the respective topical standards in the sustainability statements.

Our material IROs have directly influenced Crayon’s new global ESG strategy. The 16 ESG focus areas at the core of the strategy draw on the results of the DMA. In this way, the DMA indirectly supports our business strategy and model, as the ESG strategy complements and strengthens our overall direction. Additional information regarding IRO linkages with business strategy is provided in the respective topical standards and in the section [Value creation through our strategy and business model](#).

While we made reasonable efforts to understand the nature of our material risks and opportunities, our analysis did not extend to their current and anticipated effects on our financial performance and cash flows as reported in our financial statements.

We did not perform either a qualitative or quantitative analysis to determine Crayon’s ability to address our material impacts and risks, and to take advantage of our material opportunities. We therefore do not have insights into the resilience of our business strategy and business model in relation to our material sustainability IROs. At best we can present our various current and planned actions and initiatives in the respective topical standards in the sustainability statements.

Process to identify and assess material impacts, risks, and opportunities

The 2024 DMA was group-wide and global in scope, applying to all our subsidiaries and entities. In 2025, we aim to refine our DMA process and methodology.

In order to identify the impacts, risks and opportunities that Crayon and our stakeholders perceive as the most important, we developed a four-step process:

1. Desktop research and reviews of internal and external documents, including peer benchmarks. We interviewed internal stakeholders from various corporate functions and business units.
2. Prioritizing and streamlining a long list of topics into a short list of material topics. A workshop was convened at our Oslo headquarters to review progress and agree on next steps.
3. Finalising the scoring and framing of the IROs.
4. Presenting the results of the DMA to the executive management team, employee representatives on the board, and the board-level audit and ESG committee. Final approval was given by the full board of directors.

Stakeholder perspectives in our DMA

As the ESRS requirements on double materiality assessment are extensive, we limited direct stakeholder involvement to internal stakeholders. To reflect external views, we used credible proxies such as:

- Analyst reports.
- Customer bid and tender documentation.
- Internal subject matter experts.

The four phases in Crayon’s double materiality process

1.

Understanding Crayon’s context

To develop an understanding of Crayon’s own activities, stakeholders and value chain, qualitative interviews were conducted with 31 Crayon employees from different business areas. In addition, internal and external documents were analysed, including but not limited to ESG regulations, peer benchmarks, an internal memo on Crayon’s approach to financial materiality, and Crayon’s corporate risk statement.

2.

Identifying impacts, risks and opportunities (IROs)

An initial long list of group-wide topics (IROs) was identified based on phase 1. The IROs spanned our own operations as well as the upstream and downstream of Crayon’s value chain. Quantitative thresholds for impact and financial materiality were established which were applied in subsequent phases.

3.

Assessing and calibrating Material impacts, risks, and opportunities (IROs)

To prioritise the most significant topics, the long list of IROs was assessed on a scale of 1 – 5 for both impact and financial materiality respectively. Internal stakeholders deemed to be subject matter experts then conducted a further evaluation of both the wording and the scoring of the IROs.

4.

Validating and anchoring material topics with senior leadership

Feedback on, and validation of, the DMA findings was provided by the executive management team, employee representatives on the board, and the board-level audit and ESG committee. Final formal approval was given by the full board of directors (at the recommendation of the audit and ESG committee).

Scoring of impacts, risks and opportunities

We used a quantitative approach to assess each IRO, based on ESRS 1 requirements. All items were scored on a scale from 1 to 5, and a defined threshold distinguished material IROs from immaterial ones. We established qualitative descriptions for each scoring criterion.

Scoring of impact materiality

The identified impacts can be classified as a combination of potential/actual and positive/negative. The scoring scale for each criterion is 1 (lowest) to 5 (highest). We took into account severity and likelihood to arrive at a score for impact materiality.

Scoring of financial materiality

Financial effects can be either risks or opportunities. We took into account magnitude and likelihood to arrive at a score for financial materiality. We aligned the definition of magnitude with the definition of financial materiality used internally for financial reporting. The scoring scale for each criterion (magnitude; likelihood) is 1 to 5, where 1 is the lowest possible score and 5 the highest.

Prioritization, interconnectedness and causality of impacts, risks and opportunities

As this was our first DMA, we took an egalitarian approach to assessing the risk of adverse actual and potential impacts. We wanted to develop a good understanding of the landscape. We therefore did not have a special focus on the heightened risk of adverse impacts which could result from certain activities, business relationships or geographies.

We distinguished between IROs:

- Caused by Crayon.
- Contributed by Crayon.
- Linked to Crayon.

We did not identify any cases where the same topic gave rise to explicitly interconnected impacts, risks, and opportunities.

Integration of impacts, risks and opportunities into overall risk management

Following our first-time experience with a CSRD/ESRS-compliant double materiality assessment in 2024, we are exploring measures to incorporate the identification, assessment and management of sustainability-related IROs into our overall risk management process and profile.

This would represent an additional step to enhance and mature the existing process for overall risk management which is currently primarily risk-oriented and surfaces some sustainability-related risks in the organisation.

Crayon’s enterprise risk management (ERM) framework is designed to drive coordinated risk management across the organization. ESG risks are being integrated into this framework and managed alongside financial and operational risks.

Key elements include:

- A centralized risk register.
- Fit-for-purpose tools for identifying and managing risks.
- ESG risk briefings for executive management, highlighting areas that require targeted investments and ongoing monitoring.

Quantitative scoring of impact materiality

SEVERITY			LIKELIHOOD
Scale	Scope	Remediability (if negative)	Likelihood (if potential)
Measure of the seriousness of an impact. It is relative and context-dependent.	Extent of impact, in terms of geographical reach or the number of people/ species affected.	Reflects the extent to which the negative impacts can be repaired.	Reflects the likelihood of the impact occurring.

Severity score =
$$\frac{\text{Scale} + \text{Scope} + \text{Remediability}^* \text{ (*if negative)}}{3}$$

Materiality score for potential impacts (positive or negative): Likelihood score + severity score / 2
Materiality score for actual impacts (positive or negative): Severity score = materiality score
Exceptions: All human rights impacts (positive or negative, actual or potential) are scored according to severity

Quantitative scoring of financial materiality

Materiality score for either risks or opportunities: Likelihood score + magnitude score / 2

MAGNITUDE	LIKELIHOOD
Magnitude	Likelihood (if potential)
The potential magnitude of the financial effect.	Reflects the likelihood that the risk/opportunity materializes.

Interests and views of stakeholders

We engage with internal and external stakeholders on a variety of topics including ESG.

Active listening and ongoing dialogue yield valuable insights about our stakeholders’ positions, concerns and expectations. Attuning Crayon’s business model, business strategy and ESG strategy to these insights ultimately contributes to the success of our commercial and sustainability initiatives.

Knowledge of our different stakeholders’ views and interests concerning our business model and business strategy is held by the various Crayon employees who interact with those stakeholders on an ongoing basis.

Information about stakeholder involvement in our 2024 double materiality assessment is in the section [Double materiality assessment](#).

Internal stakeholders

Crayon engages directly with employees and other internal stakeholders through:

- Our intranet portal.
- Annual employee feedback survey.
- Internal town halls.
- Newsletters and topic-specific knowledge sessions.

Engagement with employees contributes towards maintaining a motivated and productive workforce whose views and concerns are addressed, and whose actions are aligned with the business strategy.

In addition, relevant corporate functions and business areas have access to the board of directors and executive management team to ensure alignment on strategic imperatives. Stakeholder views on

sustainability-related topics are shared with the board and executive management team as part of broader ESG updates by the Global ESG Team, as described in the Sustainability governance section.

External stakeholders

We interact with a wide range of external stakeholders, including:

- **Customers** – to understand their needs.
 - Through direct dialogue, surveys (e.g. voice of the customer), our corporate website, and meetings.
- **Software publishers, suppliers, and cloud providers** – to coordinate service delivery and strengthen partnerships.
- **Local business partners and service providers** – such as landlords of leased facilities.
- **Shareholders and analysts** – to discuss a variety of topics and demonstrate Crayon’s value creation and investment-worthiness.
 - Via quarterly earnings presentations, annual reports, roadshows, and one-on-one meetings.
- **Regulators** – to respond to formal requests and interact on compliance.
- **Educational institutions** – for recruitment purposes.
- **Industry platforms and associations** – to share information and find solutions to common challenges.

Overview of Crayon’s key stakeholders



Internal stakeholders

EMPLOYEES	BOARD OF DIRECTORS
C-level executive management team, led by the chief executive officer	10 board members
All other employees by function and region	7 shareholder-elected board members
	3 employee-elected board members (employee representatives)



External stakeholders

Business partners Entities that we buy products or services from to enable Crayon to function locally, regionally and globally. We have direct relationships with our business partners around the world.	Customers Two types of customers directly invoiced by Crayon: • Channel ecosystem partners • Public and private sector enterprise entities	Hyperscale cloud providers The three largest providers of cloud services to our customers and to Crayon are Amazon Web Services, Google Cloud Platform and Microsoft Azure.	Investors, lenders, and creditors Crayon’s shareholders include institutional investors and private individuals. Lenders and creditors include bondholders and other parties.
Regulators Crayon as well as its stakeholders are impacted by various regulations governing ESG and other activities.	Service partners and subcontractors Entities that we buy products and/or services from to incorporate into our delivery to customers.	Software publishers/ vendors Publishers/vendors that are software developers or creators. Crayon purchases software from the directly to resell to our customers.	Software suppliers Suppliers are inter-mediaries from which Crayon purchases software. Suppliers can also be publishers.

ENVIRONMENT

- E1 Climate change
- E5 Resource use and circular economy
- EU Taxonomy

E1 CLIMATE CHANGE

Crayon supports international scientific consensus that attributes climate change to a recent and significant increase in anthropogenic (human-induced) greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions.

Processes to identify and assess climate-related IROs

Our double materiality assessment identified eight climate-related impacts, risks and opportunities (IROs). The process we followed was the same one for the whole DMA, as described in the section [Double materiality assessment](#).

In assessing climate change, we considered our historical greenhouse gas emissions, recognising that our Scope 3 emissions likely represent our greatest potential to mitigate climate change.

The DMA identified two positive climate-related impacts and four negative climate-related impacts. No further analysis was conducted – for instance, there was no screening to identify GHG emission sources; nor were Crayon’s actual and potential impacts on climate change beyond those already captured in the IRO descriptions evaluated.

None of the climate-related IROs relate to physical risks or climate-related hazards. One transition risk and one opportunity were identified through our DMA, but no associated transition events were analysed nor how Crayon’s assets and business activities might be exposed to transition events.

We did not conduct a climate scenario analysis or assess the resilience of our business strategy and

model in the context of our material climate-related IROs. This includes the compatibility of our assets and business activities with the transition to a climate-neutral economy. By the same token, neither are we in a position to quantify concretely the anticipated financial effects and potential benefits from climate-related risks (physical and transition) and opportunities.

Climate-related risks and opportunities

The only material climate-related risk we identified in our double material assessment was related to Crayon’s ability to satisfy stakeholder expectations that we define and follow through on emission reduction targets and decarbonization/transition plans.

Specifically, there is a potential risk we could lose out on business and investment opportunities if our climate ambitions and progress are not perceived as sufficiently robust by key stakeholders such as shareholders and customers. This is against the backdrop of the heightened market expectations we have observed in recent years regarding companies' climate commitments.

This risk, considered a transition risk, applies to our own operations.

The sole material climate-related opportunity relates to the software we offer that helps customers improve their ESG performance, including reducing their carbon footprint. Examples include software helping customers to monitor and report on their GHG emissions. Through collaboration with upstream partners and support for downstream clients, we aim to maintain our competitive advantage and grow market share.

To supplement our double materiality assessment which covered a wide spectrum of ESG topics, in 2024 we partnered with Carbon Trust to initiate a separate and focused analysis of our climate-related risks and opportunities. The analysis is ongoing and the findings will be finalised in 2025.

MATERIAL IMPACTS, RISKS, AND OPPORTUNITIES RELATED TO CLIMATE CHANGE

IRO type	Description	Actions taken	Position in value chain	Time horizon
● Positive impact (actual)	• Climate smart cloud technology: Crayon supports customers in migrating to cloud services and optimizing cloud expenditure. This optimization helps reduce energy consumption and minimize the environmental impact associated with cloud services.	• Crayon’s cloud-based services and solutions are designed to help optimise customers’ cloud spend while simultaneously minimising their carbon footprint. These Crayon offerings are known as FinOps and GreenOps – the two are typically deployed in tandem as they are closely intertwined. FinOps and GreenOps are situated within our Software and Cloud Economics line of business.	Own operations 	Long-term
● Positive impact (actual)	• Renewable energy – data centers and offices: Crayon utilizes renewable electricity in three data centers and offices in Iceland and Norway, reinforcing its commitment to sustainability.	• We aim to consistently consume renewable energy at the sites where this option is available. • Our data centres accounted for 26% of our total electricity consumption across all our sites in 2024, rendering this a siwgnificant actual positive impact.	Own operations 	Short-, medium- and long-term
● Negative impact (potential)	• Emissions of software vendors, software suppliers, and hyperscale cloud providers’: Crayon is reliant on major upstream software publishers and vendors and hyperscale cloud providers that are significantly bigger and more powerful than us. Consequently, we are constrained in our ability to influence the design of software and cloud offerings developed by our partners, in turn limiting the possibilities to influence and achieve emission reductions in our own operations (where we use software and cloud solutions internally), and in the downstream of our value chain (where software and cloud solutions are offered to our customers).	• We engage in ongoing dialogue with upstream actors in our value chain to better understand their actions to become more environmentally sustainable. Where possible, we try to identify opportunities for synergies that combine successful commercial outcomes and progress in reducing negative environmental impacts.	Upstream 	Long-term
● Negative impact (potential)	• Energy consumption – offices and leased vehicles: Crayon uses energy (e.g. gas, petrol diesel) for heating offices and operating leased vehicles. This consumption can have a negative climate effect due to increased Scope 1, 2 and 3 greenhouse gas emissions.	• We measure our energy consumption as part of our annual greenhouse gas inventory.	Own operations 	Short- and long-term
● Negative impact (actual)	• Electricity consumption – offices and data centers: Crayon procures electricity for its offices and data centers. While cloud services drive efficiency, they also increase electricity consumption in data centers. • This consumption can have a negative climate effect due to increased Scope 1, 2 and 3 greenhouse gas emissions.	• We measure electricity consumption as part of our annual greenhouse gas inventory.	Own operations 	Short- and long-term
● Negative impact (actual)	• Indirect emissions in Crayon's value chain (upstream): Crayon’s Scope 3 emissions include business travel, employee commuting, waste disposal, and purchased goods and services. The company is committed to identifying and implementing reduction strategies.	• We measure our Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions as part of our annual greenhouse gas inventory.	Upstream 	Short- and long-term
● Opportunity	• GHG emissions software: By advancing practices and solutions that enable more sustainable outcomes with partners like Microsoft, Crayon strengthens its competitive advantage, while supporting green technology adoption.	• We offer our customers software that can help them measure their greenhouse emissions and identify opportunities for emissions reductions. (e.g. sustainability/ESG dashboards). We also have software solutions and services that take a more holistic approach to improving overall ESG performance.	Upstream, downstream 	Long-term
● Risk (transition)	• Climate commitments: With increasing market expectations around climate responsibility, Crayon recognizes the importance of aligning its sustainability ambitions with stakeholder expectations, ensuring continued business growth.	• We are in the process of preparing and submitting emission reduction targets to the Science Based Targets Initiative for validation. • Undergoing the SBTi process will help to solidify the credibility of our climate commitments.	Own operations 	Medium- and long-term

Policies related to climate change

In 2024, Crayon did not have formal policies, targets or transition/decarbonization plans in place for climate change mitigation or adaptation, energy efficiency or renewable energy. We also did not have policies covering climate-related IROs.

Governance

Crayon’s greenhouse gas emissions are measured by our Global ESG Team, which is led by the Vice President ESG, who in turn reports to the Chief Operating Officer.

Accessibility

We report our GHG emissions in our annual report and on the CDP platform.

Climate-related considerations in employee remuneration

In 2024, climate-related metrics were not included in the remuneration of any employees, the executive management team or board members.

Actions related to climate change in 2024

Setting emissions reduction targets

By the end of 2024, we were on track to submit near-term science-based targets to the Science Based Targets Initiative (SBTi) for validation in 2025. We engaged the Carbon Trust, a global climate consultancy, to support our footprinting and target-setting.

We initiated our registration on the SBTi portal in 2024 and anticipate concluding registration and all required SBTi steps during the course of 2025. Due to a significant uptick in the volume of queries received by the SBTi, Crayon’s registration took longer than expected and remains in progress.

Accompanying decarbonisation actions and levers to reduce our emissions are also under development as part of a future decarbonisation/transition plan for climate change mitigation and adaptation that will be launched and implemented in 2025. The allocation of financial and non-financial resources will be determined once the plan is finalized.

Targets

We had no other climate-related actions or targets in 2024.

Plans for 2025

Crayon’s new global ESG strategy includes greenhouse gas emissions and climate-related risk as one of the 16 ESG focus areas between 2025 and 2030. It is also one of the top three ESG strategic priorities for 2025. This reinforces the strategic relevance of climate-related IROs in our business model.

Climate change mitigation through FinOps and GreenOps

FinOps and GreenOps as tools for positive climate action

FinOps, a blend of "Finance" and "DevOps," is a collaborative cloud financial management practice that brings together IT, finance, and operations. FinOps optimizes cloud infrastructure by selecting sustainable cloud providers and eliminating unnecessary resources, leading to potentially measurable reductions in carbon emissions.

GreenOps complements FinOps by focusing on environmental strategies aimed at minimizing cloud waste and reducing ecological impact. Organizations can utilize multi-cloud solutions to track emissions across providers, calculate CO₂ equivalents, and identify opportunities for improvement.

Key pillars of GreenOps include:

- Understanding an organization’s cloud usage.
- Implementing basic optimizations, such as decommissioning unused resources, reducing over-provisioned services, and switching to more carbon-efficient regions, architectures or products.
- Modernizing IT architecture by adopting technologies such as serverless computing and containerization.

Crayon’s Cloud Cost Control FinOps and GreenOps tool offers granular visibility into Scope 3 emissions and will be expanded with more features to support customer decision-making.

Case study:

Bodø municipality benefits from Crayon’s GreenOps

Bodø Kommune, a municipality in Norway, leveraged GreenOps to achieve financial and environmental efficiency in its transition to cloud services. Crayon's analysis revealed 4.59 tonnes of CO₂ emissions from cloud usage, which were reduced by relocating virtual machines to hydropower-driven regions in Norway. This shift also minimized backup power needs, saving costs on infrastructure like a planned battery bank replacement while lowering electricity consumption.

Through cloud resource optimization such as eliminating redundancies and right-sizing virtual machines, Crayon helped cut Azure costs by 50%. These savings were reinvested in essential services, demonstrating the societal and environmental impact of sustainable IT practices.

Performance related to climate change in 2024

Our GHG emissions

We perform an annual GHG inventory that measures our Scope 1, 2, and 3 emissions. Our GHG inventory covers our operations worldwide and is reported to the CDP¹. Crayon’s emissions are calculated in line with the applicable international GHG Protocol standards.

Progress on GHG emissions

In 2024:

- Our absolute market-based GHG emissions across all three scopes declined by 4% compared to 2023.
- Our GHG emissions (economic) intensity declined by 12% while revenue grew by 9.6% compared to 2023.
 - Economic intensity refers to tons of CO₂ (market-based) per million Norwegian Kroner (NOK) of revenue.

¹ Formerly known as the Carbon Disclosure Project, the CDP is an international organization that aims to improve organizations’ disclosure of their environmental performance by producing annual questionnaires on climate change, supply chain, water, and forests.

Key drivers:

- Within Scope 1,1% of total market-based emissions came from natural gas for heating. The remaining 2% came from petrol and diesel used by our leased vehicles, refrigerants (fugitive emissions), and diesel consumed by generators.
- Within Scope 2, purchased electricity accounted for 7% of our total market-based emissions, with heat and steam contributing 0.2%.
- Within Scope 3, purchased goods and services were the largest contributor (71% of Scope 3, 64% of total market-based emissions), followed by business travel (22% of Scope 3, 19% of total market-based emissions).

To prepare for setting science-based targets we improved our emissions methodology in 2024. This included:

- Restating 2023 figures for better comparability.
- Expanding the number of reported Scope 3 categories from three to eight.
- More comprehensive and accurate data collection and analysis.

TOTAL SCOPE 1, 2 AND 3 MARKET-BASED EMISSIONS BY REGION

Emissions category	2024	2023
Asia Pacific & Middle East Africa (%)	31%	31%
Europe (%)	17%	18%
Nordics (%)	42%	42%
United Sates (%)	10%	9%
Total	100%	100%

Crayon’s total market-based emissions by scope



Scope 1

Direct emissions created by a company’s activities

3%

2%



Scope 2

Indirect emissions from a company’s activities

7%

8%



Scope 3

Indirect emissions from all other activities up and down the value chain

90%

90%

2024

2023

TOTAL EMISSIONS

	Unit	2024	2023 ¹
Scope 1 GHG emissions			
Gross Scope 1 GHG emissions (metric tons of CO ₂ equivalent)	Tons	620.987	603.45
Percentage of Scope 1 GHG emissions from regulated emission trading schemes (%)	%	0%	0%
Scope 2 GHG emissions			
Gross location-based Scope 2 GHG emissions (metric tons of CO ₂ equivalent)	Tons	1,120.80	781.46
Gross market-based Scope 2 GHG emissions (metric tons of CO ₂ equivalent)	Tons	1,779.03	1,889.95
Significant Scope 3 GHG emissions²			
Total gross indirect Scope 3 GHG emissions	Tons	22,321.05	23,133.77
Category 1: Purchased goods and services	Tons	15,843.63	18,033.60
Category 3: Fuel and energy-related activities	Tons	399.84	322.53
Category 5: Waste generated in operations	Tons	20.87	7.90
Category 6: Business travel	Tons	4,798.41	3,739.80
Category 7: Employee commuting	Tons	726.57	658.78
Category 8: Upstream leased assets	Tons	530.78	345.48
Category 11: Use of sold products	Tons	0.941	25.57
Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products	Tons	0.008	0.09
Total GHG emissions			
Total location-based emissions (Scope 1 + 2 + 3)	Tons	24,062.84	24,518.67
Total market-based emissions (Scope 1 + 2 + 3)	Tons	24,721.06	25,627.17

¹ Restated to reflect increased data accuracy.

² Only the Scope 3 categories assessed as relevant and applicable to Crayon are shown. The remaining Scope 3 categories have been assessed as not relevant or applicable to Crayon and are therefore excluded from our GHG inventory.

EMISSIONS INTENSITY

		2024	2023
Location-based emissions intensity			
Emissions intensity/employee (physical intensity)	Ton/FTE	5.75	6.09
Emissions intensity/revenue (economic intensity)	Ton/million (NOK)	3.43	3.83
Market-based emissions intensity			
Emissions intensity/employee (physical intensity)	Ton/FTE	5.91	6.37
Emissions intensity/revenue (economic intensity)	Ton/million (NOK)	3.53	4.01

VALUES USED TO NORMALIZE OUR EMISSIONS DATA AND CALCULATE EMISSIONS INTENSITY

	Unit	2024	2023
Employees	Full-time equivalent employees (FTEs)	4,182.06	4,021
Revenue ¹	Millions (Norwegian Kroner)	7,012	6,397

¹ 2024 revenue figures are reported on page 126, [Note 2](#) of the financial statements in this document (2024 Annual Report); 2023 revenue figures are reported on page 29, Note 2 of the [2023 Annual Report](#).

Group consolidation of Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions

The Scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions reported reflect the consolidated accounting group of Crayon Group Holding ASA, including the parent and subsidiaries. We follow the principle of operational control.

One investee—Cloud Direct Limited, a UK-based company in which Crayon holds a non-controlling interest—is excluded from the GHG inventory. This is because Crayon does not have operational control over the entity and we anticipate the entity’s emissions are insignificant based on financial performance. Cloud Direct is referenced in [Note 24](#) of the financial statements.



Our energy consumption and mix

In 2024, Crayon consumed a total of 8,849 MWh of energy across its operations (2023:7,835MwH). This was a 12.9% increase from 2023.

In 2024, 26% of our total energy consumption was derived from market-based renewable energy sources (2023: 15%).

Due to data constraints, it is unknown what percent-age of our total energy consumption in 2024 was derived from nuclear energy sources.

Crayon falls under the following NACE code and is therefore not in a high climate impact sector:

NACE code	Description
K.62.20	Computer consultancy and computer facilities management
NACE code and description as provided by the EU Commission (NACE Rev.2.1)	

ENERGY CONSUMPTION IN CRAYON’S OWN OPERATIONS (MWH)

	2024	2023 ¹
Total Crayon energy consumption within the organization	8,848.62	7,834.56
Total energy consumption within the organization from non-renewable sources	6,512.92	7,895.56
Consumption from heavy oil (petrol from leased vehicles)	826.60	613.00
Consumption of diesel from leased vehicles	382.70	252.30
Diesel from generators	2.74	5.03
Consumption of other non-renewable energy	3,853.90	4,532.90
Natural gas for heating of offices	1,446.98	1,246.13
Total energy consumption within the organization from renewable sources	2,335.70	1,187.70
Consumption of biomass energy	19.10	13.30
Consumption of purchased or acquired electricity, heat, steam, and cooling from renewable sources	2,242.40	1,094.40
Consumption of self-generated non-fuel renewable energy	74.10	80.00
Total energy consumption within the organization from nuclear sources	Unknown	Unknown
Fuel consumption from nuclear energy	Unknown	Unknown

¹ 2023 figures are restated to reflect improved data accuracy.

We have updated both 2024 and 2023 metrics to include energy consumption not previously reported in other ESG disclosures such as the 2023 ESG Report: Diesel (generators); natural gas (office heating); consumption of electricity, heat steam and cooling from renewable energy sources; consumption of self-generated non-fuel renewable energy; and consumption of fuel derived from nuclear energy sources.

Methodology

The operational control approach determines Crayon’s organizational boundary and in turn the activities to be included in the GHG inventory. The operational control principle applies to all emissions in our greenhouse gas inventory:

- Scopes 1 and 2 – our organizational footprint.
- Scope 3 – our value chain footprint.

The reporting period is aligned to the 2024 calendar year, which is Crayon’s financial year.

The Scope 1, 2, and 3 footprints have been calculated to align with the Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard of the Greenhouse Gas Protocol, the accepted international standard for GHG value chain modelling.

Emission factors are based on the most recent GWP values published by the IPCC based on a 100-year time horizon to calculate CO₂ equivalent emissions of non-CO₂ gases.

Crayon did not include any removals, or any purchased, sold or transferred carbon credits or GHG allowances in the calculation of Scope 1, 2 and 3 GHG emissions.

No emissions were reported under regulated trading schemes, and we did not operate or finance any carbon offset projects or apply internal carbon pricing.

All relevant Scope 3 categories were assessed to understand which categories are important, and to comply with the GHG Protocol Scope 3 Standard.

Some Scope 3 emissions were calculated using inputs from specific activities within Crayon Group’s value chain. We estimate that 0.008% of our Scope 3 emissions were based on data from suppliers or value chain partners.

Biogenic emissions

Our assessment is that we may have some biogenic emissions, but they are not significant against the backdrop of our total carbon footprint. We may have biogenic emissions related to:

- Scope 1 – natural gas consumption (for heating) and petrol and diesel consumption (for our leased vehicles).
- Scope 2 – electricity consumption.
- Scope 3 – category 5 (waste) and category 6 (business travel).

We encountered data challenges such as unavailability of biogenic emission factors, hence we could not report biogenic emissions in detail for 2024. We aim to improve this going forward.

Scope 1

Scope 1 emissions were based on natural gas, stationary diesel, refrigerants (fugitive emissions) and diesel and petrol associated with our leased vehicles. Consumption (activity) data was supplemented with estimates where relevant. We used 2024 emission factors from BEIS and DEFRA.

Scope 2

Scope 2 emissions were based on purchased electricity (location- and market-based) as well as purchased heat and steam.

Scope 2 location-based emissions were calculated using 2024 emission factors from IEA, AIB (Association of Issuing Bodies) and the Energy Statistics Browser. Scope 2 market-based emissions were calculated using emission factors from the IEA and the Association of Issuing Bodies. The 2024 publication on the Residual Mixes and European Attribute Mix was used. For locations where a residual mix factor was not available, the location-based emission factor was used.

We use guarantees of origin for renewable electricity in Iceland and Norway, and a green certificate in Latvia, covering 36% of Scope 2 market-based emissions.

Purchased heat and steam in Scope 2 relates to emissions from heating and cooling used in Crayon’s offices across the world. Emission factors for district heating were based on national public sources such as DEFRA and Stockholm Exergi.

Scope 3

We reported on eight Scope 3 categories which were found to be relevant and applicable to Crayon after a screening exercise. Of the eight, purchased goods and services is the biggest category.

Scope 3 emissions were calculated using 2024 emission factors from the EPA, BEIS, DEFRA, IEA, the World Input-Output Database, and the Open Input Output Database.

Category 1: Purchased goods and services

This is our largest Scope 3 category. Calculations are based on spend data from Crayon’s financial reporting systems, where expenses are logged by each subsidiary and compiled in a group-level report (PNL). These are mapped to spend-based emission factors.

Expenses include a broad range of goods and services: IT hardware, transportation and logistics, facilities, insurance and more.

Software purchased by Crayon for internal use is included. However, software and cloud licenses sold to customers are excluded, as Crayon acts as an agent for vendors and does not control the delivery or usage in relation to customers.

Category 3: Fuel and energy-related activities

This category captures upstream emissions of fuel and electricity used in Crayon’s not already accounted for Scope 1 and Scope 2.

Emissions are calculated by multiplying electricity and fuel consumption quantities by the relevant upstream emission factors. For example, for natural gas this includes a Well-to-Tank (WTT) emissions (i.e. before combustion), and for electricity this includes WTT (generation), WTT (transmission & distribution) and transmission and distribution losses emissions.

Category 5: Waste

Emissions in this category relate to third-party treatment and disposal of operational waste. Waste types include residual waste, sorted and mixed waste, hazardous waste, organic waste, and wastewater.

Calculations are based on either actual reported volumes or estimates per waste type.

Category 6: Business travel

This category includes emissions calculated based on:

- Transportation via air, rail, car and bus
- Hotel accommodation
- Distance-based travel allowances.

Emissions were calculated using a combination of spend, distance, fuel and mode of transport, depending on data availability. The emission factors used for business travel include Tank-to-Wheel (TTW) emission.

Category 7: Employee commuting

Category 7 covers emissions from employees’ transportation between home and their Crayon office location. It does not include employees travelling in vehicles hired by Crayon or staying in hotels paid for by Crayon – this is captured in Category 6.

Commuting emissions are based on an assumed 227 working days and a 40% office/60% home working split based on an internal employee survey. Emissions from home working were calculated but are not included in our footprint, in line with SBTi guidance.

Category 8: Upstream leased assets

Category 8 includes the upstream emissions relating to the use of leased assets not accounted for in our Scope 1 or 2 inventory. This includes offices leased in co-working spaces where Crayon does not have operational control.

The actual or estimated consumption per co-working space for purchased electricity, natural gas and refrigerants was multiplied by the appropriate full life cycle emission factor to calculate total emissions.

Category 11: Use of sold products

Covers emissions from the use phase of hardware products sold by Crayon in Iceland through our subsidiary Sensa.

It is assumed that all hardware purchased in 2024 was also sold that year, and that each product has a four-year lifespan. Products were grouped by type, and the most frequently sold item in each group was selected as the “typical product.”

Lifetime electricity consumption per product was calculated using manufacturer specifications, then multiplied by the total number of units sold in each category. Emissions were derived by applying Iceland’s electricity emission factor to the total calculated electricity consumption.

Software and cloud licenses sold to customers are excluded. Crayon acts as an agent in these transactions and does not control delivery, access, or use.

Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Covers emissions from the disposal and waste treatment of hardware products sold by Crayon in 2024. Emissions were calculated for the total quantity of hardware products purchased by Crayon, on the assumption they were all sold in the same year. It is assumed that the electronic waste from hardware sold is recycled. The category average was multiplied by the number of products purchased to calculate the total category weight. Emissions were calculated by multiplying the total category weight with the appropriate emission factor.

RELEVANT SCOPE 3 CATEGORIES

Scope 3 category relevant and applicable to Crayon

Category 1: Purchased goods and services
Due to our legacy systems for data collection and financial reporting, it is difficult to disaggregate emissions related to other Scope 3 categories. Category 1 therefore also indirectly captures emissions related to:
• Category 2: Capital goods
• Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution
• Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution
Category 3: Fuel and energy related activities
Category 5: Waste generated in operations
Category 6: Business travel
Category 7: Employee commuting
Category 8: Upstream leased assets
Category 11: Use of sold products
Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

NOT RELEVANT SCOPE 3 CATEGORIES

Scope 3 category not relevant or applicable to Crayon	Reason for exclusion
Category 10: Processing of sold products	Products sold by Crayon do not require further processing.
Category 13: Downstream leased assets	Crayon has no downstream leased assets.
Category 14: Franchises	Crayon has no franchises.
Category 15: Investments	Crayon has no financed emissions. Any equity stakes are assessed under the operational control approach and excluded if emissions are considered insignificant.

E5 RESOURCE USE AND CIRCULAR ECONOMY

Crayon incorporates and observes circular economy principles in different ways, most substantially through our sustainable device management program.

Processes to identify material resource use and circular economy-related IROs

During our double materiality assessment, we considered our own operations as well as the upstream and downstream of our value chain. In line with this process, other potential impacts, risks, and opportunities — for example, waste — were considered but not assessed as material.

Our existing sustainable device management program stood out as an example of material and meaningful circular economy-related impacts, risks and opportunities aligned with our business model. This conclusion was based on qualitative input from a cross-functional group of internal subject matter experts. No additional stakeholder consultations were conducted beyond those already specified; for example, potentially affected communities were not consulted.

We took into account that within the context of our sustainable device management program, Crayon is an end-user or consumer of finished hardware items

and accessories manufactured or refurbished by other actors such as original equipment manufacturers.

Crayon is a software reseller, acting as an agent to facilitate downstream customers’ access to software and cloud licenses that are provided by upstream software publishers/vendors and hyperscale cloud providers. As such, our IROs related to resource use and circularity are limited to our own operations where IT hardware is essential for our employees to deliver on their respective roles.

Our assessment is that Crayon has an actual negative impact through the generation of electronic waste as well as the procurement of some hardware items which contain rare earth metals and minerals such as tantalum, palladium and platinum — thereby contributing to resource depletion.

Conversely, Crayon has an actual positive impact through our sustainable device management program. Because it is built on circular economy principles, the program inherently addresses transitioning away from the use of virgin resources, including relative increases in the use of secondary (recycled) resources; it also addresses sustainable sourcing and use of renewable resources.

About Crayon’s sustainable device management program

The program aims to standardize Crayon’s procurement and disposal of internal IT equipment and hardware used by our employees — for example, laptops, monitors, and accessories — to reduce electronic waste and the use of virgin raw materials. Where feasible, refurbished or recycled hardware is procured in preference to newly manufactured hardware.

A key feature of this global program is the centralization of purchasing and disposal activities, facilitated in part by a digital product catalog and ordering portal.

Our IT hardware purchases are guided by the following sustainability criteria:

1. **At the procurement stage**, ensuring all devices are energy efficient, easily repairable, and contain some recycled and non-toxic materials and components. Life cycle assessments are also available for some of the devices to help Crayon choose the ones with the lowest carbon footprint.
2. **While the devices are in use**, defaulting to repair and maintenance to prolong lifespans.

Foxway: Partnering with Crayon to lead the circular IT revolution

Foxway is a leading provider of circular IT services, helping businesses and public organizations extend the lifecycle of their tech through refurbishment, resale and reuse, and more sustainable IT solutions. Headquartered in Stockholm, Sweden, Foxway operates in over 130 countries and employs more than 1,000 people.

Specializing in tech devices such as laptops, desktops, tablets, and smartphones, Foxway operates some of the largest proprietary recommerce platforms in Northern Europe. While prolonging the lifetime of each device through multiple lifecycles is the core business, the company also provides new devices in collaboration with OEMs like HP, Lenovo, Dell, and Acer. Through services such as Device as a Service (DaaS) and IT Asset Disposition (ITAD), Foxway enables organizations to access both new and premium refurbished tech, while minimizing negative environmental impact.

MATERIAL IMPACTS, RISKS, AND OPPORTUNITIES RELATED TO RESOURCE USE AND CIRCULAR ECONOMY

IRO type	Description	Actions taken	Position in value chain	Time horizon
● Positive impact (actual)	• Promoting circular initiatives: Crayon supports a sustainable device management program which is based on circular economy principles.	• Our global sustainable device management program is our main structured initiative to reduce e-waste and promote circular economy principles.	Own operations 	Short- and medium-term
● Negative impact (actual)	• Resource sourcing: Crayon sources IT hardware that contains rare earth metals and minerals, as well as other virgin raw materials. The manufacture of such hardware has negative environmental impacts.	• As part of the program, our IT hardware purchases are based on sustainability criteria. At the end of life, the hardware is recycled or reused/ resold as refurbished items.	Own operations 	Medium-and long-term

3. **At the end of life**, recycling or reselling all hardware used by Crayon.
- a. This includes reducing packaging waste by, for example, returning old laptops to the procurement vendors in the boxes the new laptops were sent in.

Crayon works with an external procurement partner named Foxway that specializes in asset life-cycle management and has a local presence in multiple countries.

Policies related to resource use and circular economy

We do not have formal policies in place, but our sustainable device management program is administered in line with the contract and service level agreement established with our service provider, Foxway. Foxway is part of international initiatives such as the Responsible Minerals Initiative, the Responsible Labor Initiative, and the Responsible Factory Initiative.

Because the program involves refurbished or recycled hardware, data privacy and information security are key considerations. These concerns are addressed through our service provider’s ISO 27001 certification for information security management. Practical security measures include device encryption and hard drive erasure.

Looking ahead, we plan to formulate a new policy that shapes our sustainable device management program by articulating key performance indicators related to e-waste and circular economy principles in our own operations.

Governance

Crayon’s sustainable device management program is led by our IT Director, who is part of the Global IT Team. This team reports to the Chief Information Officer, who in turn reports to the Chief Financial Officer.

Following a successful launch in 2023, the program has been integrated into Group IT’s regular operations. Ongoing tasks are distributed across several IT teams:

- IT support team: Handles employee requests related to IT hardware as needed.
- Endpoint team: Manages hardware reviews and updates. One dedicated resource is assigned to this work.
- IT management and endpoint team: Jointly manage vendor relationships, with one assigned resource from each team.

Actions related to resource use and circular economy in 2024

During the first half of 2024, we successfully rolled out the sustainable device management program to the remaining Crayon sites and now have global coverage. Procurement of new and refurbished enterprise hardware – such as videoconferencing equipment – is not yet included in the program. However, our service provider manages the recycling of enterprise hardware that is already in use by Crayon. By standardizing office equipment, we are limiting the amount of uncontrolled hardware.

In terms of program evolution, we are working with our service provider to develop a new online portal. This platform will improve the user experience, streamline the ordering process, strengthen asset management and provide direct access to ESG data.

Based on continuous user feedback, we have updated our device catalog. Recent changes include the addition of devices powered by ARM microchips for improved performance, battery life, and AI capabilities. We have also removed buffer stocks for high-performance devices to reduce costs and discontinued custom devices to simplify the catalog and further optimize expenses.

Additionally, we are reviewing a potential new (supplementary) provider in the APAC region to address challenges related to local regulations, as our current service provider has faced significant difficulties in this area.

Plans for 2025

Crayon’s new global ESG strategy includes e-waste and circular economy as one of the 16 ESG focus areas between 2025 and 2030. In this way, the IROs related to resource use and circular economy influence our business strategy and business model.

Performance related to resource use and circular economy

2024 METRICS FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVICE MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

Indicator	2024	Comments
Number of IT devices procured by Crayon	Total of 950 devices purchased in 2024: 150 monitors 545 laptops 66 PC docking & hub stations 187 mice, keyboards and pens for PCs 2 PC desktops	-
Number of IT devices recycled or resold after use by Crayon	Total of 293 IT devices were recycled or resold after use by Crayon in 2024: 203 reused (sold again) 90 recycled	Reuse and recycling of hardware procured by Crayon prior to the launch of the sustainable device management program.
Disclosure of information on material resource inflows	Foxway delivered electronics and packaging of electronics to Crayon. The content of the products included materials such as: Electronics - Metals: Aluminum, Steel, Gold, Tin, Copper, Gold, Magnesium - Plastics: New and recycled Plastics - Minerals: Lithium, Cobalt, Tantalum, Tungsten, Rare earth elements (e.g. lanthanum, cerium, neodymium, and dysprosium) Packaging - Biological materials: virgin and recycled wood fibers	-
Overall total weight of products and technical and biological materials used during the reporting period	2,112 tonnes Weight of products	Device numbers are based on the assumption of same use density as for purchased devices.
	275 kg Weight of biological packaging materials	Total weight of 547 laptops procured in 2024, 150 Monitors procured, and computer accessories (incl. docking stations & hubs & PC mouse and keyboards).
		Packaging material estimates are based on primary, secondary and tertiary packaging.
Percentage of biological materials (and biofuels used for non-energy purposes)	100% Percentage of biological materials used in packaging	Packaging uses biological materials in the form of paper and cardboard. Estimates are based on primary, secondary and tertiary packaging.
The absolute weight of secondary reused or recycled components, secondary intermediary products and secondary materials used to manufacture the undertaking’s products and services (including packaging)	33.9 kg Recycled material in the 60 Apple laptops procured by Crayon in 2024 (excluding packaging)	Data unavailable for most products due to lack of data disclosure by the OEMs. Apple discloses data for Apple MacBook Pro and Air.
	25.8kg Recycled material in the packaging of the 60 Apple laptops procured by Crayon in 2024	
Percentage of secondary reused or recycled components, secondary intermediary products and secondary materials	36.4% Average for Apple Macbook Pro and Air laptops based on Apple product data sheets	Data unavailable for most products (due to lack of data disclosure by the OEMs).

All metrics are being reported for the first time in 2024. We prioritised the current reporting period (2024) and it was impracticable for us to provide comparative metrics for previous years. The metrics on number of IT devices procured and either reused or recycled are optional entity-specific data points that we have chosen to include for completeness.

Methodology

Data sources

We have relied on our service provider for all metrics related to our sustainable device management program for the 2024 reporting period. In turn, for some metrics our service provider has made estimates based on proxies, where the publicly available data of a limited number of original equipment manufacturers (OEMs) are considered to be representative proxies (indirect sources) for the IT hardware industry. We consider these proxies to constitute value chain estimates, the accuracy of which is constrained by not covering all brand and device types.

Our service provider indicated to Crayon that full and in-depth availability of the supplier-specific data points to comply with ESRS E5 requirements is a challenge that will remain difficult to address for the foreseeable future.

External validation

Other than review by our limited assurance provider, the reported performance metrics related to resource use and circular economy are not validated by an external body.

Approach

1. Materials disclosed in resource inflows are extracted from the OEM product information of Apple and Lenovo, product information sections.
2. Methodology to calculate the total weight of products and technical and biological materials used during the reporting period:
515 Laptops * 1,55 Kg + 111 Monitors * 10,8 Kg + 66 PC Docking & Hub*0,33 Kg + 187 PCs Mouse, keyboard & pen* 0,5 Kg = 2,112 tonnes

3. Packaging

Biological materials in packaging

The methodology to calculate the weight and percentage of biological materials in primary, secondary and tertiary packaging was estimated based on a combination of packaging data from

Apple and Lenovo (for devices shipped individually), and packaging data from our service provider (for consolidated shipments of multiple devices).

Based on product data sheets, 100% of the original packaging from Apple and Lenovo is made of paper and cardboard.

All packaging within our service provider’s organization is 100% paper and cardboard (e.g. paper tape) and is therefore categorized as biological.

Recycled materials in packaging

The methodology to calculate the absolute weight of recycled materials in packaging was based on Apple product data sheets. Apple discloses data for Apple MacBook Pro and Air. Assuming 430g of recycled content in the packaging of each Apple device, and 60 devices purchased by Crayon in the reporting period:
60 Apple laptops * 430g = 25800g (25.8kg)

Data challenges concerning packaging

- Data availability for packaging materials is a challenge because:
- Some shipments are consolidated when outbound, whereas others are not.
 - Depending on the country in question, the local approach to packaging may differ to accommodations norms and regulations.
 - Some manufacturers share information about their packaging (e.g. Apple), whereas others do not. It is therefore difficult to establish structured and standardized data collection.

Our service provider is investigating ways to address these data challenges.

4. The methodology to calculate the absolute weight of secondary reused or recycled components in hardware devices was based on Apple product data sheets. Apple discloses data for Apple MacBook Pro and Air. Assuming a weighted average of 36.4% recycled content per Apple unit/ device, and 60 Apple devices purchased by Crayon in the reporting period.

5. The weight of each product purchased by Crayon via our service provider was sourced online (product data sheets) and then multiplied by the quantity of that product sold to Crayon in 2024. The final step of the calculation was to multiply the weighted average with the product groups disclosed above.
6. Data about products in use at Crayon is extracted from our service provider’s financial systems. Our service provider does not register the use of accessories and assumed that sold devices equals used devices for this category.

Targets

We did not have 2024 targets related to resource use and circular economy because our sustainable device management program is still in the nascent stages. Our initial focus has been on a successful launch, followed by a discovery period to gauge the different levers to effect change within the program.

EU TAXONOMY

About the EU Taxonomy Regulation

The EU Taxonomy Regulation aims to boost investment in environmentally friendly activities by creating a common language and framework for investors, issuers, and policymakers. It is a key element of the European Green Deal’s aspirations for Europe to become a climate-neutral continent by 2050.

The taxonomy provided in the Regulation is a classification tool that enables companies to categorize their business activities as:

- Taxonomy-eligible**
Having the potential to be considered sustainable and potentially contribute to one of the six environmental objectives laid out in Article 9 of the Regulation.
- Taxonomy-aligned**
Being taxonomy-eligible whilst also meeting additional criteria specified in the Regulation, such as complying with minimum safeguards, not significantly harming any of the environmental objectives, and that the economic activity is environmentally sustainable.

Norway’s Sustainable Finance Act, which entered into force on 1 January 2023, is the Norwegian legislation capturing the requirements of the EU Taxonomy Regulation and its delegated acts, including the Disclosures Delegated Act. Consequently, in-scope companies incorporated in Norway such as our parent Crayon Group Holding ASA, are required to report in line with Article 8 of the EU Taxonomy Regulation.

Our scope of reporting

The taxonomy reporting period is aligned with the broader annual report, and is 1 January to 31 December 2024. This is Crayon’s second year reporting in accordance with the EU Taxonomy Regulation – our previous disclosures are in our 2023 ESG Report.

The information is prepared on a group consolidated level and presented in Norwegian Kroner (NOK), as in the consolidated financial statements.

As required by law, this report covers Crayon’s business activities that are either eligible or non-eligible under the Taxonomy.

Progress made in evaluating our economic activities in 2024

Our analysis in 2024 showed that some of Crayon’s core business activities are eligible and could potentially be aligned with the relevant, in-scope economic activities identified in the Climate Delegated Act.

We screened the EU-Taxonomy criteria, to create a list of economic activities that could potentially be eligible and/or aligned. The description of each economic activity was mapped against our operations and the broader context to establish the best possible fit.

Three activities were assessed to be relevant to the Taxonomy, and we have focused our KPI disclosures on these to ensure our reporting remains transparent and reliable:

- 8.1 Data processing, hosting, and related activities
- 7.7 Acquisition and ownership of buildings
- 6.5 Transport by motorbikes, passenger cars, and light commercial vehicles

In addition to the activities above, activity 4.1. Provision of IT/OT data-driven solutions and software could potentially be in scope, where the potential environmental benefits of our FinOps and IT Asset Management (ITAM) initiatives can be significant.

Through FinOps, we optimize cloud infrastructure, selecting sustainable cloud providers and eliminating unnecessary resources, which may translate into a measurable reduction in carbon emissions. ITAM complements FinOps by managing the lifecycle of hardware and software assets. This approach may help reduce e-waste and extend the use of IT resources. These projects are one of many initiatives

within Crayon and are considered to be a small portion of Crayon's overall business.

While we believe aspects of such projects could contribute to circularity, we currently lack the necessary data to substantiate this claim. It is essential for Crayon to provide accurate and measurable evidence of how any activity aligns with the principles of circularity. We are committed to further developing our methodologies and gathering the required data to support this in future reports.

RELEVANT ACTIVITIES

Economic activity as described in the Climate Delegated Act	In-scope Crayon services and solutions	Relevant environmental objective in the Taxonomy
8.1 Data processing, hosting, and related activities	Crayon operates three data centers in Norway and Iceland. One data center is owned by us, and we lease capacity in the other two. Our data centers assist clients in lowering their carbon footprint by migrating, storing, and processing their data from less energy efficient on-premises facilities to our efficient data centers. The data centers are powered by renewable energy sources.	Climate mitigation
7.7 Acquisition and ownership of buildings	This activity includes all leased buildings used in Crayon's business which are accounted for in accordance with IFRS 16.	Climate mitigation
6.5 Transport by motorbikes, passenger cars, and light commercial vehicles	This activity includes all leased vehicles used in Crayon’s business which are accounted for in accordance with IFRS 16.	Climate mitigation

Our Taxonomy KPIs in 2024

For each relevant business activity, the EU Taxonomy requires companies to disclose the percentage of their turnover, operating expenditures (OpEx) and capital expenditures (CapEx) that is eligible, non-eligible and aligned.

The table below presents our findings on eligibility and alignment in 2024.

In 2023, we indicated zero eligibility and alignment for turnover, CapEx, and OpEx due to our ongoing comprehensive assessment to determine which activities align with the EU Taxonomy. Although we made significant progress, we could not complete the analysis in time for that report. We finalized the assessment in 2024 and can therefore provide more detailed data on eligibility.

For 2024, we have indicated a zero percent alignment share in this report due to data challenges related to documentation such as building energy classifications. We are committed to addressing this issue and will work to improve our documentation and alignment assessment in 2025. We do not currently have adequate documentation to effectively assess the alignment criteria, as this requires evaluation against certificates and external documentation, such as vehicle fuel consumption and building energy classifications. In some cases, the available documentation is incomplete, which limits our ability to produce a reliable report on alignment.

EU TAXONOMY ELIGIBILITY AND ALIGNMENT KPIS IN 2024

Key performance indicator (KPI)	Total (NOK millions)	Eligible (NOK millions)	Eligible (%)	Non-eligible (%)	Aligned (%)
Net Turnover	7,012	4	0.05%	99.95%	0%
Capital Expenditure	203	52	25.82%	74.18%	0%
Operating Expenditure	46	28	61.64%	38.36%	0%

Note: The information is prepared on a group consolidated level and presented in Norwegian Kroner (NOK), as in the consolidated financial statements.

Reporting principles

Our report presents financial data based on International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the EU, reflecting Crayon's consolidated financial statements.

In alignment with the Disclosures Delegated Act (Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/2178), Crayon's reporting includes a breakdown of Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) on turnover, capital expenditure (CapEx), and operating expenditure (OpEx). Each KPI captures the financial impact of taxonomy-eligible or -aligned activities.

KPI reporting requirements

- Aligned activities:** Turnover, CapEx, and OpEx derived from activities that meet EU taxonomy alignment criteria.
- Eligible but not aligned activities:** Financials related to activities eligible for taxonomy but not yet fully aligned.
- Non-eligible activities:** Turnover, CapEx, and OpEx from activities that do not meet taxonomy eligibility.

Our reporting principles ensure that turnover, CapEx, and OpEx calculations are based on the methodology prescribed in the EU taxonomy regulation that details how each KPI component is determined, and values are allocated to the numerator.

The framework specifies how revenues and expenditures are distributed across economic activities, with references to relevant financial statement line items. For comparative period changes, any methodological updates that enhance accuracy will be disclosed, including restated figures for previous KPIs where applicable. Material adjustments in CapEx plans will also be documented, along with explanations of how these changes affect Crayon's eligibility and alignment timeline and sustainability objectives.

Our accounting policies

Crayon's reporting on KPIs is based on the accounting policy for KPI calculation across the four major business areas, Software & Cloud Direct, Software & Cloud Channel, Software & Cloud Economics, and Consulting:

Net Turnover KPI is the share of net turnover from taxonomy-aligned or -eligible products or services. This KPI follows the Disclosures Delegated Act (Annex I) and measures the taxonomy-aligned or eligible portion (numerator) against the total net turnover (denominator) per Directive 2013/34/EU. The net turnover includes sales revenue per IFRS 15, excluding rebates, VAT, and other turnover-linked taxes, and recognizes revenue per IAS 1.82(a). The net turnover can be reconciled as revenue in the [Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income](#) on page 121.

CapEx KPI measures the proportion of capital expenditures aligned or -eligible with taxonomy requirements or part of a credible alignment plan. The denominator covers additions to tangible and intangible assets for the financial year, excluding depreciation, amortization, and fair value changes. The capital expenditures comply with relevant IAS and IFRS standards, including specific property, intangible assets, and lease criteria.

The numerator includes CapEx associated with taxonomy-aligned or taxonomy-eligible activities and primarily consists of additions of leased assets based on IFRS 16 calculations. The total CapEx can be reconciled as additions in [Note 7 Equipment and right-of-use assets](#) and [Note 8 Intangible assets](#) in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statement on page 133 and 135.

OpEx KPI indicates the proportion of operational expenditures related to taxonomy-aligned or -eligible activities. The denominator includes maintenance and short-term leases necessary for asset upkeep. The numerator reflects OpEx linked to taxonomy-eligible activities, mainly comprising non-capitalized short-term leases and certain costs for asset upkeep related to activity 7.7. Repair, maintenance and non-capitalized research and development is not relevant for Crayon in 2024 and is not reflected in the OpEx KPI.

Double counting

For the CapEx and OpEx allocations, we have identified the relevant purchases and measures as well as the primary related economic activity in the Climate Delegated Act. In this way, we ensure that no CapEx or OpEx is double counted.

Performance related to the EU Taxonomy

TURNOVER KPI

Financial Year 2024	2024			Substantial Contribution Criteria						DNSH criteria (Does Not Significantly Harm)									
Economic Activities (1)	Code (2)	Turnover (3)	Proportion of Turnover, year 2024 (4)	Climate Change Mitigation (5)	Climate Change Adaptation (6)	Water (7)	Pollution (8)	Circular Economy (9)	Biodiversity (10)	Climate Change Mitigation (11)	Climate Change Adaptation (12)	Water (13)	Pollution (14)	Circular Economy (15)	Biodiversity (16)	Minimum Safeguards (17)	Proportion of Taxonomy aligned (A.1.) or eligible (A.2.) Turnover, 2023 (18)	Category enabling activity (19)	Category transitional activity (20)
		NOK millions	%	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	%	E	T
A. TAXONOMY-ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES																			
A.1 Environmentally sustainable activities (Taxonomy-aligned)																			
Turnover of environmentally sustainable activities (Taxonomy-aligned) (A.1)		0.0	0.00%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	0%		
Of which Enabling		0.0	0.00%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	0%	E	
Of which Transitional		0.0	0.00%	0%						N	N	N	N	N	N	N	0%		T
A.2 Taxonomy Eligible but not environmentally sustainable activities (not Taxonomy-aligned activities)																			
				EL; N/EL	EL; N/EL	EL; N/EL	EL; N/EL	EL; N/EL	EL; N/EL										
Acquisition and ownership of buildings	CCM 7.7	2.0	0.03%	EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL								0%		
Data processing, hosting and related activities	CCM 8.1	1.9	0.03%	EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL								0%		
Turnover of Taxonomy eligible but not environmentally sustainable activities (not Taxonomy-aligned activities) (A.2)		3.8	0.05%	0.05%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%								0%		
A. Turnover of Taxonomy eligible activities (A.1+A.2)		3.8	0.05%	0.05%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%								0%		
B. TAXONOMY NON-ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES																			
Turnover of Taxonomy non-eligible activities		7,008.2	99.95%																
TOTAL		7,012.1	100%																

Performance related to the EU Taxonomy (ctd)

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (CAPEX) KPI

Financial Year 2024	2024			Substantial Contribution Criteria						DNSH criteria (Does Not Significantly Harm)									
Economic Activities (1)	Code (2)	CapEx (3)	Proportion of CapEx, year 2024 (4)	Climate Change Mitigation (5)	Climate Change Adaptation (6)	Water (7)	Pollution (8)	Circular Economy (9)	Biodiversity (10)	Climate Change Mitigation (11)	Climate Change Adaptation (12)	Water (13)	Pollution (14)	Circular Economy (15)	Biodiversity (16)	Minimum Safeguards (17)	Proportion of Taxonomy aligned (A.1.) or eligible (A.2.) CapEx, year 2023 (18)	Category enabling activity (19)	Category transitional activity (20)
		NOK millions	%	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	%	E	T
A. TAXONOMY-ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES																			
A.1 Environmentally sustainable activities (Taxonomy-aligned)																			
Turnover of environmentally sustainable activities (Taxonomy-aligned) (A.1)		0.0	0.00%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	0%		
Of which Enabling		0.0	0.00%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	0%	E	
Of which Transitional		0.0	0.00%	0%						N	N	N	N	N	N	N	0%		T
A.2 Taxonomy Eligible but not environmentally sustainable activities (not Taconomy-aligned activities)																			
				EL; N/EL	EL; N/EL	EL; N/EL	EL; N/EL	EL; N/EL	EL; N/EL										
Transport by motorbikes, passenger cars, and light commercial vehicles	CCM 6.5	4.5	2.20%	EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL								0%		
Acquisition and ownership of buildings	CCM 7.7	47.7	23.51%	EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL								0%		
Data processing, hosting and related activities	CCM 8.1	0.2	0.11%	EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL								0%		
CapEx of Taxonomy eligible but not environmentally sustainable activities (not Taxonomy-aligned activities) (A.2)		52.4	25.82%	25.82%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%								0%		
A. CapEx of Taxonomy eligible activities (A.1+A.2)		52.4	25.82%	25.82%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%								0%		
B. TAXONOMY NON-ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES																			
CapEx of Taxonomy non-eligible activities		150.6	74.18%																
TOTAL		203.0	100%																

Performance related to the EU Taxonomy (ctd)

[illegible]

Performance related to the EU Taxonomy (ctd)

NUCLEAR AND FOSSIL GAS RELATED ACTIVITIES

After an assessment of our activities, we concluded that in 2024 Crayon did not have any exposure to or involvement in activities related to either nuclear energy or fossil gas.

Nuclear energy related activities		
1.	The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to research, development, demonstration and deployment of innovative electricity generation facilities that produce energy from nuclear processes with minimal waste from the fuel cycle.	No
2.	The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to construction and safe operation of new nuclear installations to produce electricity or process heat, including for the purposes of district heating or industrial processes such as hydrogen production, as well as their safety upgrades, using best available technologies.	No
3.	The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to safe operation of existing nuclear installations that produce electricity or process heat, including for the purposes of district heating or industrial processes such as hydrogen production from nuclear energy, as well as their safety upgrades.	No
Fossil gas related activities		
4.	The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to construction or operation of electricity generation facilities that produce electricity using fossil gaseous fuels.	No
5.	The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to construction, refurbishment, and operation of combined heat/cool and power generation facilities using fossil gaseous fuels.	No
6.	The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to construction, refurbishment and operation of heat generation facilities that produce heat/cool using fossil gaseous fuels.	No

SOCIAL

S1 Own workforce
S2 Workers in the value chain

S1 OWN WORKFORCE

Crayon is a reliable employer and a people-centric organization. We consciously adopt an inclusive, partnership-oriented philosophy into our relationships with our employees.

Processes to identify material IROs related to own workforce

Through our double materiality assessment, we evaluated both the impact and financial materiality of key workforce topics. The material IROs related to our own workforce that emerged from our DMA are described throughout this section (S1). Note that we have made entity-specific disclosures related to the following topics in S1:

- Talent attraction and recruitment practices.
- Flexible work arrangements.
- Employee security.

We found that our Crayon-specific material IROs related to the above were not sufficiently covered under the ESRS framework, hence the need for entity-specific disclosures.

In addition, where appropriate we supplement ESRS-mandated disclosures with entity-specific data points – for example within training and skills development or diversity, equity, inclusion and belonging (DEIB) – to ensure comprehensive reporting.

Material impacts, risks, and opportunities related to own workforce

All employees in our own workforce who could be materially impacted by Crayon are included in the scope of our disclosures under ESRS 2. The methodology statement at the end of S1 provides our definition of employees and non-employees.

Based on currently available information:

- We have no operations at significant risk of forced labor, compulsory labor or child labor.
- We have no indications that employees with specific characteristics or in certain geographies face higher risk than others within our workforce.
- We do not yet have a climate transition plan, and therefore no related material IROs are identified.

Other workforce-related material IROs that emerged from our double materiality assessment are discussed throughout the remainder of S1. These include the interaction of the IROs with our business model and strategy, usually under the heading Plans for 2025.

Our workforce profile – key employee characteristics

Total number of employees and turnover

In 2024, Crayon had 4,182.06 full-time equivalent employees (2023: 4,021), indicating a 4.03% increase in our workforce (in full-time equivalent numbers) compared to 2023 (2023: 16.65% growth compared to 2022).

Our employee turnover rate was 16.84% in 2024 (2023: 21.3%), representing a net total of 677 employees who left the organization in 2024.

Geographic distribution

ESRS SBM-1 40aⁱⁱⁱ

In 2024, most of our employees were located in:

- **Asia Pacific and Middle East Africa**, mainly in India, the Philippines and Australia.
- **The Nordics**, primarily at our headquarters in Norway.

Together, these regions accounted for 67% of our total workforce in 2024.

The distribution of our employees around the world in 2024 was as follows:

Employees by region 2024

Region	Number of employees
Asia Pacific & Middle East Africa	1,534.70
Europe	1,065.48
Nordics	1,250.48
United States of America	331.40
Total	4,182.06

These metrics are being reported for the first time in 2024. We prioritized the current reporting period (2024), and it was impracticable for us to provide comparative metrics for previous years. In our previous ESG disclosures (stand-alone 2023 ESG Report) we reported the percentage breakdowns only and not the number of employees. We also previously reported on different regional clusters.

In addition, countries where we had at least 50 employees simultaneously representing at least 10% of our total number of employees in 2024 are shown below:

Country	Number of employees
India	616
Norway	767.95

These metrics are being reported for the first time in 2024. We prioritized the current reporting period (2024), and it was impracticable for us to provide comparative metrics for previous years.

Employees by gender and contract type

Men represented the majority of our overall workforce in 2024 at 66.98% (2023: 68%), and women the minority at 32.51% (2023: 32%). The ‘other’ category accounted for 0.5% of our workforce in 2024.

In terms of contract type, our employees are generally classified as either permanent or temporary (fixed-term).

Crayon has no contracted employees with non-guaranteed working hours. In 2024 the employees with permanent contracts were 4,133.5 (98.82%), and 1.18% had fixed-term contracts. Permanent and fixed-term contracts are fairly evenly divided between men and women, based on the overall gender split we see throughout the entire organization.

Methodology

Data sources and reporting periods

The FTE figures reflect the status as of 31 December 2024.

The data points on our workforce profile and employees were extracted from the following sources:

- **Global HR system (TalentSoft):** Core data was extracted and compiled in an Excel spreadsheet, based on full-time equivalent (FTE) employees.

Gender composition of the workforce

	2024	2023
Male	2,801.99	2,734.28
Female	1,360.07	1,286.72
Other	21	-
Total employees	4,183.06	4,021

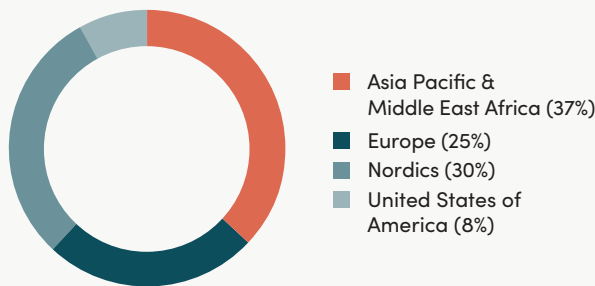
The slight differences in the totals are due to rounding. In our 2023 ESG Report, we previously reported on the gender composition of our workforce by percentage. The 2024 reporting period is our first time reporting on the gender composition by number of employees. It is also our first time expanding the gender categories to include ‘other’.

Contract types 2024

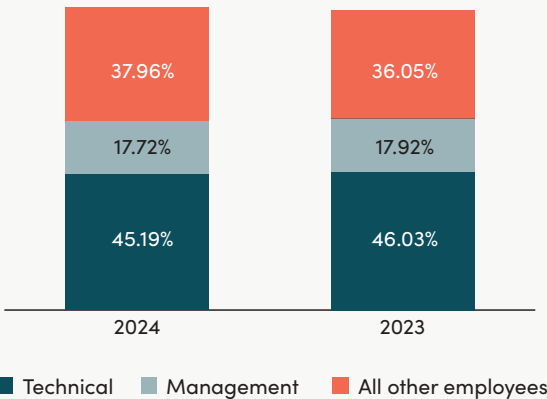
	Female	Male	Other	Total
Number of employees	1,360.07	2,801.99	21	4183.06
Number of permanent employees	1,338.96	2,773.54	21	4,133.5
Number of temporary employees	21.11	28.45	0	49.56
Number of non-guaranteed hours employees	0	0	0	0

The slight differences in the totals are due to rounding. These metrics are being reported for the first time and were not previously part of our ESG disclosures. We prioritized the current reporting period (2024), and it was impracticable for us to provide comparative metrics for previous years.

Employees by region 2024



Employees by type of role



The slight differences in the totals are due to rounding. These metrics are optional, entity-specific data points that were previously reported in our stand-alone 2023 ESG Report. We have chosen to include and continue reporting on them in the current reporting period (2024) for the completeness of reporting.

- **Local subsidiaries:** Each entity provided additional data at the end of the reporting period, using a standardized questionnaire developed for this report.

The reporting period covers 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024.

Definition of employees and non-employees

We define our employees as full-time equivalent employees. A 100% position is equivalent to 1 employee, and an 80% position is equivalent to 0.8 employees. The definition of FTEs includes:

- Permanent employees.
- Temporary employees.
- Permanent contractors.
- Interns.

Excluded from FTEs are temporary contractors and sub-contractors hired by Crayon. We refer to temporary contractors and sub-contractors as non-employees. While they are described in this methodology statement, non-employees are not included in any metrics reported in S1.

Definitions of contract types

Permanent employees and contractors

This employee type is hired on an ongoing, indefinite basis with no set end date, including all benefits.

Fixed term and temporary employees

Fixed term and temporary employees are hired for a specific period or project, usually with a set end date. Their contract automatically ends when the term expires.

This category also includes interns, who are hired for short-term, project-based work with a set contract duration.

This category excludes temporary contractors and sub-contractors.

Employee turnover calculation

The employee turnover rate is defined as all

departures (number of employees who leave voluntarily or due to dismissal, retirement, or death in service), divided by the average workforce over the reporting period.

Cross-reference to financial statements

[Note 4](#) of the financial statements on page 130 reports on the following metrics:

- The number of FTEs in Crayon's workforce in 2024.
- The representation of women in our workforce in 2024.

Assumptions

- We rely on our local subsidiaries to keep the master data in TalentSoft accurate and up to date.
- All active users are registered in the system.
- Access to the Crayon domain is handled through automatic user creation in Active Directory, which ensures that data is accurate.

Limitations and challenges

- TalentSoft is a complex human resource information management system, and we have experienced some system-related challenges.
- To address these, we apply manual checking routines and engaging with TalentSoft to problem-solve.
- Local subsidiaries keep master data updated at any time and do not backdate end date on employees.

External validation

These metrics are not validated by an external third party other than the limited assurance provider.



Talent attraction and recruitment practices

Entity-specific

Policies related to talent attraction and recruitment practices

While we do not have formal policies in place, we do have structured initiatives that address the identified IROs related to talent attraction and recruitment practices.

Governance

Our global Talent Acquisition Team reports to the Chief Human Resources Officer to secure group-wide alignment on talent attraction and recruitment practices.

Hiring managers receive training to ensure fair and equal treatment of all candidates throughout the recruitment process.

Actions related to talent attraction and recruitment practices in 2024

In 2024, Crayon introduced significant measures to attract and retain key talent, particularly within areas where we faced the greatest skills shortages. AI, cyber security, and cloud architecture presented the most significant talent attraction challenge for us.

Key actions included:

- Targeted recruitment campaigns in collaboration with hiring managers
- Enhancement of our employee referral program
- Review and adjustment of compensation packages based on benchmarking insights.
- Investment in upskilling programs for existing employees, including vendor certifications.
- Local career pathing initiatives to reduce employee turnover and reassure employees about their future at Crayon.
- Regular performance review and professional development discussions.
- Global and regional mentorship opportunities.
- Introduction of a standardized global exit survey and interview process to capture insights from departing employees.

Plans for 2025

Looking ahead to 2025, we have ambitious plans to further strengthen our employer branding and attract top talent. Internally, our focus will be on industry benchmarking to structure career development opportunities.

Crayon’s new global ESG strategy includes talent attraction and recruitment practices as one of the 16 ESG focus areas in the 2025 – 2030 strategy. In this way, the material IROs related to talent attraction and recruitment practices influence our business strategy and business model.

Performance related to talent attraction and recruitment practices

As described in our workforce profile, our total workforce grew by 4.03% in 2024. Our overall turnover rate in 2024 was 16.84%, down from 21.3% in 2023. This reduced turnover is a testament to the effectiveness of our efforts to attract and retain employees.

	2024	2023
Employee turnover rate (%)	16.84%	21.3%
Increase in employees (%)	4.03%	16.65%

We previously reported on our employee retention rate and increase in employees in our stand-alone 2023 ESG Report. This is our first time reporting on our employee turnover rate.

Employee sentiment

In 2024, Crayon’s employee net promoter score (eNPS) was 42.9, compared to 44.5 in 2023. While slightly lower than the previous year, the score remains strong and indicates a positive employee experience.

The eNPS ranges from -100 to 100:

- Scores between 50–70 are considered excellent.
- Scores between 10–30 are considered good.
- Scores below 0 indicate more detractors than promoters.

Encouragingly, based on our 2024 employee net promoter results 87.14% of employees would recommend Crayon as a place to work (2023: 88.1%).

Methodology

Due to the entity-specific nature of the material IROs, this section is named Talent attraction and recruitment practices. For our performance metrics, we have drawn on self-selected ESRS data points from the section Our workforce profile – key employee characteristics.

Definitions and calculation methodologies

- The employee turnover rate is defined as all departures (number of employees who leave voluntarily or due to dismissal, retirement, or death in service), divided by the average workforce over the reporting period.
- The increase in employees is defined as net new headcounts globally during the same period.

Employee net promoter score

The eNPS (employee net promoter score) is an internationally recognized metric to measure employee satisfaction and engagement within an organization. Its core focus is how likely someone is to recommend the company as a great place to work. The eNPS is independently administered and ensures unbiased results.

MATERIAL IMPACTS, RISKS, AND OPPORTUNITIES RELATED TO TALENT ATTRACTION AND RECRUITMENT PRACTICES

IRO type	Description	Actions taken	Position in value chain	Time horizon
 Risk	• Turnover rates: Skilled tech talent is in high demand globally, and strong competition can impact Crayon’s ability to deliver services as planned, potentially affecting business performance.	• We implement targeted recruitment campaigns in critical skills areas where we have shortages, offer competitive remuneration, and offer rewarding and useful training and professional development. • Our career pathing and planning initiatives provide our employees with a clear picture of their career progression possibilities at Crayon.	Own operations 	Medium-term
 Risk	• Key talent: Talented employees are essential to our business. To attract and retain them, Crayon continuously adapts its recruitment practices.		Own operations 	Medium-term
 Risk	• Career paths: There is a risk that employees in Crayon do not see clear growth opportunities and therefore leave for larger companies and competitors.		Own operations 	Short- and medium-term

Data sources

The data for employee turnover rate and increase in employees was sourced from TalentSoft, Crayon’s human resource information management system. The eNPS score was sourced through annual employee feedback survey, carried out with an external provider.

Assumptions, limitations, and challenges

We trust the data provided in TalentSoft, which is fed by the local/ regional HR – including regular validations from the global HRIS team. The eNPS score is based on a participation rate of 62% in our global annual employee feedback survey, and should therefore be considered an indicative assumption rather than a definitive measure.

External validation

None of the data provided in this section was validated by an external third party other than the limited assurance provider.

Targets

We have not outlined specific targets related to talent attraction and recruitment practices in our own workforce. However, we do track the net new recruitments annually.



Remuneration and social protection

At Crayon, we are committed to ensuring that our employees are well-compensated and supported in all aspects of their professional and personal lives.

Policies related to remuneration and social protection

Crayon offers generous and competitive remuneration to attract and retain world-class talent.

Our global executive remuneration policy forms the basis for the annual remuneration report. Additionally, our local policies on remuneration and benefits comply with local laws and regulations.

Crayon assesses local benefit structures annually in collaboration with the local human resources representatives to align on a global approach. Currently, there is no global benefits scheme, except for medical and mental health support.

Our health insurance offerings are comprehensive, providing additional coverage for a wide range of medical needs. We also offer well-being programs around the world to always support the mental and physical health of our employees.

Governance

The remuneration policy for the executive management team is updated and approved by the remuneration committee and the board of directors.

All local policies are administered by the local human resources representative, subject to prior approval by local and regional management teams.

Accessibility

Local policies are made available through internal information-sharing portals and materials, including country-specific handbooks. The global remuneration policy for executive management is available for download on our global website.

Actions related to remuneration and social protection in 2024

Remuneration

The technology industry faces ever-greater challenges in securing employees with the right skills profiles. We provide annual inflation adjustment reviews and performance-related increases to reward our employees for their hard work and dedication.

To emphasize our commitment to standardized remuneration and to address pay equity concerns, in 2023 we initiated a multi-year project with Mercer. Mercer is a trusted global leader in compensation and benefits data, providing comprehensive market insights to help organizations make informed decisions related to their remuneration.

In 2024, we used Mercer’s benchmarking data to gain insights into median wages and industry standards for comparable roles. These external insights were

assessed alongside internal factors to establish fair and consistent salary structures across all subsidiaries, departments, and roles. As part of this work, we considered factors such as gender, age, and nationality to help eliminate bias and ensure non-discriminatory practices.

Benefits

We understand the importance of supporting our employees beyond their salaries. All Crayon subsidiaries provide maternal and paternal leave according to local regulations. In some instances, we offer more generous family leave than legally required – to help our employees balance their work and family life.

Plans for 2025

Crayon’s new global ESG strategy includes remuneration and benefits as one of the 16 ESG focus areas between 2025 and 2030. In this way, the material IROs related to remuneration and benefits influence our business strategy and business model.

Performance related to remuneration and social protection

Adequacy of remuneration and redress of pay gaps
All employees are paid adequate wages, in line with the applicable benchmarks provided by Mercer, a firm specializing in compensation and benefits data. There are no countries where Crayon employees earn below the adequate wage benchmark.

In 2024, we determined Crayon’s global gender pay gap was 24.81%. On average, women at Crayon earn 24.81% less than their male counterparts for similar roles. This highlights an area for improvement to further promote pay equity.

	2024
Global gender pay gap (%)	24.81%

This metric is being reported for the first time in 2024. We prioritized the current reporting period (2024), and it was impracticable for us to provide comparative metrics for previous years.

In 2024, the ratio between the highest-paid individual and the average annual total remuneration for all employees was 807%. Crayon’s ratio demonstrates a large gap because of the different geographies and local markets represented.

Adequacy of social protection

All employees are covered by social protection in line with local labor laws and regulations. Coverage is provided either through public programs or through Crayon’s locally administered benefits. These protections cover major life events such as:

- Sickness
- Unemployment
- Employment injury and acquired disability
- Parental leave
- Retirement

MATERIAL IMPACTS, RISKS, AND OPPORTUNITIES RELATED TO REMUNERATION AND SOCIAL PROTECTION

IRO type	Description	Actions taken	Position in value chain	Time horizon
● Positive impact (actual)	• Wages: We strive to provide fair compensation to employees across all locations, taking into account relevant benchmarks and our desire to attract and retain world-class talent.	• Our global and local policies for remuneration and benefits comply with the relevant legislation, without compromising on attractive features to satisfy current and prospective employees. • For example, in some countries, we offer extended maternity and paternity leave that goes beyond legal requirements for these kinds of benefits. • We have a multi-year project with Mercer to standardize remuneration and address pay equity concerns.	Own operations 	Short-term
● Positive impact (actual)	• Social benefits: Crayon provides employees and their families with benefits tailored to local needs, including extended parental leave, health insurance, education reimbursement, and safety measures in conflict-affected areas.		Own operations 	Short-, medium- and long-term

Methodology

Global gender pay gap

According to ESRS, the gender pay gap is defined as the difference in average pay levels between female and male employees, expressed as a percentage of the average pay level of male employees.

Crayon calculated our pay gap using the following steps:

- Salary data was collected across all 46 subsidiaries, covering all roles and employee types (including permanent employees, permanent contractors, interns, and temporary employees – excluding temporary contractors and subcontractors).
- For each gender category (female, male, and other), we recorded the minimum, maximum, median, and average salaries.
- The gender pay gap was calculated using the following formula: $(\text{average male salary} - \text{average female salary}) / \text{average male salary} \times 100$.

Total remuneration ratio

The total annual remuneration ratio describes the ratio between the highest paid individual and the average annual remuneration of all employees. The methodology applied by Crayon is aligned with the recommended approach under ESRS.

External validation

None of the data points provided in this section were validated by an external third party, other than the limited assurance provider.

Targets

We did not set specific targets for remuneration and social protection in 2024 for own workforce. With an eye towards future requirements for equal pay in Europe, effective from 2026 (stipulated by the European Union Pay Transparency Directive), we plan on implementing further measures to minimize the gender pay gap ratio across our entire global workforce.



Training and skills development

We support our employees’ career development and promote them within our company whenever possible. We invest in training for our teams, guided by the belief that this not only improves the quality and efficiency of our organization but also fosters innovation, and boosts both employee satisfaction and longevity of tenure at Crayon.

At Crayon, we promote continuous learning for both professional and personal growth. With global access to our course library, everyone has access to continuous learning opportunities through our internal training catalog which includes on-demand training, workshops, and seminars.

Policies related to training and skills development

We did not have a formal policy document to guide our training and development activities in 2024. However, we emphasized continuous learning through competence and skills development, professional growth capabilities, workforce planning, and skills management.

Governance

On a global level, training and skills development is co-led by the People and Development Team and

the People and Culture Team, both of which are part of the human resources function. Regional and local human resources representatives are responsible for execution.

Accessibility

All employees have access to a global internal SharePoint site called People Development, which describes in detail how we invest in our people. In addition, countries are encouraged to further elaborate and adapt the global training and development opportunities to meet local needs.

Actions related to training and skills development in 2024

In 2024, the content and target audiences of the training sessions varied and included:

- **Sales development:** Training for all sales staff in the form of an internal sales development program focused on our own sales methodology.
- **Technical training and masterclasses:** Internal masterclasses on AWS, both technical and services/sales track, in addition to tailored training for our SCA resources and hackathons with hands-on labs.

- **Vendor and partner certification:** Crayon employees hold more than 9,700 certifications from partners such as AWS, Microsoft, Oracle, and others.
 - For example, we saw a 33% year-on-year increase in certifications with Google, completing 2,245 training sessions in 2024 alone.
- **Access to external platforms:** Employees have direct access to learning platforms from key technology providers (e.g. Microsoft, Google, AWS, Oracle, IBM), enabling role-specific learning paths for both upskilling and reskilling.
- **Performance and development conversations:** To ensure systematic follow-up and awareness around skills development opportunities and programs, individual skills development is followed up in regular performance reviews between an employee and manager on an annual, quarterly, and half-yearly basis.

With workforce and succession planning in mind, we implemented our first global succession planning initiative to ensure that our business continues to run smoothly and without interruption. Simultaneously, we identified critical people and positions and improved our leadership and talent development programs targeting these niches in 2024. For example, we

launched our own internally developed leadership training for all leaders in Crayon with a combination of e-learning, live sessions, and reflection exercises. We also piloted an internal mentoring solution as part of our corporate development programs, supporting our key talents.

Plans for 2025

In 2025, we will continue our focus on leadership training in addition to further strengthening learning paths for our key roles and services – including software procurement, IT cost management, cloud services, and data & AI solutions.

We will further develop our skills taxonomy to provide employees with insights into the skills and knowledge required to deliver high quality in their area of expertise. This will also improve transparency around career growth opportunities within Crayon.

Crayon’s new global ESG strategy includes employee advocacy, well-being, and growth as one of the 16 ESG focus areas between 2025 and 2030. In our ESG framework, training and development falls under the category of employee advocacy, well-being, and growth. In this way, the material IROs related to training and skills development influence our business strategy and business model.

MATERIAL IMPACTS, RISKS, AND OPPORTUNITIES RELATED TO TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT

IRO type	Description	Actions taken	Position in value chain	Time horizon
● Positive impact (actual)	• Upskilling of workforce: Crayon provides employees with training and development initiatives, to support employees’ professional and personal growth. This ensures they stay relevant in a changing labor market and can deliver high-quality services. Our programs enhance both theoretical knowledge and practical skills.	• We offer a wide range of training and professional development opportunities that are developed internally (e.g. leadership and mentorship programs) and externally (e.g. vendor certifications). • Depending on the topic or issue, some trainings are mandatory, and others are voluntary.	Own operations 	Medium-term
● Opportunity	• Training and development: Crayon has a continuous focus on annual upskilling. This commitment strengthens Crayon’s position as an attractive employer.	• We are conscious of the need to keep up with industry trends and remain relevant both in our services and solutions, as well as in the skills profile of our employees. Our training and development initiatives are therefore refreshed periodically.	Own operations 	Medium-term

Performance related to training and skills development

We foresee an overall increase in training and development opportunities for our employees, with significant investments in training and development programs – reinforcing our commitment to people growth and underlining our people-first approach.

Due to remarkable improvements in the quality and breadth of self-reported data by our local entities in 2024, there was a 1,040% increase in the total number of reported training sessions hosted or paid for by Crayon. This represents a significant change year-on-year and is a more accurate and realistic reflection of developments on the ground.

In the training conducted by our employees in 2024:

- 38% out of the total number of training hours was conducted by women.
- 61% out of the total number of training hours was conducted by men.
- 1% out of the total number of training hours was conducted by the gender ‘other’.

Methodology

Data sources

Our data related to training conducted and training hours is collected from three different sources:

1. **Internal human resources information system (TalentSoft):** TalentSoft provides data on all completed training, including mandatory courses, live sessions, and catalog-based training. The system tracks hours spent, course types, and participant gender. This data is accessible to all employees.
2. **Partner training platforms:** We have not requested gender-disaggregated data from partner platforms – only training sessions and hours.
3. **Local and regional HR input:** HR representatives provide data on training activities not captured in TalentSoft or partner platforms. This includes internal and external webinars, third-party courses, learning days, and time spent preparing for exams and certifications.

Approach and limitations

The collected data is analyzed, combined, and consolidated in an Excel spreadsheet to provide an overview of all internal and external training completed by employees. Since not all countries track or share training data locally, the collected data gives us an average estimate of our training investments in all employees when we combine the data sources.

Based on this, and that gender cannot be tracked in all training completed, the number of training hours split by gender, is considerably lower than the total number of training hours in the organization. Thus, training split by gender does not give an accurate estimate of the total investments we make in our people.

Scope

Reported metrics are global in scope, covering Crayon’s operations worldwide.

External validation

None of the reported training and development metrics have been validated externally other than by the limited assurance provider.

TRAINING AND SKILLS DEVELOPMENT METRICS 2024

	Male	Female	Other
Employees that participated in regular performance reviews (%)	45.20%	22.79%	0.42%
Number of employees that participated in regular career development reviews	1,811	913	17
Average number of training hours per employee	1.07	3.73	2.42

These metrics are being reported for the first time in 2024. We prioritized the current reporting period (2024), and it was impracticable for us to provide comparative metrics for previous years.

SUPPLEMENTARY TRAINING METRICS

	2024	2023
Total number of training sessions hosted or paid for by Crayon (internal and external)	1,482	130
Total duration of training sessions held during the year (number of hours)	185,259	136,667
Total percentage of employees who participated in a training session (%)	61%	57.82%

These metrics are optional, entity-specific data points that were previously reported in our stand-alone 2023 ESG Report. We have chosen to include and continue reporting on them for completeness of reporting.

Targets

We did not set specific global targets for training and skills development in 2024. Going forward, we will continue to depend on a bottom-up strategy process for training input and people development.

Flexible work arrangements

Entity-specific

In today's dynamic work landscape, Crayon has taken significant strides to ensure that our employees thrive both professionally and personally. We aim to create a work environment where our employees feel valued, supported, and empowered to achieve their best both at work and in their personal lives.

Policies related to flexible work arrangements

In 2024 all our policies and guidelines related to flexible work were determined at the local level to reflect local legislation.

Governance

The local human resources representatives and local general managers decide on and implement our flexible working policies and guidelines.

Accessibility

Local policies and guidelines on flexible working are available on local communication platforms and can also be requested directly from the local human resources representative.

Actions related to flexible work arrangements in 2024

Data from our annual employee feedback surveys and individual performance and development reviews is analyzed to identify trends and areas for improvement when it comes to work-life balance at Crayon.

We believe that flexible working arrangements help employees manage both their personal and professional responsibilities – for example by reducing daily commuting to our offices and experience a higher level of productivity and overall satisfaction.

To discuss workloads and other topics, all our leaders increased the personal time they spent with their team members in regular check-ins in 2024. In Australia and other locations, we comply with local ‘right to disconnect’ legislation which limits contact between employers and employees after-hours except where necessary (e.g. emergencies). Respecting working hours as well as time zone differences helps us to promote work-life balance.

Plans for 2025

In 2025, we plan to introduce a global hybrid work guideline that will provide a common framework for flexible working arrangements across locations. The global hybrid work guideline will serve as a minimum standard for hybrid work, ultimately influencing our employees’ work-life balance.



MATERIAL IMPACTS, RISKS, AND OPPORTUNITIES RELATED TO FLEXIBLE WORK ARRANGEMENTS

IRO type	Description	Actions taken	Position in value chain	Time horizon
● Positive impact (actual)	Remote work: Crayon offers flexible and practical arrangements for home office for hybrid work	We offer our employees different work modalities (e.g. fully remote, fully on-site, and hybrid). As an IT company, one of our strengths is the flexibility we can offer to maximize employee productivity and well-being.	Own operations 	Long-term
● Positive impact (actual)	Workload: We aim to manage expectations around workloads by communicating transparently and regularly what is expected of current and prospective employees (e.g. consciously designing job roles and descriptions to reflect proportionately the expected workload).	Workloads are discussed in manager-employee check-ins and appropriate adjustments are made. We respect employees' right to disconnect’ after hours, not only to comply with local regulations but as a desirable facet of our culture that we would like to cultivate.	Own operations 	Medium-term

Crayon’s new global ESG strategy includes employee advocacy, well-being, and growth as one of the 16 ESG focus areas between 2025 and 2030. In our ESG framework, flexible work arrangements fall under the category of employee advocacy, well-being, and growth. In this way, the material IROs related to flexible work arrangements influence our business strategy and business model.

Performance related to flexible work arrangements

As part of our annual employee feedback survey, we ask two questions related to flexible work. The scores related to both questions increased slightly in 2024.

The proportion of employees who can either work fully remotely, using the hybrid model, or fully on-site at a Crayon location depends on the nature of the job as well as the remote work guidelines established by each local subsidiary.

Based on our 2024 employee feedback survey, approximately 78% of our workforce had the flexibility to follow a hybrid working model, spending part of their working hours either at home or at a Crayon site.

Methodology

Due to the entity-specific nature of the IROs and data points, we reported on relevant findings from our annual employee feedback survey which correspond with our material IROs related to flexible working arrangements.

Data sources and scope

Our 2024 employee feedback survey was global in scope and covered nine categories of questions. The survey had a participation rate of 62% (2023: 69%). Respondents participated anonymously, and the scores reflected in this report are the global averages. The scores were rated on a scale of 1 (lowest) to 5 (highest); the higher the score out of 5, the more positive the employee sentiment.

Approach

The data was collected through an external survey provider. All input and responses provided remained anonymous and for teams below five, where the anonymity threshold was not met, the data was aggregated to the next hierarchical level above.

External validation

The employee feedback survey results have not been validated by a third party other than the limited assurance provider.

Targets

We did not set 2024 targets for flexible work arrangements in our own workforce. Our well-being campaigns and training support employee well-being and improve their work-life balance.

SURVEY RESPONSES RELATED TO FLEXIBLE WORK

The maximum score is 5.00

Survey question	Score 2024	Score 2023
Overall, I have a good work-life balance	4.07	4.05
Overall, I feel good about the workload in my job	3.99	3.94

Based on responses to our annual global employee feedback survey which was administered in 2024 and 2023. These metrics are optional, entity-specific data points that are being reported for the first time.

REMOTE AND HYBRID WORK 2024

	2024
Employees that work hybrid (home and Crayon site) (%)	77.85%
Employees that work fully remotely (from home) on all workdays (%)	11.18%
Employees that work fully at a Crayon site (%)	10.96%

These metrics are estimates based on responses to our annual global employee feedback survey. These metrics are optional, entity-specific data points that are being reported for the first time in 2024. We prioritized the current reporting period (2024), and it was impracticable for us to provide comparative metrics for previous years.

Employee security

Entity-specific

Policies related to employee security

As a people-first company, employee security is of paramount importance to us. Accordingly, our global **Secured Productivity Policy** and training include dedicated instructions and guidance on safety and security in our offices and remote working.

To keep employees and visitors secure and safe in our offices, the policy provides instructions related to evacuation plans, escape routes, assembly points, first aid kits, fire extinguishers, local safety drills, local incident management and emergence response teams.

To keep employees secure and safe when working remotely, the policy guides evacuation procedures, emergency services, and procedures for ensuring the remote work environment is in a safe condition.

The Secured Productivity Policy is complemented by business continuity and disaster recovery planning to document and improve site-level safety and security measures that protect the health and safety of local team members (e.g. safety drills and testing), whilst also preventing unauthorized physical access, damage, or interference to/with confidential and personal data. Global templates for business continuity and disaster recovery are customized by each Crayon entity to reflect local conditions and requirements

Governance

Crayon has a global Corporate Security Team (part of the Trust Unit) responsible for the safety and security of our employees and their families. The team is led by the Head of Corporate Security, who reports to the Chief Security Officer. The latter reports to the Chief Executive Officer.

The Corporate Security Team centrally manages and governs business continuity and disaster recovery planning of Crayon subsidiaries around the world to ensure our sites are prepared in the event of a local emergency.

When facing threats to safety and business continuity, Crayon’s Corporate Security Team immediately sets up a crisis management team that works together with the relevant Human Resources Unit to provide tailored assistance, ranging from remote guidance to on-site disaster recovery management, including evacuations. Support extends to both employees and their families.

The team also ensures employee welfare at work and provides rapid assistance to employees and their families in the event of emergency situations caused by natural disasters or human errors and/or malpractice.

Accessibility

Our Secured Productivity Policy is available on our internal SharePoint as well as our global corporate website.

The global templates for our business continuity and disaster recovery plans are available on our internal SharePoint.

Actions related to employee security in 2024

Risk assessments for international business travel were conducted on an as-needed basis in 2024. We developed some security, health and safety guidelines covering different scenarios such as female employees traveling alone, or natural events such as earthquakes and tropical cyclones.

We have a local presence in Ukraine and are therefore affected by the armed conflict. In 2024, Crayon’s Corporate Security Team monitored developments in Ukraine and provided safety and security operational support. For example, we dispatched 10 power units to Ukraine to enable employees to work safely from remote locations.

Crayon has employees in Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Oman, and the United Arab Emirates. An escalation and spread of the Israel/Palestine conflict to other Middle Eastern countries might therefore put our employees in harm’s way. Accordingly, the Corporate Security Team coordinated with the local human resources teams in 2024 to provide ad hoc support to employees indirectly impacted by this conflict. For instance, those with family members residing in Lebanon.

Plans for 2025

Building on our extensive years-long experience in safety and security crisis management, risk and crisis

management will be consolidated into a single team. This, combined with crisis preparedness plans, will increase operational efficiency and organizational capacity to prevent future crises.

Crayon’s new global ESG strategy includes employee advocacy, well-being, and growth as one of the 16 ESG focus areas between 2025 and 2030. In our ESG framework, employee security falls under the category of employee advocacy, well-being, and growth. In this way, the material IROs related to employee security influence our business strategy and business model.

Performance related to security in 2024

Employee security metrics

	2024	2023
Number of security and safety incidents in which an employee was harmed	0	0
Number of Crayon employees directly in conflict zones	37 ¹	30 ²

¹ 35 in Ukraine and 2 in Lebanon.

² 30 in Ukraine.

Safety incidents are events in which employees and their family members are faced with a natural disaster or human conflict situation that places them in direct harm.

These metrics are entity-specific data points that are being reported for the first time in 2024 and were not previously part of our ESG disclosures.

MATERIAL IMPACTS, RISKS, AND OPPORTUNITIES RELATED TO EMPLOYEE SECURITY

IRO type	Description	Actions taken	Position in value chain	Time horizon
● Negative impact (actual)	Employee security and safety: With operations in 46 countries, Crayon faces potential risks from major disasters, armed conflicts, and other external threats that may impact employee safety. We also recognize the importance of addressing safety concerns related to remote and hybrid work, ensuring a secure working environment in all situations.	- Our global Secured Productivity Policy includes instructions and guidance on safety and security in our offices and remote working. - We conduct risk assessments for international business travel and provide safety and security operational support in conflict zones (e.g. evacuations of employees and their family members).	Own operations	Short-, medium-, and long-term

Methodology

Our methodology to compile the metrics on employee security is described below. The methodology takes into account the entity-specific nature of the IROs and data points.

Definitions of key terms

- Conflict zones refer to active conflict zones in the 2024 calendar year.
- Security and safety incidents are events in which employees and their family members are faced with a natural disaster or human conflict situation that places them in direct harm.

Data sources

- We rely on data from Crayon’s human resources data management system (TalentSoft) and open-source reports of active conflicts.

Scope

- Reported metrics are global in scope, covering Crayon’s operations worldwide.

Assumptions

- All safety and security incidents are reported to the Trust Unit.

External validation

- The employee safety and security metrics were not subject to validation by an external third party other than the limited assurance provider.

Targets

We did not set 2024 targets for employee security in our own workforce.

All foundational components for employee security have been laid. Accordingly, maintaining our number of security incidents at zero is the status quo. We would consider setting targets if there was a significant change in the number and scale of employee security incidents – for example, due to evolving threats or increased vulnerabilities.



Discrimination and harassment

Policies related to discrimination and harassment

Crayon is committed to treating all employees with respect and dignity – both in our own operations and in our value chain.

Crayon has a zero-tolerance policy for all kinds of discrimination and harassment. However, the steady growth of Crayon’s business year-on-year places more onus on us to manage the potential risk of discrimination and harassment as we grow in scale and complexity.

Global policies and procedures in 2024 relevant to preventing harassment and discrimination internally include:

- **The Crayon Integrity Handbook** - The Integrity Handbook outlines expected behaviors, including treating others with respect, fostering inclusion, and addressing unconscious bias. As of May 2024, the Integrity Handbook was replaced by the Secured Productivity Policy, though some subsidiaries still maintain local versions.

The handbook specifically prohibits discrimination Crayon does not allow discrimination against others, including on the basis of age, ancestry, color, family or medical care leave, gender identity or expression, physical or mental disability, genetic information, marital status, medical condition, national origin, political affiliation, race,

religion, sex (including pregnancy status), sexual orientation, or any other characteristic protected by applicable laws, regulations, and ordinances.

- **Governance:** Administered by local human resources representatives and general managers.
- **Accessibility:** Available internally via SharePoint.

- **Crayon’s Secured Productivity Policy** - Specific provisions against harassment and discrimination are mentioned in the sections related to Acting with Integrity, Representing Crayon with Integrity, and Reporting Concerns. All employees must ensure they never use inappropriate language or exhibit behavior that makes others feel uncomfortable or marginalized, including any form of discrimination, intimidation, harassment, or violence. Incidents of discrimination and harassment can be reported directly to the manager or through Crayon’s grievance channels described in the policy.
 - **Governance:** Overall ownership of the Secured Productivity Policy resides with our Trust Unit, which reports to the Chief Security Officer. The anti-discrimination and harassment provisions of the policy are jointly monitored and enforced by local, regional and global human resources representatives with support from the Trust Unit. The human resources representatives report to the Chief Human Resources Officer.
 - **Accessibility:** The Secured Productivity Policy is available in our internal SharePoint and publicly on our global corporate website.

Alignment with international standards

Crayon bases its policies on key international labor standards such as the UNGPs, the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, International Labor Organization (ILO) core conventions, and the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights. Our global policies and procedures are supplemented with local policies and procedures which comply with local laws and regulations.

Actions related to discrimination and harassment in 2024

In 2024, with support from the Trust Unit, Group HR began drafting of a new code of conduct set to launch in 2025. The code will address harassment, discrimination, and violence by sharing clear guidelines for acceptable behavior and a respectful, inclusive, and safe environment at Crayon. The Code of Conduct will outline the process for reporting harassment, discrimination, or violence, ensuring that our people can come forward safely and confidentially. It will also specify how complaints will be investigated and the protections in place for whistleblowers.

Harassment and discrimination were also covered in the mandatory annual training for all Crayon employees, as part of our Secured Productivity Policy. Reporting channels.

All Crayon employees can raise concerns about discrimination, harassment, or other matters directly

with their supervisor or the executive management team. In addition, we offer confidential reporting channels described on [page 92](#) under the heading 'Grievance mechanisms'.

All employees are encouraged and instructed to report any concerns or potential breaches through these channels as communicated in our Internal Policies (Crayon Integrity Handbook and Secured Productivity Policy).

Plans for 2025

Crayon’s new global ESG strategy includes employee advocacy, well-being, and growth as one of the 16 ESG focus areas between 2025 and 2030. In our ESG framework, discrimination and harassment falls under the category of employee advocacy, well-being, and growth. In this way, the material IROs related to discrimination and harassment influence our business strategy and business model.

MATERIAL IMPACTS, RISKS, AND OPPORTUNITIES RELATED TO DISCRIMINATION AND HARASSMENT

IRO type	Description	Actions taken	Position in value chain	Time horizon
● Negative impact (potential)	• Discrimination and harassment: Crayon has a zero-tolerance policy for discrimination and harassment. We remain committed to preventing and addressing these risks – examples of potential work-related circumstances include the workplace, business travel, and commuting.	• We strictly enforce the relevant provisions of the Crayon Integrity Handbook, and the Crayon Secured Productivity Policy respectively. Grievance mechanisms to report incidents are available, and reported incidents are thoroughly investigated. Training on what constitutes safe and appropriate conduct is provided to all employees.	Own operations	Short-, medium-, and long-term

Performance related to discrimination and harassment

Crayon does not tolerate any forms of harassment or discrimination. Reported incidents of harassment and discrimination are referred to our Trust Unit for investigation and resolution.

Metrics on discrimination and harassment 2024

	2024
Number of incidents of discrimination (including harassment) reported	1
<i>Incidents confirmed by Crayon as valid and referred for investigation</i>	
The total amount of fines, penalties, and compensation for damages as a result of the incidents and complaints disclosed above, and a reconciliation of such monetary amounts disclosed with the most relevant amount presented in the financial statements	NOK Zero

We previously reported on the number of incidents of discrimination in our stand-alone 2023 ESG Report. The metric on the monetary value of fines, penalties, and damages is being reported for the first time in 2024. Taken together, we prioritized the current reporting period (2024), and it was impracticable for us to provide comparative metrics for previous years.

During the reporting period, an internal review was conducted in response to a workplace behavior concern. Based on the findings and in consultation with external legal advisors, appropriate corrective actions were taken – including a formal warning issued to the employee involved. As part of our remedial efforts, mandatory training on appropriate workplace behavior was provided in the affected region.

Methodology

Reporting boundaries and definitions of key terms

- Reported incidents pertain to investigations closed in 2024.
- All claims of harassment and discrimination are taken seriously and are subject to initial screening. If found to be valid and reported in good faith, claims are then referred to the Trust Unit for investigation.

Data sources

- We rely on data from the Trust Desk (run on a Jira ticket management system); reports from our whistleblowing channels which are received and updated on an ongoing basis; and our internal investigations dashboard.

Scope

- Reported metrics are global in scope, covering Crayon’s operations worldwide.

Assumptions

- All discrimination and harassment metrics are reported to the Trust Unit.

External validation

- The harassment and discrimination metrics were not subject to validation by an external third party other than the limited assurance provider.

Targets

We did not set 2024 targets for discrimination and harassment in our own workforce, but we have zero tolerance for discrimination and harassment, as stipulated in our Secured Productivity Policy.

We may consider target setting in future if there are significant changes in the number of incidents related to discrimination and harassment.



Diversity, equity, inclusion, and belonging

Our commitment to DEIB extends across various dimensions, including gender and gender identity, age, disability, neurodiversity, sexual orientation, nationality, ethnicity, social origin, experience, and other attributes.

Crayon has a global presence, including in local markets where minorities and vulnerable groups are part of our workforce and broader society. By embracing diversity, we create a work environment that attracts top talent and enables us to better serve our customers’ diverse and evolving needs.

Policies related to DEIB

Crayon has a publicly available global **Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion Statement**, affirming our commitment to fostering an inclusive workplace. Beyond the statement, we did not have a formal DEIB policy in 2024. However, in practice, we abhor discrimination and harassment, promote pay equity, and provide accommodations to support diverse needs.

Governance

The People & Culture Team within Human Resources leads Crayon’s DEIB initiatives, including updating the Diversity, Equity and Inclusion Statement. In 2024, we strengthened our commitment by recruiting a dedicated DEIB Specialist responsible for strategic work and day-to-day implementation. To ensure DEIB remains a priority at senior levels, the DEIB Specialist reports to the Vice President of People & Culture, who in turn reports to the Chief Human Resources Officer.

Accessibility

Our Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion Statement is available on our internal SharePoint as well as on our global corporate website.

Actions related to DEIB in 2024

We are committed to reinforcing a culture of respect and belonging, and in 2024 we laid the groundwork for structured DEIB initiatives going forward.

Throughout 2024, we took tangible steps to integrate DEIB into our workplace practices and policies. We implemented the following initiatives worldwide:

Diverse hiring practices

We remained committed to increasing representation by actively considering candidates from diverse backgrounds in all hiring processes.

Inclusive recruitment practices

In Q4 2024, we updated all job advertisements to include a DEIB statement and ensure accommodations are available for candidates with special needs.

Equitable promotions

Promotions were granted with a focus on balancing merit and DEIB principles. As a result, 27,2% of all employees promoted in 2024 were women (2023: 25%).

Female Leadership Program

The fourth round of Crayon’s internal Female Leadership Program began in 2024–2025 with 24 participants, up from 16 the previous year. The program offers coaching and mentoring to high-potential female employees. Since its launch in 2019, over 50% of participants have advanced into leadership roles.

Gender and pronoun inclusion in data collection

We introduced the "they" pronoun option in our employee data collection and management tool to better represent our employees' identities. In doing so, we comply with local labor laws and regulations in all the different countries of operation.

Locally, we implemented the following DEIB initiatives (not an exhaustive list):

- **Australia:** Conducted an equity report supporting gender equity and pay gap analysis. Also introduced was the global STEPtember initiative to raise awareness about cerebral palsy.
- **India:** Launched a comprehensive DEIB plan focusing on empowering women, mental well-being, neurodiversity inclusion, and LGBTQI+ representation.
- **Middle East & Africa:** Established a female community and sponsored membership for the Dubai Women’s Council.

MATERIAL IMPACTS, RISKS, AND OPPORTUNITIES RELATED TO DEIB

IRO type	Description	Actions taken	Position in value chain	Time horizon
● Positive impact (potential)	• Inspiring belonging: Fostering a diverse and inclusive workplace helps Crayon create a stronger sense of belonging and equality among employees, enhancing overall workplace culture.	• Diversity, equity, inclusion, and belonging initiatives are implemented at the global and local levels. Initiatives include equitable promotions and the introduction of more gender-inclusive pronouns in our employee-related data collection (within legal boundaries).	Own operations 	Short-, medium-, and long-term
● Positive impact (actual)	• DEIB training: Crayon has a positive impact on employees by providing DEIB training to employees and leaders.	• Our DEIB training covers issues such as unconscious bias, allyship, and microaggressions. It is available to all employees.	Own operations 	Short-, medium- and long-term
● Negative impact (potential)	• Diversity in leadership ranks: Crayon acknowledges the gender imbalance in senior positions and remains committed to promoting greater diversity in leadership.	• Our Female Leadership Program develops a pipeline of potential future leaders. And when recruiting at all levels in the organization, including at the most senior, consideration is given to candidates from diverse backgrounds.	Own operations 	Short-, medium-, and long-term
● Opportunity	• Innovative capacity: By seeking people with different backgrounds and expertise, Crayon can develop unique solutions that help clients navigate an ever-changing business landscape.	• We have multiple projects involving international and cross-functional collaboration amongst colleagues, resulting in innovative and creative solutions and insights. Examples include our initiatives for cloud cost control.	Own operations 	Medium-term
● Opportunity	• Regional perspectives on diversity: Crayon works systematically to promote gender equality, especially in regions with low female workforce participation. These efforts help attract new talent and support employee retention.	• To reflect regional and local priorities and sensitivities when it comes to DEIB, Spain, the United Kingdom, and the United Arab Emirates are just a few examples of the Crayon sites with their own locally driven DEIB initiatives.	Own operations 	Medium-term



- **Spain:** Focused on gender equality, LGBTQ+ inclusion, and disability, aligning with stringent local legislation and implementing a detailed gender equality plan.
- **United Kingdom:** Developed an inclusivity plan covering areas such as equality in business teams, awareness, education, support & tooling, and processes & ways of working.
- **United States:** Weekly HR reporting includes DEIB statistics, shared with the local leadership team.

Plans for 2025
Crayon’s new global ESG strategy includes diversity, equity, inclusion, and belonging in our own workforce as one of the 16 ESG focus areas between 2025 and 2030.

DEIB is also one of the three prioritized ESG focus areas in 2025, as we begin implementing the strategy. In this way, the material IROs related to DEIB are integrated into our business strategy and model.

DEIB as a source for innovation

At Crayon, we recognize that innovation thrives when diverse voices are heard and valued. By fostering an inclusive culture, we empower our people to bring forward ideas that shape the future of our business and create solutions that are truly reflective of our customers’ needs worldwide.

One of the ways DEIB fuels innovation at Crayon is through cross-boundary collaboration. We have seen the impact of this firsthand in the way local services evolve into global solutions.

Examples of projects such as cloud cost control from Denmark, pure optimization services from Switzerland, and enterprise agreements to cloud solution providers from Denmark, the United States, and the United Kingdom demonstrate how diverse teams working together can scale local success into global impact. These innovations did not happen by chance—they are the result of intentional collaboration, knowledge-sharing, and a strategic approach to ensuring that multiple perspectives are represented in decision-making.

A key mechanism for this is our "go/no-go" process, which brings together diverse nationalities and cultural perspectives in an advisory board to assess the viability of services and products before they are introduced to new markets. This ensures that every solution we develop is not only technically sound but also adaptable to different cultural and business contexts. Additionally, our enablement efforts help share best practices across regions, ensuring that local insights inform global strategies and vice versa.

Beyond product development, diverse perspectives are crucial in shaping how we engage with our customers. Understanding different cultural expectations and market dynamics allows us to tailor our services effectively, ensuring that our solutions are relevant, accessible, and impactful for customers worldwide.

GENDER REPRESENTATION AT THE TOP MANAGEMENT LEVEL

	C-level executive management		Executive vice president level		All other roles reporting directly to the CEO	
Men	4	67%	3	75%	3	75%
Women	2	33%	1	25%	1	25%
Total	6	100%	4	100%	4	100%

In our previous ESG disclosures (2023 ESG Report), we limited our disclosures to C-level executive management. We have revised and expanded our definition of top management in 2024, and the above additional metrics for executive vice president and other roles reporting to the CEO are being reported for the first time in 2024. We prioritized the current reporting period (2024), and it was impracticable for us to provide comparative metrics for previous years.

AGE OF EMPLOYEES

The majority of our employees in 2024 were in the 30–50 years age bracket.

Age range	Proportion of our workforce	Number of employees
<30 years	18.9%	793.83
30 – 50 years	66.7%	2,788.22
>50 years	14.4 %	601.20
Total	100%	4,183.25

Slight differences in totals are due to rounding.

These metrics are being reported for the first time in 2024. We prioritized the current reporting period (2024), and it was impracticable for us to provide comparative metrics for previous years as we utilized different age brackets in our previous reporting (2023 ESG Report).

TOPICS COVERED IN DEIB TRAINING

	Number of Crayon participants in 2024 (number of employees)
Introduction to diversity, equity, inclusion, and belonging	209
Taking action against microaggressions	193
Unconscious bias awareness	34
Allyship for diversity and inclusion	197

Due to changes in the structure and rollout of our DEIB training in 2024, this is our first time reporting on the number of training participants per module. We prioritized the current reporting period (2024), and it was impracticable for us to provide comparative metrics for previous years.

OTHER PERFORMANCE MEASURES FOR DEIB

	2024	2023	2022
Number of different nationalities in Crayon’s workforce	90	65	40+
Range in age from youngest to oldest em-ployee	18 – 73 years	17 – 72 years	17 – 71 years

These metrics are optional, entity-specific data points that were previously reported in our stand-alone 2023 ESG Report. We have chosen to include and continue reporting on them in the current reporting period (2024) for the completeness of reporting.

Performance related to DEIB

Gender representation at the top management level

Crayon’s top management is defined as those reporting directly to the chief executive officer. This consists of:

- The executive management team (C-Level).
- The respective regional vice presidents for the US, the Nordics, Europe and APAC/ India, the Middle East and Africa.
- Other additional roles reporting directly to our chief executive officer (excluding three).

DEIB awareness and training

- A dedicated DEIB awareness session was conducted for HR Leads during the HR Leads Summit.
- DEIB topics were regularly addressed in monthly HR All-Hands Calls.
- As part of our global well-being campaign, we offered DEIB awareness sessions, with 85 participants from different subsidiaries. The recorded session remains accessible to all employees on SharePoint.
- Online voluntary DEIB training modules were provided to employees.

Methodology

Data sources

All DEIB metrics in this section are derived from Crayon’s human resources data management system, TalentSoft. This includes:

- Employee demographic data based on HR records.
- Hiring, promotion, and attrition trends.
- Workforce composition across different regions.
- Participants in DEIB training.

Assumptions

- All data provided is in FTE at the end of the reporting period, except for participants in DEIB training, which is provided in HC.
- Data reflects employee records as maintained in TalentSoft at the time of reporting.

- Due to regional legal restrictions, not all demographic data is available across all countries.

Limitations and challenges

- **Limited demographic data:** Only data captured in TalentSoft is available; self-reported identity data is not collected.
- **Regional data constraints:** Legal restrictions in some countries limit demographic tracking.
- **Exclusion of qualitative insights:** This data does not include employee sentiment or perceptions of inclusion.

Third-party validation

- DEIB metrics are based on internal human resources records and are not externally validated.
- There was no third-party assurance in place for these metrics apart from the review by the limited assurance provider.

Targets

We did not have targets for diversity, equity, inclusion, and belonging in our own workforce in 2024 as our focus was on implementing structured initiatives and defining our path forward. We intend to define key performance indicators in 2025 as we expand our DEIB initiatives and integrate them into our broader ESG framework.

Collective bargaining coverage and social dialogue

Policies related to collective bargaining coverage and social dialogue

Crayon complies with the local laws in the various jurisdictions where we operate, including recognizing and engaging with employee representatives and equivalent structures where these are mandated. There are no prohibitions against employees joining trade unions, workers’ councils, and other equivalent bodies and we respect employees’ rights to do so.

We do not have a single global policy around social dialogue and collective bargaining but instead defer to local legislation and norms.

Governance

The local human resources representatives are responsible for facilitating local workplace arrangements that give employees access to information about trade unions, workers’ councils, and equivalent bodies — including their rights and obligations.

Discussions, negotiations, and other forms of engagement and communication involve the relevant authorized parties in the format and frequency determined by local law. All workers' councils and equivalent structures follow local legislation, resulting in different compositions and mandates.

Accessibility

Where workers' councils, trade unions, and equivalent structures are available, Crayon communicates the possibilities through official company platforms such as employment contracts and intranet posts and announcements.

Actions related to collective bargaining coverage and social dialogue in 2024

We protect our employees’ right to collective bargaining and freedom of association. CBAs give Crayon staff a voice in strategic and operational decisions. Employees also benefit from the spotlight placed on job security, remuneration, health and safety, and working hours because of CBAs. CBAs reduce the risk of exploitation and foster a strong sense of stability and protection.

Crayon’s board of directors had three employee representatives in 2024. They play a crucial role in ensuring that employees' interests are considered in our business decision-making. The employee representatives provide valuable insight into employee concerns and help promote a more inclusive and transparent governance structure in our organization.

Plans for 2025

Crayon’s new global ESG strategy includes employee advocacy, well-being, and growth as one of the 16 ESG focus areas between 2025 and 2030.

Social dialogue and collective bargaining fall under the category of employee advocacy, well-being, and growth as outlined in our strategy. In this way, the material IROs related to social dialogue and collective bargaining influence our business strategy and business model.

Performance related to collective bargaining coverage and social dialogue

In 2024, collective bargaining agreements (CBAs) covered 14.04% of our employees in seven countries (2023: 12.84% in six countries). The employees covered by CBAs were located in Austria, Denmark, Finland, France, Iceland, Spain and Sweden.

We have agreements with employees for representation by the European Works Council (EWC). These agreements were in force in 2024. None of our employees outside the EU and EEA are covered by collective bargaining or other social dialogue agreements.

Methodology

The metrics on collective bargaining agreements, worker representatives and other social dialogue agreements were shared by our local subsidiaries based on an internal Crayon questionnaire designed for this annual report.

The questionnaire was global in scope, giving all subsidiaries around the world the opportunity to respond and provide insights into the status of social dialogue and collective bargaining in their respective locations.

The metrics were not validated by a third party other than the limited assurance provider.

Targets

Due to differences in local legislation and the need for tailored, locally compliant agreements and practices, we do not set specific targets for social dialogue and collective bargaining agreements. There were therefore no targets in 2024.

MATERIAL IMPACTS, RISKS, AND OPPORTUNITIES RELATED TO COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AND SOCIAL DIALOGUE

IRO type	Description	Actions taken	Position in value chain	Time horizon
● Positive impact (potential)	Social dialogue: Crayon follows local laws in all operating regions, including recognizing and engaging with employee representatives where required. We respect and support employees' rights to join trade unions, workers’ councils, and similar bodies.	- We recognize and engage with employee representatives and equivalent structures where these are locally and regionally mandated (e.g. we have agreements with employees for representation by the European Works Council). - Crayon’s board of directors had three employee representatives in 2024. They play a crucial role in ensuring that employees' interests are considered in our business decision-making.	Own operations	Short-term

COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AND SOCIAL DIALOGUE METRICS

Coverage rate	Collective bargaining coverage		Social dialogue
	Employees – EEA (for countries with >50 employees representing >10% total employment)	Employees – Non-EEA (estimate for regions with >50 employees representing >10% total employees)	Workplace representation (EEA only) (for countries with >50 employees representing >10% total employees)
0 – 19%	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
20 – 39%	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
40 – 59%	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
60 – 79%	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
80 – 100%	Not applicable	Not applicable	Norway

Although Crayon had collective bargaining agreements in six countries in 2024, in none of those countries did we meet the ESRS-specified thresholds of more than 50 employees and representing more than 10% total employment.

CBA^s AND WORKER REPRESENTATIVES

	Inside the European Union and European Economic Area in 2024	Outside the European Union and European Economic Area in 2024
Employees covered by collective bargaining agreements (%)	14.04%	0%
Employees covered by worker representatives (%)	23.67%	0%
Other social dialogue agreements (%)	0%	0%

These metrics are optional, entity-specific data points that are being reported for the first time. In our previous ESG disclosures (2023 ESG Report), we previously limited our disclosures to the percentage of employees covered by collective bargaining agreements globally. We have refined and expanded our social dialogue and collective bargaining metrics.



Labor and human rights in our own workforce

ESRS GOV-4

Forced labor, slavery, excessive working hours, underpayment of wages and benefits, and inhumane working conditions are some of the pernicious social justice issues Crayon must vigilantly safeguard against.

The steady growth of Crayon’s business year-on-year places more onus on us to manage the potential risk of labor and human rights violations as we grow in scale and complexity.

Policies related to labor and human rights in our own workforce

Crayon strictly abides by all applicable local labor laws and our own internal policies (e.g. the Crayon Integrity Handbook and Secured Productivity Policy) throughout our operations. Enforced by our global network of HR representatives who report to the Chief Human Resources Officer, our recruitment and employment systems and controls aim to avoid child labor, human trafficking, unsafe working conditions, and other forms of exploitation in our workforce.

On our global corporate website (under Trust Center / Business Integrity) we communicate our general principles of individual dignity and human rights. These principles form the foundation for the conduct we expect from every Crayon employee. Global policies and procedures in 2024 relevant to promoting labor and human rights internally included:

- **The Crayon Integrity Handbook** – The Integrity Handbook sets expectations for employee conduct, including a clear prohibition against inappropriate language, abuse of authority, and disruptive behavior. It also reinforces Crayon’s obligation to comply with environmental laws and health and safety requirements. The Handbook was replaced by the Secured Productivity Policy in May 2024, though some subsidiaries still maintain local versions.

- **Governance:** The Handbook is administered by the local entities through local human resources representatives and local general managers.
- **Accessibility:** The Handbook is available internally via SharePoint.

- **The global Secured Productivity Policy** – Specific provisions on labor and human rights are mentioned in the sections related to Acting with Integrity and Representing Crayon with Integrity. This includes Crayon’s employees’ duties to help protect human rights, and decent working conditions, and prevent modern slavery. Additionally, it underlines the same individuals’ responsibility to immediately report any breaches of human rights, including cases of modern slavery or of individuals not being provided with decent working conditions.
 - **Governance:** Crayon’s Trust Unit leads the formulation of the policy (including revisions). Implementation of the labor and human rights provisions of the policy is led by the human resources team with support from the Trust Unit.
 - **Accessibility:** This policy has an extended internal version available on our internal SharePoint and publicly on our global corporate website.
- **The global Diversity, Equity, Inclusion Statement** – The statement affirms Crayon’s commitment to DEI principles.
 - **Governance and accessibility:** It is available externally on our global corporate website and internally via SharePoint. Please refer to the Diversity, equity, inclusion, and belonging section above for additional information.

Alignment with international standards

Crayon bases its policies on key international human rights standards such as the UNGPs, the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, International Labor Organization (ILO) core conventions, and the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights. Our global policies and procedures are supplemented

with local policies and procedures which comply with local laws and regulations.

Actions related to labor and human rights in our own workforce in 2024

Given our core business as a global software reseller, we have not identified any countries or types of operations at significant actual or potential risk of forced labor, compulsory labor, or child labor. This applies only to our own operations.

Accommodating regional differences

We have a diverse and international workforce who experience different cultural and professional contexts. Through our local human resources representatives, we can develop an understanding of potential risks and take pre-emptive measures. Where relevant, issues are escalated to local, regional, and global management.

For example, in India, women’s workforce participation and economic empowerment are evolving and influenced by local social and cultural norms. Crayon complies with the local Prevention of Sexual Harassment Act which promotes a respectful and safe work environment for female employees.

In compliance with the legislation in India, we have established a committee which provides training on discrimination and harassment and addresses any complaints that may arise. Crayon goes beyond regulatory compliance to welcome women into the workforce by offering a return-to-work program for women, including new mothers; and offering a local female management program called Aspire, which supports women’s development in areas such as negotiation and personal development.

Grievance mechanisms

Crayon pays for all reporting channels and grievance mechanisms, and information about them is shared on our internal SharePoint as well as our global corporate website in order to raise employee awareness.

All Crayon employees can express their concerns about working conditions and other matters to their supervisors and by directly contacting the executive management team. We also have confidential channels for reporting concerns, such as a dedicated email address (concerns@crayon.com) and a telephone hotline (+47 2396 8400).

All employees are encouraged and instructed to report any concerns or potential breaches through these channels as communicated in our Internal Policies (Crayon Integrity Handbook and Secured Productivity Policy).

At the beginning of 2024, we had an externally managed online whistleblowing portal. However, this was deactivated after the first quarter to safeguard against potential conflicts as the service provider was also bidding to provide audit services to Crayon.

Throughout 2024, the Trust Unit actively evaluated alternative external whistleblowing solutions that can comply with international directives while guaranteeing complete anonymity. A final decision and subsequent rollout are expected during the first half of 2025.

All these channels, including whistleblowing solutions, are accessible to all our own employees. Potentially vulnerable groups within our own workforce – for example women, migrants and people with disabilities – can also use these channels.

Investigation and follow-up

Crayon takes all legitimate reports made in good faith seriously. Any report of potential misconduct involving our workforce is handled with care and due process. Investigations are carried out by a dedicated Investigations Team under the supervision of the Trust Unit and ultimate oversight by Crayon’s board of directors.

The team may collaborate with other internal functions – such as ISDP, HR, and Legal – to support the investigation or ensure appropriate

follow-up actions are taken. Although Crayon has a standardized investigations methodology, the appropriate interventions and remedies are assessed on a case-by-case basis, influenced by factors such as whether Crayon is the direct cause of the harm, and the severity level or negative impact experienced by the employee in our own workforce.

Engagement with our own workforce and its effectiveness

Engagement with worker representatives takes place through the relevant and appropriate channels, and within the prescribed parameters, typically at the local level. The type and frequency of engagement varies by country. Apart from existing collective bargaining agreements and works council agreements as described in the Social dialogue and collective bargaining section, we do not have other agreements in place related to respect of human rights in our own workforce.

In addition, the grievance mechanisms described above are other ways we interact with our own workforce and external parties. Their effectiveness depends on accessibility — ease of use and availability of multiple channels — stakeholder awareness, performance reporting (for example,. turnaround time from first answer to final resolution), and feedback from users.

Factoring in the interests and views of our own workforce

When incidents are reported, the findings from Crayon’s investigation inform the strategic decision-making of the internal stakeholders who manage our own workforce. Adjustments may also be made to our own workforce processes if deemed necessary. In this way, the perspectives of our own workers can inform Crayon’s decisions or activities aimed at managing actual and potential impacts.

Protection from retaliation
Any parties who make use of our reporting and whistleblowing channels are protected from retaliation by our strict non-retaliation policy for concerns that are reported in good faith, as stated in our Secured Productivity Policy.

In compliance with the EU Whistleblower Directive (EU 2019/1937), we have established procedures for protecting individuals who step forward with allegations. These protections from retaliation apply throughout the lifecycle from an issue is reported to when an investigation is concluded.

General approach to remedy
Appropriate measures are taken to censure employees who act in breach of the law or our policies, to remediate employees who are unjustly and negatively impacted, and to improve the robustness of Crayon’s policies and procedures.

- These measures can include:
- Ensuring affected individuals or groups are treated fairly.
 - Supporting victims - if a violation is identified, we may offer appropriate support and remediation for affected employees, including counseling, legal assistance, and compensation.
 - Ensuring other corrective actions are taken, including disciplinary measures when necessary.
 - Developing action plans to prevent the recurrence of human rights violations, including extended dialogue with internal and external stakeholders such as employees and/or experts on human and labor rights.

Plans for 2025
In 2025, we will establish a cross-functional panel to better coordinate and expedite investigations of reported complaints and incidents related to labor and human rights issues, including harassment and discrimination. This cross-departmental coordination will draw on a technology-enabled approach for complete case lifecycle management.

A new code of conduct currently being drafted by Group will launch in 2025; it will include provisions on labor and human rights issues.

Crayon’s new global ESG strategy includes labor and human rights due diligence in our value chain as one of the 16 ESG focus areas between 2025 and 2030.

Performance related to labor and human rights
No severe human rights issues and incidents connected to Crayon’s own workforce occurred in 2024.

Own workforce labor and human rights metrics 2024

Metric	Value
Number of labor and human rights complaints raised through Crayon’s internal channels, including grievance mechanisms	0
Complaints confirmed by Crayon as valid and referred for investigation	
Number of complaints filed to National Contact Points for OECD Multinational Enterprises	0
Complaints confirmed by OECD as valid and referred for investigation	
The total amount of fines, penalties, and compensation for damages as a result of the incidents and complaints disclosed above, and a reconciliation of such monetary amounts disclosed with the most relevant amount presented in the financial statements	NOK Zero
Number of severe human rights issues and incidents connected to own workforce e.g. forced labor, human trafficking, child labor	0
Number of severe human rights issues and incidents connected to own workforce that are cases of non-respect of UN Guiding Principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	0
Number of fines, penalties, and compensation for severe human rights issues and incidents connected to own workforce	NOK Zero

These metrics are being reported for the first time in 2024. We prioritized the current reporting period (2024), and it was impracticable for us to report on previous years.

Methodology

Reporting boundaries and definitions of key terms

- All labor and human rights complaints are taken seriously and are subject to initial screening. If found to be valid and reported in good faith, claims are then referred for investigation by the Trust Unit.
- In 2024 there were zero reported complaints, and zero investigations were initiated/concluded.

Data sources

- We rely on data from the Trust Desk (run on a Jira ticket management system); reports from our whistleblowing channels which are received and updated on an ongoing basis; and our internal investigations dashboard.

Scope

- Reported metrics are global in scope, covering Crayon’s operations worldwide.

Assumptions

- All labor and human rights complaints are reported to the Trust Unit or captured on our investigations dashboard.

External validation

- The labor and human rights metrics were not subject to validation by an external third party other than the limited assurance provider.

Targets

We have not set targets for labor and human rights issues in our own workforce.

All foundational components for the management of labor and human rights issues have been laid. Accordingly, maintaining our number of (severe) human rights incidents at zero is the status quo. Only if there is a significant change in the number of labor and human rights incidents might we consider setting targets in future.



Processes for engaging with our own workforce and workers’ representatives

We utilize several communication channels to promote collaboration, mutual respect, and two-way dialogue with our employees. We believe employee engagement is essential because employee engagement affects employee morale and productivity.

Employee engagement also affords opportunities for employees to share their perspectives on material positive and negative impacts (actual and potential) that affect them, resulting in employees influencing Crayon’s operational and strategic decisions. Whether globally or locally, the perspectives of employees in our workforce who may be particularly vulnerable to impacts are incorporated into existing communication channels.

Global communication and engagement

Crayon’s suite of global communication tools include:

- The direct and permanent accessibility and availability of our executive management team and supervisors to their direct reports.
- Monthly town halls with the executive management team, and other town halls arranged by different subject matter experts within the organization.
- Periodic internal newsletters covering different topics.
- Our annual internal employee awards recognize and celebrate our employees’ contributions across all parts of the organization. Local and global awards are given to selected employees, culminating in a festive ceremony at our Oslo headquarters – attended by the entire executive management team – where the final global winners are announced.
- Centralized internal information hubs in the form of internal SharePoint (intranet) pages administered by the different teams and functional areas.
- Internal and external social media platforms.

- Our annual employee engagement survey which is delivered to all employees worldwide by an independent third party contracted by Crayon.

Our annual employee feedback survey

The latest edition of our survey was conducted in September 2024, with employees participating anonymously. The survey format was expanded in 2024 and had nine different categories, whereas the 2023 survey had seven categories.

We had high overall scores across all measured categories, resulting in a global average score of 4.13 out of five (2023: 4.2).

The overall participation rate in our employee feedback survey in 2024 was 62% (2023: 69%). Our 2024 survey participation rate was negatively impacted by technical glitches which marred the original survey launch and necessitated a relaunch.

	2024	2023	2022
Global participation rate (%)	62%	69%	55%
Overall score across all measured categories	4.13	4.2	4.24

Maximum score = 5

These metrics are optional, entity-specific data points that were previously reported in our stand-alone 2023 ESG Report. We have chosen to include and continue reporting on them in the current reporting period (2024) for the completeness of reporting.

The survey results are shared with the executive management team to inform their planning of strategic priorities and follow-up actions. Team leaders and supervisors use the results within their respective teams to trigger dialogues about potential improvements.

Local communication and engagement

Employee engagement also takes place through local general managers, local human resource representatives, safety representatives, and local committees catering to different needs and action areas. The format and frequency of engagement are determined by the local parties, aligning with local legislation where relevant.

Additional information

Additional information about engagement with our workforce and workers’ representatives is available in these S1 sections:

- [Labor and human rights in own workforce](#)
- [Collective bargaining coverage and social dialogue](#)

S2 WORKERS IN THE VALUE CHAIN

ESRS GOV-4

MATERIAL IMPACTS, RISKS, AND OPPORTUNITIES RELATED TO VALUE CHAIN WORKERS

IRO type	Description	Actions taken	Position in value chain	Time horizon
● Positive impact (potential)	Work efficiency: A possible positive impact we foresee is improved work efficiency and work-life balance for our customers’ workers. Crayon specializes in providing digitalization and cloud services to customers. Through digital transformation, we could therefore have a positive impact on workers in the downstream value chain by making their workflows more efficient, saving them time and money.	By enabling automation, remote work capabilities, and data-driven decision-making, Crayon’s solutions support operational improvements that can reduce time-intensive tasks and enhance productivity. While indirect, these advancements contribute to better work conditions for customers’ employees by reducing inefficiencies and allowing for greater flexibility in work arrangements.	Own operations 	Short- and medium-term
● Negative impact (potential)	Working time: Crayon's business practices, including scoping, payment terms, and timelines, could indirectly impact workers in the value chain. Excessive overtime may increase the risk of burnout, health problems and workplace safety concerns.	Our internal business relationship owners coordinate engagement with third parties They are therefore positioned to negotiate contractual terms and conditions which may affect the working conditions of value chain workers. Increased efforts to educate the relationship owners within Crayon and raise awareness could reduce incidents of excessive overtime in our value chain. This may be an action we take under review as part of our process of continuous improvement in third party relationship management in 2025.	Upstream 	Short-term
● Negative impact (potential)	Freedom of association: In terms of potential negative impacts, workers in Cray-on's value chain could potentially be negatively impacted if their rights to freedom of association were curtailed or stripped by their employers, where such freedoms are guaranteed by local law. Similarly, workers in Crayon's value chain can potentially be negatively impacted if they are prohibited or hindered from entering into collective bargaining agreements where the legal landscape permits. We recognize that collective bargaining agreements can be useful and essential tools to protect worker rights and give workers a voice in strategic and operational decision-making.	- Crayon’s Partner Integrity Policy requires suppliers and partners to comply with applicable labor laws, including the right to organize and negotiate collectively. Crayon’s due diligence assessments in 2024 included evaluating third-party ad-herence to these requirements, with non-compliant entities flagged for follow-up actions. - We also strengthened our grievance mechanisms, ensuring that value chain workers can report labor rights violations through confidential and accessible channels.	Upstream 	Short-term
● Negative impact (potential)	Collective bargaining: Collective bargaining agreements can be useful and essential tools to protect worker rights and give workers a voice in strategic and operational decision-making. Workers in Crayon's value chain can potentially be negatively impacted if they are prohibited from entering into collective bargaining agreements where the legal landscape permits.		Upstream 	Short-term
● Negative impact (potential)	Gender equality: There could be a potential negative impact on workers in Crayon's value chain if there is no gender equality (e.g. in the form of equal pay for men and women). Examples of negative impacts include depressed and lagging wages for women, affecting their socioeconomic status and lifetime earnings; insufficient gender balance and representation in leadership roles in the software industry; difficulties achieving work-life balance due to competing professional and personal obligations (depending on the social and cul-tural context, men and women may be impacted in different but negative ways).	Crayon’s Partner Integrity Policy explicitly prohibits gender-based discrimination, and due diligence assessments in 2024 included reviews of diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI) commitments. As part of our supplier screening process, Crayon evaluates partners’ policies on workplace diversity and fair compensation, reinforcing its commitment to fostering gender balance in the technology sector.	Upstream, downstream 	Short-term

IRO type	Description	Actions taken	Position in value chain	Time horizon
Negative impact (potential)	Violence and harassment: Actual and potential violence and harassment in any workplace within Crayon's value chain can have long-term negative impacts on worker well-being.	- To protect value chain workers, Crayon’s Partner Integrity Policy includes strictures against harassment. - Our grievance mechanism in the form of a helpline and whistleblower channel is available to value chain workers. We investigate allegations of misconduct (including any that may involve violence and harassment). The appropriate interventions and remedies are assessed on a case-by-case basis.	Upstream	Short-term
Negative impact (potential)	Forced labor: Because Crayon has a global and complex value chain the pos-sibility of some unforeseen instances of forced labor is never completely eliminat-ed. Based on our industry knowledge this is particularly true in the following scenarios: in higher risk geographies which are known not to respect labor and human rights; and amongst local service providers/business partners in higher risk industries/sectors that are prone to human rights violations (e.g. cleaning and catering).	- Crayon proactively addresses the risk of forced labor through the enforcement of our Partner Integrity Policy as well as our labor and human rights risk assessments of third parties. - Based on the information at hand, we have no reason to believe there is forced labor in our value chain and this remains a hypothetical, potential negative impact.	Upstream, downstream	Short- and medium-term
Negative impact (potential)	Limited language options in grievance mechanisms: Crayon's grievance mechanisms are in English only and are not currently designed to be accessible in the local languages of our local service providers and local business partners. While it is unclear whether and to what extent this has been detrimental in practice, theoretically we might fail to detect and address human rights violations of workers in the value chain who are not proficient in English.	We may take into account the potential benefits of supporting multiple languages in 2025 and explore the feasibility of ensuring non-English-speaking workers can report concerns.	Upstream, downstream	Short-term
Opportunity	Human rights information: There is potential reputational and financial risk stemming from Crayon potentially associating with firms or organizations that, unknown to us, in reality violate labor and human rights.	- In 2024, we strengthened our due diligence processes to better identify labor and human rights risks among suppliers and business partners. Measures included the introduction of a standardized assessment to enhance visibility into high-risk geographies and sectors. - We recognize there is room for improvement in the comprehensiveness and granularity of the information available to Crayon about salient labor and human rights issues in our value chain, including specifics around geographies or vulnera-ble groups exposed to significant risk of human rights violations.	Upstream	Short- and medium-term
Risk	Insufficient value chain insights: At the same time, there is an opportunity to improve the quality of our human rights information. This would benefit value chain workers through more refined and targeted human rights due diligence measures implemented by us, while also reducing Crayon’s exposure to the potential reputational and financial risks of non-compliance.		Upstream	Short- and medium-term

Crayon believes in treating employees with respect and dignity in our own operations and in the upstream and downstream of our value chain.

Processes to identify material IROs related to value chain workers

Our double materiality assessment identified material IROs related to value chain workers based on our generalized industry knowledge and direct experience operating in 46 countries. Our process is described in the section [Double materiality assessment](#).

Identifying the workers in our value chain

The workers in Crayon’s value chain encompass the workers of our upstream suppliers, spanning:

- Software vendors/publishers and software suppliers.
- Hyperscalers.
- Workers of our local business partners and services who support our local operations (e.g. couriers, providers of office supplies).

Where relevant and appropriate, we also take consider workers of our downstream customers – our customers are public/government entities and private companies. Our value chain workers therefore represent the full spectrum from blue collar workers to white collar professionals.

Value chain workers who are likely to be materially impacted by Crayon’s operations and business relationships are included in the scope of our disclosures.

Due to differing regional and country cultural and socio-political dynamics, some of the negative impacts identified related to labor and human rights issues may be systemic, rendering it difficult for Crayon to effect change as a single actor. We do not currently have insight into which negative impacts would be described as systemic, nor in which country. Neither are we aware which impacts, risks and opportunities affect only certain groups of value chain workers rather than all value chain workers.

Policies related to value chain workers

Crayon’s Partner Integrity Policy applies globally to all our suppliers and business partners and is Crayon’s equivalent to a supplier code of conduct.

The policy is shared with prospective suppliers and business partners prior to onboarding, and signatures affirming acknowledgement and adherence are required, through an attestation form included in the due diligence procedure and/or through the standard contractual terms and conditions to be signed by Crayon and the third party. Based on certain risk criteria, Crayon’s Trust Unit conducts ongoing due diligence to ensure continued compliance. We reserve the right to terminate business relationships with entities that do not uphold our standards.

Alignment with international standards

The Partner Integrity Policy aligns with the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs), ILO Conventions, and the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises. It includes a specific clause that promotes and protects the rights of value chain workers by explicitly prohibiting discrimination, harassment, child labor, and forced labor – including all forms of modern slavery. The same clause requires suppliers and partners to uphold health and safety

standards and ensure fair labor practices, including fair compensation.

In 2024, there were no reported cases of non-respect of the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises that involved value chain workers in our upstream and downstream value chain.

Governance

Crayon’s Trust Unit is responsible for updating and implementing our Partner Integrity Policy. The mandate of the Trust Unit is to safeguard Crayon’s business operations around the world, including through third party due diligence to identify, mitigate and prevent the risk of labor and human rights violations in our value chain. The Trust Unit is led by the Chief Security Officer, who reports to the Chief Executive Officer.

The same roles and responsibilities for generalized third party due diligence also apply to human rights due diligence due to considerable practical and logistical overlap between the two. For additional information, please refer to [G1 Business conduct: Management of relationships with suppliers](#).

Accessibility

The Partner Integrity Policy is available on our internal SharePoint and the global corporate website. As part of our continual improvement process, this policy will be updated in 2025 to serve as a Third-Party Code of Conduct.

We choose to prioritize labor and human rights because of:

1.

Our signatory status in relation to the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC).

The UNGC is underpinned by 10 Principles, six of which fall under the ‘human rights’ and ‘labor’ pillars.
2.

Our alignment with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals.

Goal 8 (decent work and economic growth) and Goal 10 (reduced inequality).
3.

Our support for the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs).

We incorporate the UNGPs into the Crayon Integrity Handbook and the Crayon Partner Integrity Policy.
4.

Planned and existing regulatory instruments in Europe and other parts of the world that are or may become applicable to Crayon.

For example, the Norway Transparency Act of 2022; the European Union’s Corporate Sustainability Due Diligence Directive; and the United Kingdom Modern Slavery Act of 2015.
5.

Increasing customer awareness and calls for action.

Customer concerns and demands are expressed as sustainability criteria in procurement processes and contracts, and in requests for information.

Actions related to value chain workers in 2024

Due diligence assessments of our suppliers and business partners

We are dedicated to continually enhancing our practices and contributing to the advancement of human rights and global value chain risk management.

We assess our business partners throughout the lifecycle of our relationships with them. From a labor and human rights perspective, Crayon’s due diligence assessments emphasize crucial aspects such as human rights, child labor, decent working conditions and DEI. The assessments ensure our business partners’ compliance with international regulations as well as our own rigorous standards. Where necessary, we use the findings to discontinue relationships that do not meet our standards.

In 2024, Crayon’s Trust Unit led further expansion and refinement of our supply chain due diligence process. Throughout the year we stress-tested a solution that was based on an external platform and received user feedback. It became apparent that, to improve and achieve a higher standard of operational excellence, we needed to take a different approach.

We therefore launched the One Crayon Onboarding Process (OCOP) in 2024, which provides a clearer framework for conducting thorough, efficient, technology enabled assessments and evaluations.

We have now established a standardized, questionnaire-based process for all types of third parties. This is combined with data from OSINT and private external providers, and covers a range of risk areas, including ESG and integrity. To ensure third parties do not contribute to or cause labor and human rights violations, our risk assessments cover topics such as:

- Compliance with laws and regulations.
- Endorsements of other voluntary commitments (e.g. UNGPs).
- Previous or ongoing incidents or investigations, fines or penalties for breaches or violations.
- Existence of internal and external whistleblowing and reporting mechanisms.
- Adequacy of due diligence procedures throughout their own value chain.

The third parties currently within scope of our new OCOP process include prospective and existing customers and global suppliers. In 2025, we will migrate to local suppliers, local service partners and local subcontractors that support our local in-country operations. The main change at the local level will be a shift to centralized governance and oversight.

In future, the OCOP process will also enhance the follow-up reviews of third parties signalled in high-risk categories, focusing on their governance maturity and the integrity of the reported information under this new due diligence process. Remedial actions will be transparent and effectively implemented across the organization – especially if related to third parties to be offboarded or under quarantine due to high severity/ critical findings across any domains, including human rights within our supply chain.

Grievance mechanisms

Crayon has confidential channels for workers to report their concerns about working conditions and other labor and human rights issues. There is a dedicated email address (concerns@crayon.com) and a telephone hotline (+47 2396 8400).

Further information is provided in [G1 Business conduct: Overall approach to business conduct and corporate culture](#) under the heading 'Whistleblower channels.'

Accessibility to value chain workers

All of these channels, including whistleblowing solutions), are as equally accessible to workers in our value chain as they are to our own employees. They

are communicated on our global corporate website. Workers who may be particularly vulnerable to impacts or are marginalised can also use these same channels.

Investigations and remedies for value chain workers
Crayon takes all legitimate reports made in good faith seriously. Reports of potential misconduct involving employees of our partners (value chain workers), are handled with care and due process. All investigations are carried out by a dedicated Investigations Team under the supervision of the Trust Unit and ultimate oversight by Crayon’s board of directors. The Investigations Team may also collaborate with other internal teams (such as ISDP, human resources and legal) for investigative purposes or to ensure that appropriate actions are taken.

Although Crayon has a standardized investigations methodology, the appropriate interventions and remedies are assessed on a case-by-case basis, influenced by factors such as whether Crayon is the direct cause of the harm, and the severity level or negative impact experienced by the value chain worker (s).

Protection of value chain workers from retaliation
External parties who make use of our reporting and whistleblowing channels are protected from retaliation by our strict non-retaliation policy for concerns that are reported in good faith, as stated in our Partner Integrity Policy.

Engagement with value chain workers

Our grievance mechanisms described above are the ways in which we interact directly with workers in our value chain. The frequency of engagement with value chain workers is open-ended as the channels are perpetually available and monitored at all times. Engagement can occur whenever concerns are raised or input is received.

Effectiveness of grievance mechanisms

The effectiveness of our grievance mechanisms is

determined by their accessibility (ease of access and different available channels), stakeholders’ awareness of how to use the system, performance reports with key metrics (e.g. turnaround time from first answer to final resolution), and possible feedback from users of these mechanisms.

Factoring in the interests and views of value chain workers

In the event incidents are reported, the findings from Crayon’s investigation inform the strategic decision-making of the internal stakeholders who manage our relationships with suppliers and business partners. Adjustments may also be made to our human rights due diligence processes if deemed necessary. In this way, the perspectives of value chain workers can inform Crayon’s decisions or activities aimed at managing actual and potential impacts.

Different role players within Crayon are therefore positioned to ensure engagement with value chain workers takes place, with the Chief Security Officer in the forefront by virtue of leading the Trust Unit.

Moreover, our DMA informed our new global ESG strategy. Labor and human rights due diligence in the value chain is one of the 16 ESG focus areas in the ESG strategy which is slated for 2025 – 2030, illustrating how our material IROs related to value chain workers influence our business model and business strategy.

Plans for 2025

We are exploring the possibility of conducting an in-depth human rights risk assessment of our value chain in 2025 to more concretely define the nature and scale of the issues, and how we can address them.

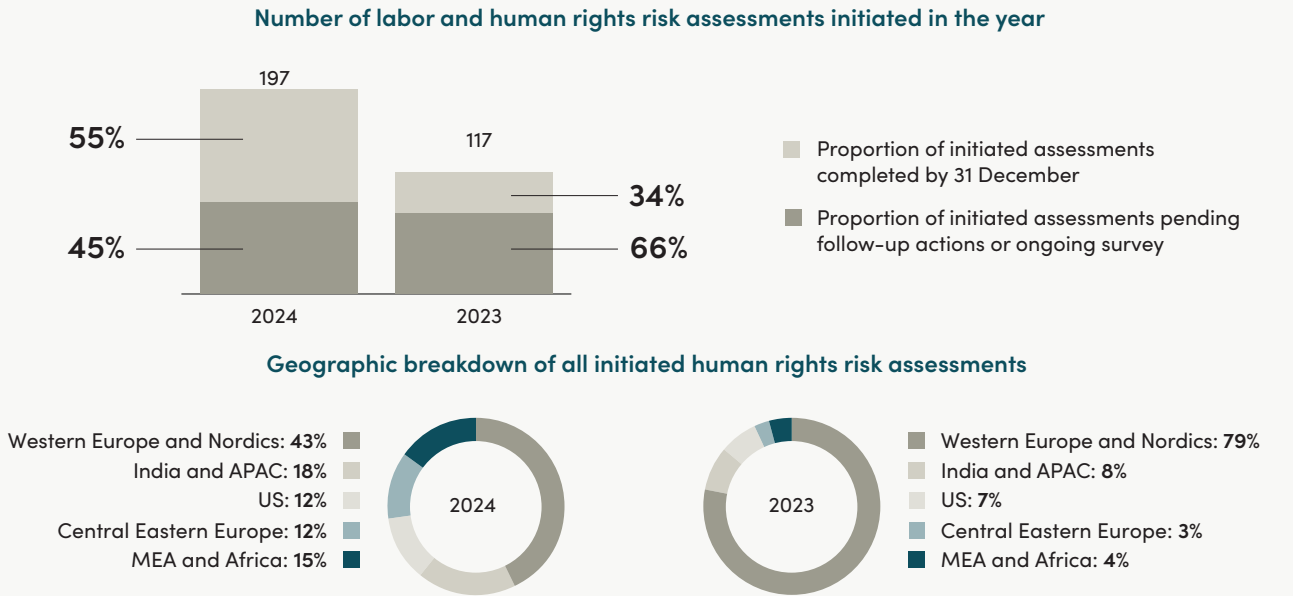
Additionally, to champion human rights within the IT services ecosystem, in 2025 we will invite customers, partners, and suppliers to join our Global Partnership Programs run by the Trust Unit. We aim to collect best practices and evaluate possible improvements related to labor and human rights.

Performance related to our value chain workers

	2024	2023
Number of severe human rights issues and incidents connected to upstream and downstream value chain e.g. forced labor, human trafficking, child labor	0	0
Number of fines, penalties, and compensation for severe human rights issues and incidents connected to upstream and downstream value chain (monetary value, NOK)	NOK Zero	NOK Zero
Proportion of Crayon third parties that have acknowledged and committed to complying with Crayon's Partner Integrity Policy	100% of completed due diligence assessments	100% of completed due diligence assessments
Number of grievances related to labor and human rights reported by Crayon against third parties	0	0
Number of grievances related to labor and human rights reported against Crayon by third parties	0	0

The metrics on number of severe human rights incidents and monetary value of fines and penalties are being reported for the first time in 2024.

Other metrics shown in the table (e.g. number of signatories, number of grievances) are optional, entity-specific data points that were previously reported in our stand-alone 2023 ESG Report. We have chosen to include and continue reporting on them in the current reporting period for the completeness of reporting.



The metrics on Crayon third parties with labor and human rights risk assessments are optional, entity-specific data points that were previously reported in our stand-alone 2023 ESG Report. We have chosen to include and continue reporting on them in the current reporting period (2024) for the completeness of reporting.

Methodology

Reporting boundaries and definitions of key terms

- All labor and human rights complaints pertaining to our value chain workers are taken seriously and are subject to initial screening. If found to be valid and reported in good faith, claims are then referred for investigation by the Trust Unit. In 2024 there were zero reported complaints, and zero investigations were initiated / concluded.
- In addition to any reports received, the Trust Unit performs risk assessment and due diligence procedure to identify any red flags related to labor and human rights in our value chain; in 2024 there were zero concerns identified through this process.

Data sources

- We rely on data from the Trust Desk (run on a Jira ticket management system); reports from our whistleblowing channels which are received and updated on an ongoing basis; and our internal investigations dashboard.
- For risk assessment, we rely on data from a third-party management system and CRM reports.

Scope

- Reported metrics are global in scope, covering Crayon's operations worldwide.

Assumptions

- All labor and human rights complaints are reported to the Trust Unit or captured on our investigations dashboard.
- All internal business relationship managers submit all assessment requests for onboarding Suppliers through the existing tools.

External validation

- The labor and human rights metrics were not subject to validation by an external third party other than the limited assurance provider.

Targets

We did not have targets to manage the material impacts, risks , opportunities related to our value chain workers in 2024. We may consider setting targets upon completion of our anticipated human rights risk assessment – this will be determined at a later date.

In terms of resources, our Trust Unit continues to play a lead role in protecting labor and human rights in our value chain through the policies, grievance mechanisms and other actions outlined above. These responsibilities are integrated into employees' existing roles and covered by the Trust Unit's operational budget. The work is also linked to other relevant areas, such as supplier and vendor relationship management and enterprise risk management.

G1 BUSINESS CONDUCT

Crayon is committed to adhering to all applicable laws and regulations affecting our operations.

We take the appropriate measures to ensure our employees understand the importance of honest and ethical conduct and consistently reflect this in internal and external interactions.

Processes to identify material IROs

Through our double materiality assessment, we assessed the impact and financial materiality of different business conduct matters related to our global operations. The material business conduct IROs that emerged are described throughout G1. Note that we have made entity-specific disclosures related to the following topics:

- Data privacy and information security.
- Responsible artificial intelligence.

The above issues are not covered at all under ESRS but are nevertheless relevant to Crayon and surfaced as material IROs in our DMA process.

In addition, where appropriate we supplement ESRS-mandated disclosures with entity-specific data

points for completeness of reporting (e.g. supplier relationship management).

Overall approach to business conduct and corporate culture

ESRS GOV-4

Policies related to business conduct and corporate culture

Crayon’s **Secured Productivity Policy** is a wide-ranging policy that provides instructions to our employees in areas such as commercial compliance, business integrity (e.g. anti-bribery, international sanctions), operational safety, information security, and data protection such as privacy and responsible AI. All employees are trained on the policy annually, and relevant business functions receive additional role-based directions.

Crayon’s **delegation of authority (DoA) matrix** provides a clear framework for assigning authority to approve actions and undertake specific tasks. The DoA promotes employee autonomy and accountability, thereby supporting regulatory compliance and risk management.

In addition to the above, Crayon’s enterprise risk management (ERM) framework plays a key role in identifying and managing material risks in relation to business conduct matters. It is designed to ensure integrity and quality in the management of business conduct and corporate culture risks across the global organization.

The ERM framework consists of three interconnected pillars – operational, tactical and strategic risk management. This consolidated approach ensures that risks captured on the operational level are centrally governed and addressed through Crayon’s enterprise risk register. Business conduct risks with the greatest impact on Crayon are subject to strategic investment decisions and monitored by the executive management team.

Governance

Crayon’s governance architecture and culture are shaped and driven by the Legal Department and the Trust Unit, each with distinct mandates:

Legal Department

- Mitigates legal risks and ensures compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- Provides legal support across the organization.

MATERIAL IMPACTS, RISKS, AND OPPORTUNITIES RELATED TO GENERAL BUSINESS CONDUCT AND CORPORATE CULTURE

IRO type	Description	Actions taken	Position in value chain	Time horizon
Risk	• Risk management for positive business conduct: Crayon is committed to good corporate governance. Ineffective risk management could result in financial losses and negatively affect investor perceptions.	• Our training and awareness campaigns are multidimensional and are not confined to anti-bribery and corruption. And our delegation of authority matrix, Secured Productivity Policy and enterprise risk management framework all help to drive conduct and culture oriented towards ethics and integrity. • Risk management undergirds everything we do in relation to business conduct.	Own operations	Short-, medium-, and long-term

GOVERNANCE

G1 Business conduct

- Defines and oversees the Delegation of Authority matrix.
- Led by the Chief Legal Officer, who reports to the Chief Operating Officer.

Trust Unit

- Safeguards Crayon’s business operations and data processing activities globally
- Has a global control function covering:
 - Commercial compliance.
 - Business integrity, including anti-bribery and international sanctions.
 - Operational safety.
 - Information security.
 - Data protection, including privacy and responsible AI.
- Leads the development and implementation of the Secured Productivity Policy and the enterprise risk management framework.
- Led by the Chief Security Officer, who reports to the Chief Executive Officer.

Board involvement

In 2024, Crayon’s board of directors completed an internally designed ESG-focused self-assessment survey to evaluate their competencies. Business conduct matters spanning topics such as business ethics and integrity, corporate governance and enterprise risk management were rated highly as areas of competence held by our board members.

The results also showed specific board strengths in areas such as anti-bribery and corruption, and the leadership role of the board and board committees. In addition to their own expertise in business conduct matters, the board draws on the expertise of the different teams across Crayon.

The Chief Security Officer has a direct reporting line to the chairperson of the board of directors to safeguard independence in the handling of integrity investigations. Investigations into anti-bribery and corruption cases are regularly reported to the board of directors and the audit and ESG committee.

Executive management team’s involvement

Led by the Chief Executive Officer, Crayon’s executive management team regularly reinforces the importance of ethics and integrity during town halls and other forums aimed at large groups of employees.

Actions related to overall business conduct and corporate culture in 2024

Dissemination of Crayonite business conduct values and culture within our operations

To strengthen risk management and proactively address potential local risks such as corruption and bribery, in 2024 the Legal Department led the process of revising and standardising the composition of the internal board of directors for all local Crayon entities and subsidiaries (i.e. excluding the parent holding company). This governance measure ensures more centralised oversight of all subsidiaries and supports consistent representation and application of Crayon’s core values and corporate culture worldwide.

Another initiative by the Legal Department in 2024 was the introduction of quarterly legal reporting by all Crayon entities of all potential or ongoing legal or compliance cases. The reported cases are analyzed and subsequently shared with the executive management team, which can take appropriate action if necessary. This initiative provides an early warning system for legal or compliance risks, while strengthening local transparency and accountability to the parent company.

Whistleblower channels

Crayon operates a ‘speak-up’ culture for our employees and external individuals to feel comfortable raising any potential integrity concerns. Accordingly, a variety of ways to submit a whistleblowing report or raising concerns is offered, anonymously or not:

- In person – reaching out directly to the Chief Security Officer or to the integrity investigations team members.

- A dedicated email (concerns@crayon.com) and telephone hotline (+47 2396 8400).

In the beginning of 2024, we had an externally managed online whistleblowing portal. It was deactivated after the first quarter to safeguard against potential conflicts as the service provider was also bidding to provide audit services to Crayon.

Throughout 2024, the Trust Unit actively evaluated alternative external whistleblowing solutions that can comply with international directives while guaranteeing complete anonymity. A final decision and subsequent roll out are expected during the first half of 2025.

Internal employees are trained of these procedures through our Secured Productivity Policy and awareness is reinforced through internal communication forums such as townhalls and community calls.

The whistleblowing channels are also widely communicated through our policies, public company webpage and internal SharePoint.

All investigations relating to integrity and compliance concerns are executed by an independent team and in an impartial and objective manner, ensuring that all investigations are conducted thoroughly and ethically.

Protection from retaliation

To protect whistleblowers and ensure their reports are investigated and addressed, we have internal procedures that comply with the European Union Whistleblower Directive (EU 2019/1937).

Retaliation against any employee who, in good faith, reports suspected compliance violation or for cooperating in an investigation is strictly prohibited.

Confidentiality regarding employee concerns will be maintained at all times insofar as is legal and practical, informing only those personnel who have a need to know.

Investigations

Crayon is committed to investigating business conduct incidents promptly, independently, and objectively, leveraging a structured, hypothesis-driven methodology to enhance the integrity of our investigative processes.

Our approach to investigations includes robust mechanisms for identifying, reporting, and investigating concerns related to unlawful behaviour or violations of our Secured Productivity Policy. These mechanisms are accessible to both internal and external stakeholders, ensuring transparency and accountability.

Crayon’s investigation framework requires each case to be examined from multiple angles. Investigators conduct interviews with relevant individuals and review supporting documentation.

- Preliminary assessments are completed within 30 calendar days from the receipt of allegations.
- Full investigations, including final reports, are completed within six months from the start of the investigation process.

Crayon has reinforced its investigative framework to systematically assess business conduct incidents, including corruption and bribery. This enhanced methodology integrates risk-based prioritization, root cause analysis, and evidence-based hypothesis testing to drive thorough and objective investigations.

Going forward, Crayon plans to incorporate a severity matrix to further enhance its investigation methodology. This will provide a structured assessment of incidents based on risk, impact, and urgency, ensuring a proportionate and effective response to business conduct concerns.

Performance related to overall business conduct and corporate culture

Training and communication related to integrity and ethical conduct

In coordination with the human resources team, our trust advocate team drives annual integrity awareness training to all Crayon employees through the Secured Productivity Policy training campaign. In addition to this annual cycle, Crayon also requires its new employees to execute this same training when onboarding.

An outline of the integrity and ethics training contents is presented here:

- Acting with integrity and representing Crayon with integrity
 - Including but not limited to: conflicts of interest, gifts and hospitality, interacting with government officials, and donations.
- Third party compliance
 - Focusing on the vetting and due diligence procedures related to customers, partners and suppliers.

- “Speak-up” culture and the available communication channels to report any concerns related to bribery and corruption.

Crayon business conduct and corporate culture training (including training on ethics and integrity) - training based on our Secured Productivity Policy

	2024	2023
Number of employees trained ¹	4,571	5,002
New joiners	652	1,508
Annual training for existing employees	3,191	3,494

¹ Number of trained employees at the close of the annual secured productivity training campaign.

These metrics are being reported on for the first time in the 2024 reporting period and were not previously part of our ESG disclosures in the stand-alone 2023 ESG Report.

Beyond ethics and integrity training, our secured productivity training covers a wide range of topics related to business conduct and corporate culture. Upon completion of the training, final signoff is mandatory, with employees agreeing to comply with the Secured Productivity Policy and agreeing that breaches may result in disciplinary procedures.

The training is designed to empower our employees to uphold the highest integrity standards in all business activities and relationships. In its entirety, the training covers the topics shown at the bottom of this page.

Methodology

Approach

- Individuals are automatically assigned to online training. The training includes checkpoints for knowledge validation in each theme and a final signoff of the Security Productivity Policy.
- Reminders for completion are sent on a regular basis, and the escalation process may include intervention from direct managers and eventually other controls until completion.

Data sources

- We rely on data from Crayon’s human resources data management system (TalentSoft) for training statistics.

Scope

- Reported metrics are global in scope, covering Crayon’s operations worldwide.

External validation

- These metrics are externally reviewed and validated by TUV Sud within the framework of Crayon's annual external audit and certification cycle for: ISO 27001, ISO 27701, and ISO 37001.

Targets

There were no 2024 targets related to overall business conduct and corporate culture.

All foundational components for Integrity have been laid through our annual mandatory training for existing employees and new joiners.

We may consider setting targets in the future if there is an evolution in threats and vulnerabilities, or a change in the number of incidents related to business conduct.

CRAYON BUSINESS CONDUCT AND CORPORATE CULTURE TRAINING CONTENTS - BASED ON OUR SECURED PRODUCTIVITY POLICY

Theme of training	Training objectives	Topics covered in training
Secured business operations	To create work environment is safe and business activities and relationships are driven by integrity	Operational safety Operational security Acting with integrity
Secured data processing	To ensure a work environment where accounts and tools are secured, personal and private data are protected, and artificial intelligence is adopted responsibly	Information security Personal and private data protection Responsible artificial intelligence
Secured business ecosystem	To maintain a work environment where bribery and corruption is not tolerated, and external relationships are founded on Crayon’s integrity standards	Representing Crayon with integrity Third party compliance
Reporting channels and grievance mechanisms	To explain how concerns are handled	Available tools, channels and support mechanisms to report concerns or address issues

Management of relationships with suppliers

ESRS GOV-4

Policies related to supplier relationship management

Our global **Partner Integrity Policy** described above applies globally to all our suppliers and business partners.

The Policy establishes Crayon’s right to perform due diligence on our value chain, emphasizing our partners’ understanding of their obligations across critical areas such as ethics, security, privacy, environmental governance, diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI), human rights, child labor, and fair working conditions.

Additionally, the policy sets clear expectations for anti-bribery and anti-corruption compliance and requires adherence to applicable antitrust and competition laws, as well as sanctions and trade regulations in all countries where Crayon operates.

Alignment with international standards

The policy is aligned with the UNGPs, ILO conventions and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises.

Governance

The Trust Unit is responsible for updating and implementing our Partner Integrity Policy. As part of our continual improvement process, this policy will be updated in 2025 to serve as a Third-Party Code of Conduct.

The same roles and responsibilities for generalized third party due diligence also apply to generalized sustainability or ESG due diligence due to considerable practical and logistical overlap between the two.

If any team member across Crayon (anyone acting as internal Business Relationship Owner – BRO) intends to initiate a business relationship with a Third Party, it is their obligation to follow the applicable onboarding procedures, in accordance with our Secured Productivity Policy:

1. The BRO will coordinate any interactions with the third party and ensure that all information is available for a successful and complete assessment executed by Crayon’s Trust Unit.
2. As a result of the information provided, and with the support of other internal risk experts (legal, compliance, information security and data protection (ISDP), ESG teams), the Trust Unit will define the applicable rules of engagement to be followed by the BRO and the third party.
3. Depending on the identified risks, any rules of engagement may only be revised after an assessment by the head of the Trust Unit, following the applicable level of approval as per the relevant Crayon management systems and final signoff by the local general manager.
4. The BRO should then respect and adequately communicate the outcome of Crayon’s vetting procedures for customers, partners and suppliers.
5. Any findings related to the due diligence process improvements are presented during Crayon’s management system review meetings. This ensures comprehensive reporting in case management, event patterns and lessons learned to the executive management team and the Board of directors.

The goal is to strengthen Crayon’s effectiveness and efficiency in managing and resolving these requests.

Accessibility

The policy is shared with prospective suppliers and business partners prior to onboarding, and signatures affirming acknowledgement and adherence are required, through an attestation form included in the due diligence procedure and/or through the standard contractual terms and conditions to be signed by Crayon and the third party.

Based on certain risk criteria, Crayon’s Trust Unit carries out due diligence on an ongoing basis to ensure continued compliance – we reserve the right to terminate business relationships with entities that do not uphold our standards.

Actions related to supplier relationship management in 2024

In 2024, Crayon faced a continued rise in the volume and complexity of requirements from regulators and customers related to ESG, integrity, international

MATERIAL IMPACTS, RISKS, AND OPPORTUNITIES RELATED TO SUPPLIER RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT

IRO type	Description	Actions taken	Position in value chain	Time horizon
Negative impact (potential)	• Supply chain risk: Crayon recognizes the inherent risks in its supply chain, as not all suppliers may uphold sustainable business practices, creating potential that could affect our operational	• In 2024, Crayon increased its use of technology-enabled solutions to automate supplier screening and due diligence processes, enhancing efficiency in managing compliance risks. Suppliers that fail to meet our sustainability standards are subject to offboarding or contractual termination if necessary. • Crayon’s Partner Integrity Policy serves as the foundation for supplier screening, requiring all third parties to formally acknowledge and commit to compliance.	Upstream, own operations, downstream	Short-, medium- and long-term
Negative impact (potential)	• Supplier screening: Crayon ensures responsible sourcing by integrating ESG criteria into procurement decisions. While Crayon does not produce IT hardware and software, we carefully evaluate suppliers to uphold ethical and sustainable business practices.	• Crayon’s Partner Integrity Policy serves as the foundation for supplier screening, requiring all third parties to formally acknowledge and commit to compliance. • By maintaining clear supplier standards and engaging in ongoing monitoring, Crayon helps mitigate risks and support positive impacts throughout its value chain.	Upstream	Short-, medium- and long-term
Risk	• Risk associated with large partners and suppliers: Crayon acknowledges the risks linked to large-scale partnerships and closely monitors its partnerships with major suppliers to manage reputational and operational risks, ensuring responsible business practices throughout our supply chain.	• We apply a shared responsibility model for strategic suppliers, such as Microsoft, ensuring active participation in onboarding and risk assessments. Enhanced due diligence procedures focus on anti-bribery, corruption risks, and social and environmental impacts throughout the value chain.	Own operations	Long-term

sanctions, security and privacy. Consequently, we relied more heavily on technology-enabled solutions to automate screening and vetting of third parties for compliance purposes.

We give special attention to strategic suppliers such as Microsoft by operationalizing a shared responsibility model. Under this model, Crayon actively participates in the onboarding process, which may include targeted risk assessments and enhanced due diligence. These efforts focus on areas such as anti-bribery and corruption, as well as social and environmental impacts across the value chain.

Plans for 2025
Commercially, global suppliers play a crucial role in helping us deliver our services and solutions.

However, they may have practices over which Crayon has no control that negatively impact people and the environment. Crayon is potentially exposed to financial and reputational risk by association. To influence through collaboration and level the playing field, in 2025 we will invite suppliers to join our global partnership programs which aim to drive collective, ecosystem-wide improvements in ethical and sustainable business conduct.

In 2025, we will enact changes at the local level towards more centralized and standardized governance and oversight of supplier vetting, due diligence and overall relationship management. Such changes will ensure more consistent consideration of social and environmental criteria.

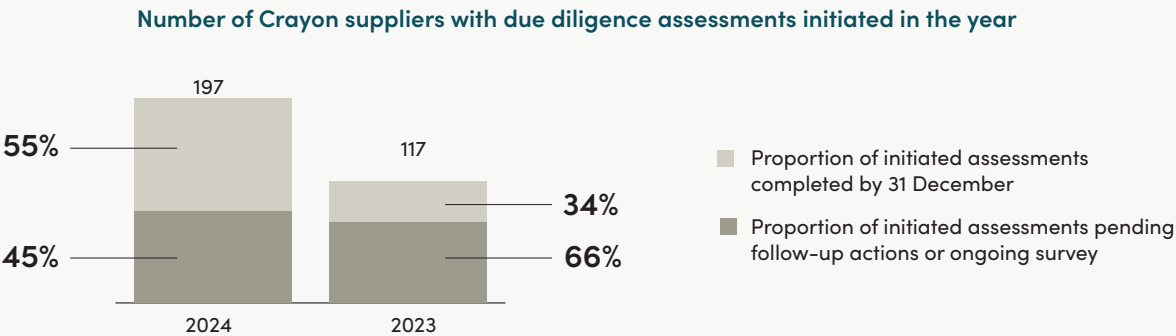
In 2025 and beyond we expect the ESG criteria we apply to our suppliers and business partners to evolve in lockstep with the maturity of Crayon’s ESG program, as well as local and international ESG regulations. We anticipate these internal and external developments will lead Crayon to set even higher standards to onboard or reject different third parties in the future.

Performance related to supplier relationship management

	2024	2023
Proportion of Crayon third parties that have acknowledged and committed to complying with Crayon’s Partner Integrity Policy	100% of completed due diligence assessments	100% of completed due diligence assessments
Number of suppliers offboarded (terminated) due to breaches of Partner Integrity Policy or other business conduct issues	0	0
Number of rejected suppliers during Crayon’s onboarding assessment process ¹	3	2

¹ For not meeting the basic integrity and security criteria for onboarding purposes (e.g.: total lack of a corporate compliance program or critical controls).

These metrics are optional, entity-specific data points that were previously reported in our stand-alone 2023 ESG Report. We have chosen to include and continue reporting on them in the current reporting period (2024) for the completeness of reporting.



Methodology
Because policies to prevent late payments to suppliers (specifically SMEs) was not assessed as one of our material IROs in our DMA, we do not report on it here.

Data sources
• We rely on data from a third-party management system, and reports from our customer relationship management system (CRM).

Scope
• Reported metrics are global in scope, covering Crayon’s operations worldwide.

Assumptions
• All internal business relationship managers submit all assessment requests through the existing tools.

External validation
• These metrics are externally reviewed and validated by TUV Sud within the framework of Crayon's annual external audit and certification cycle for: ISO 27001, ISO 27701, and ISO 37001.

Targets
There were no 2024 targets related to supplier relationship management.

All foundational components for third party management (including suppliers) have been laid. We may consider setting targets in future if there is an evolution of the threats and vulnerabilities, or a change in the number of incidents related to supplier management.

Prevention and detection of bribery and corruption

As a global multinational company, Crayon acknowledges that the diversity and complexity of business cultures in the countries Crayon operates elevates the risk of bribery and corruption. There may be a possibility of allegations of corruption against Crayon, even if they are ultimately disproven.

Functions at risk of bribery and corruption

The Crayon business functions most at risk are those associated with recruitment and employment, sales, commercial and charitable activities, including commercial transactions with government entities.

ISO 37001 certification

Crayon’s anti-bribery management system is ISO 37001 certified, affirming that we have robust policies and systems in place to manage bribery-related risks and incidents. This audit-based certification is managed by the Trust Unit. Crayon’s anti-bribery management system includes centralized vetting and auditing of third parties to ensure they adhere to Crayon’s anti-bribery standards.

Policies related to anti-bribery and corruption

Crayon has a zero-tolerance approach to corruption and bribery and are committed to enforcing compliance with anti-bribery and corruption laws in all parts of our business. We respect and comply with legislation such as the UK Bribery Act and the US Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, as well as industry codes of conduct where relevant.

Crayon’s global **Secured Productivity Policy** and the global **Anti-Bribery & Corruption Policy** set the internal guidelines and procedures for all senior leaders and employees. As part of the onboarding and annual training, each individual is required to formally acknowledge and sign off on these policies.

We expect all third parties acting on behalf of Crayon or seeking to conduct business with us, to comply with our ethics and compliance policies. Crayon’s Partner Integrity Policy also includes anti-bribery and corruption provisions. In addition to the provisions in the Partner Integrity Policy, partners and suppliers are also required to agree to standard contractual terms and conditions related to anti-bribery and corruption.

These policies provide detailed guidance on how to prevent, detect, and address potential incidents or allegations of bribery and corruption. This includes, but is not limited to:

- Disclosure of conflicts of interest.
- Interactions with government officials.
- Employment practices.
- Third-party due diligence.
- Gifts and hospitality.
- Sponsorships and donations.
- Financial and non-financial controls.

Our policies also include detailed guidance for reporting any concerns on anti-bribery and corruption through the already mentioned channels. These concerns are addressed by the Investigations Team for general concerns on business conduct.

Alignment with international standards

The Secured Productivity Policy, the Anti-Bribery & Corruption Policy and the Partner Integrity Policy are aligned with the United Nations Guiding Principles, and respect internationally recognized standards including OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the OECD Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Business Conduct.

Governance

Crayon’s Secured Productivity Policy, Anti-Bribery & Corruption Policy and Partner Integrity Policy are formulated and implemented by the Trust Unit with support from other relevant functions.

Accessibility

The Partner Integrity Policy and a public version of the Secured Productivity Policy is available on our corporate global website. The Anti-Bribery Policy is available on our Trust Unit SharePoint (intranet).

Independence and accountability related to anti-bribery and corruption measures

Group and local management teams, alongside relevant functions, are involved in preventing and detecting corruption and bribery. These teams and functions are accountable to implement, execute, follow, and maintain the designed procedures and tools related to our anti-bribery and corruption management system.

These operational teams are separate from Crayon’s Compliance and Integrity team (COIN), which includes an Investigations Team. The Investigations Team is responsible for addressing concerns or incidents related to bribery and corruption, whether reported internally by employees or externally by third parties. Cases are reported directly to the board of directors and the audit and ESG committee on a regular basis.

MATERIAL IMPACTS, RISKS, AND OPPORTUNITIES RELATED TO ANTI-BRIBERY AND CORRUPTION

IRO type	Description	Actions taken	Position in value chain	Time horizon
Risk	• Unethical behaviour in own workforce: We acknowledge we may be exposed to the risk of external attempts to exert a corruptive influence on our employees, given the diversity and complexity of business cultures around the world. It is therefore important to equip our employees with the right decision-making tools and escalation points.	• Crayon has a group-wide ISO 37001-certification and conducts mandatory anti-bribery and corruption training annually. The Compliance and Integrity (COIN) team offers guidance on integrity risks and oversees investigations into potential violations. A global Background Verification Policy was introduced in 2024 for sensitive roles, ensuring additional checks and balances in hiring.	Own operations	Medium-term
Risk	• Third party corruption and bribery: Crayon acknowledges the risk of bribery and corruption cases within its value chain. Cases of bribery and corruption by third parties within Crayon's business ecosystem would have a significant financial and reputational impact on Crayon and may also have grave repercussions on society and democratic values.	• All third parties acting on behalf of Crayon are required to comply with the Partner Integrity Policy, which includes stringent anti-bribery and corruption provisions. In 2024, we strengthened our third-party due diligence processes, with a particular focus on conflicts of interest, past compliance breaches, and financial controls.	Upstream, own operations, downstream	Short-, medium- and long-term

The COIN team reports to the Chief Security Officer and includes specialists in:

- Ethics and anti-bribery and corruption.
- Trade compliance.
- Compliance with specific vendor standards, such as Microsoft and IBM.
- Internal audits.
- Integrity investigations.

COIN works closely with other teams across Crayon to define the guiding framework for managing integrity and compliance risks. This includes the development of policies, procedures, and tools that ensure Crayon’s compliance with applicable laws and regulations in all its business dealings.

To safeguard independence in the handling of integrity investigations, the Chief Security Officer has a direct reporting line to the chairperson of the board of directors.

Actions related to anti-bribery and corruption in 2024

We are dedicated to continually enhancing and advancing our anti-bribery management system. A critical component is the assessment of our business partners throughout the lifecycle of our relationships with them. From an ant-bribery and corruption perspective, Crayon’s due diligence assessments

emphasize crucial aspects such as employment practices, potential conflicts of interests, previous breaches or investigations and other financial or non-financial controls.

To mitigate Crayon’s risks regarding employment practices such as new hires, promotions or internal transfers, the Trust Unit supported the implementation of a global Background Verification Policy In 2024. The policy was developed by the group human resources team and introduces additional checks and balances for sensitive positions and roles within Crayon.

There were no breaches in procedures and standards related to antibribery and corruption in 2024.

Plans for 2025

Looking ahead to 2025, synergistic risk management will be an avenue we explore. We will aim for further integration of the anti-bribery management system with other Crayon management systems (e.g. quality, information security).

Performance related to anti-bribery and corruption

Training related to anti-bribery and corruption
Crayon’s anti-bribery and corruption training is hosted on an internal online platform, TalentSoft. The training covers the main high-risk of transactions related to bribery and corruption. It is part of our overarching

secured productivity training. The training is mandatory for all new employees during onboarding, and for all existing employees on an annual basis.

In 2024, all new and existing employees completed the training, including 100 percent of functions identified as being at risk of bribery and corruption. This represents the same completion rate as in 2023. Additional information is provided on [page 103](#), under the heading 'Training and communication related to integrity and ethical conduct'.

Crayon’s executive management team and board of directors did not participate in our antibribery and corruption training in 2024, but their participation in future years remains a possibility.

Methodology

Approach

- Potential violations of anti-bribery and corruption laws are always subject to internal investigations and reported to applicable authorities.
- Anti-bribery and corruption training is included in the Secured Productivity Policy (upon onboarding and mandatory annual training).

Data sources

- Where training is concerned, we rely on data from Crayon’s human resources data management system (TalentSoft) for training statistics.
- Where potential violations are concerned, we rely on data from our internal investigations dashboard.

Scope

- Reported metrics are global in scope, covering Crayon’s operations worldwide.

Any assumptions

- All violations of anti-corruption and anti- bribery laws are reported to the Trust Unit.

External validation

- These metrics are externally reviewed and validated by TUV Sud within the framework of Crayon's annual external audit and certification cycle for: ISO 27001, ISO 27701, and ISO 37001.

Targets

There were no 2024 targets related to anti-bribery and corruption.

As stipulated in our Secured Productivity Policy, Crayon has zero tolerance for bribery and corruption. All foundational components for anti-bribery and corruption have been laid through annual mandatory training for existing employees and new joiners.

We may consider setting targets in future if there is an evolution in threats and vulnerabilities, or a change in the number of incidents related to bribery and corruption changes.

CONVICTIONS AND FINES

	2024	2023
Number of convictions for violation of anti-corruption and anti-bribery laws	Zero. Crayon was not convicted of any violation of anti-corruption and anti-bribery laws	Zero. Crayon was not convicted of any violation of anti-corruption and anti-bribery laws
Number of fines for violation of anti-corruption and anti-bribery laws	NOK Zero. Crayon was not fined for any violation of anti-corruption and anti-bribery laws	NOK Zero. Crayon was not fined for any violation of anti-corruption and anti-bribery laws

These metrics are being reported on for the first time in the 2024 reporting period and were not previously part of our ESG disclosures in the stand-alone 2023 ESG Report.

Data privacy and information security

Entity-specific

Crayon’s business operations and services entail extensive data processing. In particular, our managed IT and AI services, require us to store and further process both business and personal data for customers around the world.

As an IT service provider, Crayon accepts the inevitable rise of external threats of cyberattacks and security and privacy events. Risk is heightened by the rapid speed with which the technology used to extract and process data is evolving in complexity.

A breach of customer confidential data could therefore have a negative impact on customers and society at large, accompanied by significant financial and reputational ramifications for Crayon.

Because information security and data protection are paramount to our operations, we have baked ‘privacy by design’ and ‘security by default’ into how we develop and run our internal and customer-facing services.

Policies related to data privacy and information security

Crayon’s main policy for information security and data privacy is the global Secured Productivity Policy. It brings together key requirements from multiple internal policies and presents them in a clear and accessible format for all employees across the organization.

Supplementing the Secured Productivity Policy are additional instructions on security and privacy. These are divided into two categories: role-based and

requirement-based.

- **Role-based instructions** outline specific requirements for relevant roles and teams across the organisation.
- **Requirement-based instructions** are tailored to the individual needs of employees, depending on the nature of their responsibilities.

This approach ensures that employees receive the information most relevant to their duties, without being overwhelmed by content that does not apply to their day-to-day work.

Governance

Crayon’s Trust Unit is led by Crayon’s Chief Information Security Officer (CISO) who is responsible for managing the information security team, data protection team and a trust advocate. The trust

advocate is responsible for addressing potential people vulnerabilities in the organization. The team also has an independent data protection officer who oversees and co-leads the data protection and privacy program within Crayon.

The Crayon Trust Unit, through the Information Security and Data Protection team, has overall responsibility for the creation and maintenance of the data privacy and information security policy and associated instructions, working with all relevant stakeholders across the business to ensure that the policies and instructions are aligned with business requirements.

Accessibility

All these documents were available on the internal Trust Unit SharePoint site (intranet) which is accessible to all employees in 2024. In 2025, these

MATERIAL IMPACTS, RISKS, AND OPPORTUNITIES RELATED TO DATA PRIVACY AND INFORMATION SECURITY

IRO type	Description	Actions taken	Position in value chain	Time horizon
● Positive impact (actual)	• Capacity building and ecosystem data protection: Crayon helps customers and other third parties strengthen their security and privacy frameworks, contributing positively to the protection of confidential data.	• Crayon actively supports its customers and partners in strengthening their security and privacy frameworks. In 2024, we enhanced our collaboration with customers by integrating security-by-design principles into service offerings and conducting tailored briefings on emerging privacy risks.	Downstream 	Short-, medium- and long-term
● Negative impact (potential)	• GDPR compliance and in-service data protection: Crayon recognizes the risk that its service delivery teams may unintentionally cause a potential breach of customer confidential data. Crayon follows rigorous data privacy standards and ensures compliance with GDPR and other regulations to protect customer information.	• In 2024, Crayon updated its Privacy Policy to improve transparency, revised its records of processing activities, and strengthened contractual privacy terms with partners and suppliers. Crayon conducts prelaunch privacy compliance reviews for new products and services. Data minimization techniques, including pseudonymization, are applied to reduce the risk of customer data exposure during AI and data analytics projects.	Downstream 	Short-, medium- and long-term
● Opportunity	• Internal and external resilience on data privacy and information security: Crayon helps third parties within its business ecosystem enhance their security and privacy management. We leverage our expertise and continuously improve internal measures to strengthen resilience against potential risks.	• In 2024, Crayon successfully maintained ISO 27701 certification and updated its Information Security Management System to comply with NIS2 requirements. A new senior security operations leader was appointed.	Own operations, downstream 	Short-, medium- and long-term
● Risk	• External threats to customer data: We acknowledge the risk of data breaches or attempted cyberattacks. Crayon implements strict data security measures to prevent breaches and mitigate cybersecurity risks, ensuring that customer data remains protected.	• In 2024, Crayon enhanced its privacy risk assessments, minimized personal data collection where possible, and strengthened technical data loss prevention controls. Continuous audits and proactive security monitoring help detect and address potential threats before they escalate.	Own operations, downstream 	Short-, medium- and long-term
● Risk	• Internal threats to customer data: Employees have access to confidential business data and could potentially leak information to competitors and other actors whether inadvertently or on purpose.	• Employees are trained annually on secure data handling, including recognizing and mitigating insider threats. In 2024, Crayon further strengthened its internal security posture by improving identity and access management controls and deploying automated monitoring tools to detect unauthorized data access.	Downstream 	Short-, medium- and long-term

same documents will continue to be available on the Security Unit SharePoint site (intranet).

Privacy by design

Crayon safeguards the privacy of those individuals whose personal data we process. We use the European Union General Data Protection Regulation (EU GDPR) as our core foundation for the application of privacy within Crayon. As a global company we also adhere to national legislation where local requirements are stricter than the EU GDPR. This is all managed within our privacy information management system.

We continuously track global privacy and data protection laws and regulatory trends to enhance Crayon's privacy practices and processes. In addition to harmonizing requirements, we integrate global privacy and data protection standards into comprehensive guidelines and customer briefings. These briefings detail how we handle personal information and other types of data, as well as the development and updating of our privacy policies and procedures.

We invest in advanced technology and maintain resilient technical and organizational measures to protect the data we process for our digital

transformation services and support functions.

By collaborating with teams across the business, we ensure that privacy by design is baked into all workstreams within Crayon. This provides our customers, employees, and other third parties the highest assurances of their privacy rights.

We provide early input to product and service development teams by incorporating privacy checkpoints into formal development processes. Additionally, we conduct pre-launch privacy compliance reviews of products, software, and services for both internal and external use.

A prime example of our preventative approach to data protection risks in service delivery is our data minimization review. This review is performed by Crayon and our customers at the beginning of each Data and AI project. Wherever possible, we use the results of these reviews and methods such as pseudonymization to process large amounts of data while avoiding or limiting personal data. We perform ongoing reviews and audits to continuously improve our security and privacy controls.

We ensure that supplier and partner agreements include appropriate privacy and security terms. This includes assisting the Crayon Data Protection Officer in updating data privacy agreement templates and enhancing privacy and security-focused addenda.

Actions related to data privacy in 2024
In 2024 Crayon maintained its ISO 27701 certification. We increased our transparency with customers, partners, and individuals, such as job applicants and office visitors, by improving our Privacy Policy. This includes providing transparent and clear information about our processing activities. Our efforts encompassed clear privacy policies and regular disclosures about data practices to build trust with stakeholders.

We thoroughly reviewed and updated our records of processing activities to ensure strict adherence to data

privacy principles in 2024. This included reducing the amount of personal data collected for internal services wherever possible. By minimizing data collection, we not only enhance privacy protection but also reduce the potential risks associated with data breaches. Additionally, we implemented robust technical policies for data storage to ensure the security and integrity of the data we do retain.

Plans for 2025
As we head into 2025, Crayon will continue to take proactive steps that improve our privacy practices. We will enhance our privacy risk assessments to identify potential vulnerabilities and implement measures to mitigate these risks. This proactive approach helps maintain a strong privacy posture and ensures that we are prepared to address any emerging threats.

We also plan to establish a network of privacy champions within our organization to advocate for privacy best practices and help ensure compliance with privacy policies. By fostering a culture of privacy awareness, we aim to strengthen our overall data protection efforts.

Security by default

Actions related to information security in 2024
We successfully executed our information security priorities in 2024 which were all geared towards a combination of efficiency, building scale and maturity, and compliance with internal and external requirements:

- Establishing strong collaborations between our internal security team and the Cybersecurity Services CoE to reap benefits for internal security posture and Crayon’s customers.
- Update ISMS to ensure compliance with NIS2.
- Deployment of improvements to our identity access management framework.
- Improve automation and visibility as part of satellite security support services outside of primary Crayon tenant.

Your data is safe with Crayon

ISO 27001

What does it mean?
Certification for information security management system

Crayon entity: All Crayon globally

ISO 27701

What does it mean?
Certification for privacy information management system

Crayon entity: All Crayon globally

Trusted Information Security Assessment Exchange (TISAX)

What does it mean?
Assessment required for processing confidential business and personal data in the automotive industry.

Crayon entity: Germany

Cyber Essentials Plus

What does it mean?
Government-backed, industry-supported certification scheme for organizations to demonstrate operational security against common cyber-attacks

Crayon entity: United Kingdom and Singapore

To further minimise the chances of Crayon being used as a backdoor into customer environments, we improved the security of our cloud solutions provider platform that has access to customer environments, We strengthened the team by hiring a senior security operations leader with the aim of driving our security operations capability to the next level. Our security tooling portfolio increased with the addition of a new external service provider to further improve our email security, whilst also reducing the volume of junk mail the business receives. Collectively, our actions were geared towards ensuring we can scale in line with business requirements efficiently and cost effectively.

Looking ahead to 2025, we will continue to build on the collaboration between our internal security team and our Cybersecurity Services Center of Excellence to further strengthen our internal security posture and deliver added value to Crayon’s customers.

Key priorities for 2025 include:

- Updating our certification to ISO 27001:2022.
- Enhancing technical data loss prevention controls, both for user access and AI-based access.
- Increasing automation in our vulnerability management processes.

Training on data privacy and information security in 2024

Training our employees is essential to equip them with the relevant skills and knowledge to prevent and manage inadvertent data breaches.

All employees worldwide were provided with mandatory online interactive training covering our secured productivity system, and we had a 100% completion rate in 2024.

We trained the talent acquisition team regarding security and privacy risk related to their area of responsibility through a tailored workshop.

In 2024, we ran six global email awareness campaigns educating our employees on key security topics. These

included the risks of downloading pirated movies, how to recognize suspicious messages sent via messaging apps such as WhatsApp and data labelling.

To complement the email campaigns, two global battle cards were developed on ‘Data labelling’ and ‘Phishing WhatsApp’. Battlecards equip our employees with information on an issue, and guidance on their responsibilities and expected actions. Battlecards use a simple, accessible format such as flyers and posters. We delivered presentations at two global town halls to educate the global community on:

- The use of AI and deepfakes to impersonate senior leadership.
- The rise of infostealers, how to avoid them and how to respond if you do encounter one.

Performance related to data privacy and information security

In 2024, Crayon’s information security team received a total of 9,700 security alerts (2023: 9,890), all of which were resolved. To demonstrate the power and effectiveness of technology-based solutions, automated tooling and custom-built automated response playbooks contributed to fully handling 40% of those alerts and significantly increased the speed with which remaining alerts were resolved through manual investigation.

Although new controls were introduced to prevent events that create alerts, the changing threat landscape and increased sophistication of attacks meant that more of the alerts triggered were of higher severity and required thorough investigation.

Our 2024 performance metrics are presented in the table at the bottom of this page.

Methodology

Due to the entity-specific nature of the IROs and data points, our reporting on this topic is based on entity-specific disclosures.

Definitions of key terms

- Data breach: confirmed data breach of Crayon data.
- Substantiated breaches of customer privacy and losses of customer data: confirmed data breach of customer data.
- Successfully managed security alerts: investigated, contained and remediated before causing a negative impact or escalating into a data breach.

Data sources

- We rely on international reports from employees and alerts generated in security tooling.

Scope

- Reported metrics are global in scope, covering Crayon’s operations worldwide.

External validation

- These metrics are externally reviewed and validated by TUV Sud within the framework of Crayon's annual ISO 27001, ISO 27701, ISO 37001 certification annual external audit cycle.

Targets

There were no 2024 targets related to data privacy and information security.

All foundational components for information security and data protection have been laid.

We may consider target setting in future if there is an evolution of the threats and vulnerabilities, or a change in the number of incidents related to Information security and data protection.

DATA PRIVACY AND INFORMATION SECURITY METRICS

	2024	2023	2022
Number of data breaches	0	0	0
Number of substantiated breaches of customer privacy and losses of customer data	0	0	0
Number of successfully managed security alerts	9,700 (100%)	9,890 (100%)	Not available

These metrics are optional, entity-specific data points that were previously reported in our stand-alone 2023 ESG Report. We have chosen to include and continue reporting on them for completeness of reporting.

To round out our reporting, in addition to the metrics above, we draw on the SASB sector-specific standard for the software and IT services industry, June 2024 version. Only sustainability topics and disclosures are included – activity metrics are excluded.

SASB INDEX - DATA PRIVACY AND SECURITY

Topic	SASB code	Disclosure (qualitative or quantitative)	Crayon’s 2024 response
Data Privacy and Freedom of Expression	TC-SI-220a.1.	Description of policies and practices relating to targeted advertising and user privacy	We maintain records of processing which define the lawful purposes for which personal data may be processed and perform ongoing internal audits to ensure personal data is only processed for the defined lawful purposes. Every Crayon employee around the world is provided with data protection training during their onboarding, whereafter they are expected to champion privacy. Any data subject access request we receive goes directly to Crayon’s Information Security and Data Protection team, where it is immediately reviewed by our Data Protection Officer and actioned upon in the interests of the data subject.
Data Privacy and Freedom of Expression	TC-SI-220a.2.	Number of users whose information is used for secondary purposes	Zero. Crayon does not process user information outside the parameters of the lawful purposes defined in our records of processing and communicated in our privacy policies.
Data Privacy and Freedom of Expression	TC-SI-220a.3.	Total amount of monetary losses as a result of legal proceedings associated with user privacy	Zero. Crayon did not incur monetary losses in 2024 as a result of legal proceedings associated with user privacy.
Data Privacy and Freedom of Expression	TC-SI-220a.4.	(1) Number of law enforcement requests for user information, (2) number of users whose information was requested, (3) percentage resulting in disclosure	Zero. Crayon did not receive law enforcement requests for user information in 2024.
Data Privacy and Freedom of Expression	TC-SI-220a.5.	List of countries where core products or services are subject to government-required monitoring, blocking, content filtering, or censoring	Zero. Crayon did not operate in any countries where core products or services are subject to government-required monitoring, blocking, content filtering, or censoring in 2024.
Data Security	TC-SI-230a.1.	(1) Number of data breaches, (2) percentage that are personal data breaches, (3) number of users affected	Zero. Crayon did not have any data breaches in 2024.
Data Security	TC-SI-230a.2.	Description of approach to identifying and addressing data security risks, including use of third-party cybersecurity	Data security risks observed in the course of Crayon’s day-to-day operations and ongoing internal audits are captured in a dedicated risk register. The data security risks are addressed by the Chief Information Security Officer, together with the relevant stakeholders across the business. Crayon’s service delivery teams are responsible for ensuring ongoing compliance with third-party security standards against Crayon’s global technical and organizational security measures. Crayon’s Trust Assurance team also reviews customer-specific security requirements as an integral part of its ongoing internal audit.
Data Privacy and Freedom of Expression	TC-SI-220a.2.	Number of users whose information is used for secondary purposes	Zero. Crayon does not process user information outside the parameters of the lawful purposes defined in our records of processing and communicated in our privacy policies.

These metrics are optional, entity-specific data points that were previously reported in our stand-alone 2023 ESG Report. We have chosen to include and continue reporting on them for completeness of reporting.

Responsible AI

Entity-specific

Crayon has advanced capabilities in artificial intelligence, a field we have been active in for several years through our Data & AI Center of Excellence.

Crayon uses AI internally within our own operations, as well as in external customer-facing projects. We recognise and accept our ability to influence and advise customers and employees who may not fully appreciate the risks of implementing AI solutions that have negative impacts on people and society.

We promote responsible AI stewardship for positive outcomes for individuals, society, and the environment. Artificial intelligence in all its forms (e.g. GenAI,

agentic AI, Computer Vision, LLMs) has recently achieved prominence, coinciding with Crayon’s existing deep AI expertise in this accelerating and opportunity-laden market segment.

AI technology offers a wide range of benefits, including increased efficiency, automation of repetitive tasks, process optimization, data-driven decision-making, predictive insights, improved accuracy, cost reduction, and accessibility enhancements. However, AI also has downsides such as bias in algorithms, privacy risks from data collection, security vulnerabilities, and the potential for misuse.

To maximize the benefits and reduce the risks, it is essential to develop and apply sound responsible AI principles, supported by clear policies and regulation.

This helps ensure that AI’s positive contributions to society outweigh the negative effects. Crayon uses AI both internally and in customer-facing projects. We recognize and accept our ability to influence and advise customers and employees who may not fully appreciate the importance of safeguards and best practices to prevent any potential negative impacts on people and society.

Policies related to responsible AI

Crayon is committed to ethical and responsible AI use. We prohibit AI systems that harm people, exploit vulnerabilities, or classify individuals based on sensitive information. AI systems posing risks to health, safety, or civil rights are carefully evaluated and mitigated.

Policies we have developed to govern the adoption and deployment of AI are:

- **The Crayon Responsible Artificial Intelligence Guidelines (CRAIG)** are designed to embed sustainability, ethics and security into the AI lifecycle. CRAIG establishes guiding principles, training requirements, and governance measures to enhance customer trust and mitigate legal and security risks.
- **The Secured Productivity Policy** provides guidance to employees on the usage of AI-based tools responsibly whilst protecting confidentiality, privacy, and security. The Policy is supplemented by data processing and AI usage instructions issued by the Trust Unit to guide the compliant usage of AI solutions such as Copilot by Crayon employees.

MATERIAL IMPACTS, RISKS, AND OPPORTUNITIES RELATED TO RESPONSIBLE ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

IRO type	Description	Actions taken	Position in value chain	Time horizon
Opportunity	• In-service responsible AI: Crayon helps customers implement responsible AI. This commitment not only strengthens our reputation but also creates business value.	• AI risk and impact assessments were conducted to evaluate potential biases, privacy risks, and regulatory concerns before deploying AI solutions. Through a proactive approach, Crayon worked with customers to design AI solutions that mitigate risks while maximizing societal and business value.	Own operations, downstream	Short-, and medium-term
Positive impact (actual)	• In-service responsible AI: Crayon supports customers in adopting AI responsibly, balancing efficiency gains with ethical and ESG considerations. Crayon's commitment to responsible AI ensures long-term benefits for businesses and society.		Downstream	Short-, and medium-term
Negative impact (potential)	• Acknowledging the merits and demerits of AI: Internally within our workforce and externally in customer-facing projects, Crayon positions itself as a trusted advisor to help users steer clear of the harmful (and often unintended) effects of AI.	• We introduced clear internal reporting channels for employees to raise concerns related to AI ethics and compliance. • We also introduced comprehensive guidelines on the responsible use of AI solutions for all Crayon employees in 2024.	Downstream	Short-, and medium-term
Risk	• AI regulations potentially constraining innovation and market growth: Regulatory uncertainty and strict AI legislation could slow innovation and limit market growth, as businesses take a more cautious approach to AI adoption. This may affect competition and revenue opportunities in the sector, making it essential for Crayon to stay agile and support customers in navigating the changing regulatory landscape.	• A dedicated task force on responsible AI monitored legislative changes in 2024 and provided internal guidance on regulatory compliance. Crayon proactively supported customers in navigating AI legislation, helping them integrate compliance measures without compromising innovation and business efficiency.	Own operations, downstream	Short-, and medium-term
Risk	• AI regulations potentially imposing compliance burdens and challenges: Changing AI regulations, such as the EU Artificial Intelligence Act, may create compliance challenges for customer-facing AI services. Crayon stays committed to responsible AI while managing potential risks.	• In 2024, Crayon strengthened its governance framework by updating the Crayon Responsible Artificial Intelligence Guidelines (CRAIG) to align with evolving regulatory requirements, including the EU AI Act. • We also provided role-specific training to our internal subject matter experts to help them navigate regulatory challenges.	Own operations, downstream	Short-, and medium-term

Governance

We have separate but linked governance frameworks for the internal and external deployment of AI respectively.

Internal deployment of AI – The Chief Security Officer (who leads the Trust Unit) oversees the internal management and implementation of responsible AI practices, including CRAIG, the Secured Productivity Policy and supplementary instructions. The Trust Unit enables internal strategy, compliance procedures, and communication across all Crayon employees.

External deployment of AI – The Data & AI Center of Excellence delivers AI solutions to customers, including the practical application of CRAIG. Within the Data & AI Center of Excellence, the Business Manager, Head of Project Management Office and Director of CoE all jointly review technical controls, safeguards and compliance. Additionally, a dedicated task force on responsible AI monitors recent legislative and technological advances and makes recommendations on potential changes and improvements to Crayon procedures.

Accessibility

CRAIG is available on our internal SharePoint (intranet) and is accessible to all Crayon employees. The Secured Productivity Policy is available on our internal SharePoint (intranet) as well as on our global corporate website.

Procedures related to responsible AI

For all internal and external AI projects, we carry out responsible AI assessments based on the Crayon Responsible AI Guidelines. These AI impact assessments take into account GDPR compliance and comprise two steps: the first step is a risk assessment, and the second is an impact assessment.

Crayon’s Artificial Intelligence Risk Assessment (AIRA) is a mandatory component within the data protection review when onboarding new AI solutions. The AIRA estimates the risk of AI driven tools including generative AI, and considers a range of factors such as:

- Context of use.
- Relevant laws and regulations.
- Involved stakeholders.
- Human oversight.
- Data protection and privacy
- Transparency and user understanding of AI.

If the AIRA identifies a high-risk level, a secondary review is triggered through an Artificial Intelligence Impact Assessment (AIIA).

The AIIA includes further considerations related to:

- Ethical purpose.
- Accountability.
- Transparency and explainability.
- Fairness and non-discrimination.
- Safety and reliability.
- Privacy and data protection.

Together, the AIRA and AIIA ensure that AI tools are used to enhance productivity, efficiency, and decision-making – while complying with legal requirements and safeguarding privacy, confidentiality, and data security. Where relevant, both assessments must be completed and reviewed before an AI tool is formally approved.

We protect people’s privacy at all stages of the AI lifecycle. AI systems collect and retain data only for legitimate purposes and to the minimum extent necessary. They are designed to help users comply with privacy requirements, including allowing individuals to review, correct, amend, or delete their personal data.

Crayon’s seven guiding principles for responsible AI



Individual responsibility
We equip our employees to know responsibilities and obligations



Appropriateness
We strive for progressive projects that create value



Fairness and equity
We aim to instill fairness and avoid discrimination and injustice



Transparency
We are open with stakeholders about the advantages, limitations, and risks of AI



Inclusiveness and human centricity
We commit to beneficial automation of workers’ roles, and incorporate diverse voices in development and testing



Technology
We emphasize quality, safety, reliability, robustness, and scalability



Stakeholder interaction and communication
We engage all relevant stakeholders, and consciously use understandable language

Actions related to responsible artificial intelligence in 2024

In 2024, we introduced comprehensive guidelines on the responsible use of AI solutions targeting all Crayon employees as an integral part of our Secured Productivity Policy training program. The key principles covered in our guidelines include ethical considerations, privacy and data security, and human oversight.

The guidelines are designed to foster a culture of responsible AI use that enhances productivity, efficiency, and decision-making while safeguarding privacy and data security.

Reporting channels and employee empowerment

We established clear processes and multiple reporting channels for our global workforce to raise questions or report concerns about AI use in the workplace in 2024. This initiative empowers our employees to inform us about any issues related to AI, ensuring that we can address them promptly and effectively.

Reporting channels included our internal Trust Desk – using these channels, one query was lodged by a Crayon employee in 2024 and resolved.

Governance framework and expert training

Furthermore, we launched a multi-faceted project to strengthen our governance framework for both internal and external AI use. Key elements include:

- Developing clear guidelines for AI deployment.
- Ensuring transparency in AI decision-making.
- Implementing regular internal audits to monitor compliance and performance.

We deliver role-specific training to our internal AI subject matter experts, buttressing their ability to adapt to evolving AI technologies, use cases, and regulatory requirements.

Preparing for the EU AI Act

The European Union Artificial Intelligence Act is expected to have a significant impact on AI solution providers like Crayon. Companies may face increased compliance costs, as they will need to ensure that the developed AI solution meet the safety and legal requirements, particularly for high-risk applications.

This could potentially slow down innovation in some areas, as organizations will need to conduct rigorous testing, documentation, and impact assessments before releasing AI products. However, the Act could also boost consumer trust in AI, fostering a more stable and responsible market.

Crayon's Data & AI Center of Excellence has proactively monitored the evolution of the AI Act and is committed to ensuring full compliance with this and other relevant regulations.

The Crayon Responsible Artificial Intelligence Guidelines (CRAIG) are updated continuously to reflect the key principles of the AI Act. Practical application

of CRAIG takes place through the project delivery processes of the Data&AI Center of Excellence. We make conscious efforts to enable the safe and responsible development and deployment of AI solutions while minimizing unnecessary compliance burdens.

Rather than seeing regulatory requirements like the AI Act as a constraint, Crayon views them as an opportunity to foster responsible innovation and drive business growth by supporting customers in adopting trustworthy and compliant AI solutions.

Plans for 2025

We will pursue group-wide ISO 42001 certification in 2025. Achieving ISO 42001 certification will yield multiple benefits, including:

- Improved risk management by establishing robust processes for managing AI-related risks, ensuring the reliability and safety of our AI systems.
- Enhanced data security by implementing a structured framework for identifying, assessing, and mitigating security risks associated with AI technologies.
- Greater customer trust and confidence by demonstrating our commitment to ethical AI practices.
- Increased innovation by leveraging AI responsibly to maintain a competitive edge in the market.

Performance related to responsible artificial intelligence

We track our performance on AI impact assessments and responsible AI breaches, as they are meaningful signifiers of our progress on the responsible AI journey.

Training on responsible AI

We provide comprehensive training programs to ensure AI literacy across the organization and provide our employees specialized in AI with an advanced understanding of legislative requirements and risk assessment methodologies.

The annual secured productivity training developed by the Trust Unit which is aimed at all employees includes a module titled Introduction to Responsible AI. Please refer to [page 103](#), under the heading 'Performance related to overall business conduct and corporate culture' for metrics on the secured productivity training.

Methodology

Due to the entity-specific nature of the IROs and data points, our reporting on this topic is based on entity-specific disclosures.

Approach

- Impact assessments evaluate both the potential negative and positive effects of deploying AI systems.
- Our current framework for impact assessments is consistent with ISO 42001.

Data sources

- We rely on data from the Trust Unit’s internal reports.

Scope

- Reported metrics are global in scope, covering Crayon’s operations worldwide.

External validation

- The AI metrics were not subject to validation by an external third party other than the limited assurance provider.

Targets

There were no 2024 targets related to responsible AI. We may consider setting targets in future if there is an evolution of the threats and vulnerabilities, or a change in the number of incidents related to responsible AI.

RESPONSIBLE AI METRICS

	2024	2023	2022
Number of AI risk assessments	8	1	0
Number of AI impact assessments	8	1	0
Number of responsible AI breaches	0	0	0

These metrics are optional, entity-specific data points that have not previously been reported in our ESG disclosures.

ESRS CONTENT INDEX

ESRS 2

Material information disclosed in the sustainability statements

Having identified our 55 material IROs and 5 material topical standards, we applied ESRS 1 guidelines (e.g. minimum disclosure requirements; mandatory ESRS metrics where applicable) to determine the material information to be disclosed in relation to the material IROs. In the case of entity-specific disclosures where reporting is dependent on our expertise, our disclosure decisions were informed by our judgement of what we know to be relevant and applicable to our organisation, and our efforts to provide fair and balanced reporting. No thresholds were applied.

List of disclosure requirements in ESRS covered by the sustainability statements

Disclosure requirement		Page number
ESRS 2 General disclosures		
BP-1	General basis for preparation of the sustainability statements	40
BP-2	Disclosures in relation to specific circumstances	40
GOV-1	The role of the administrative, supervisory and management bodies	42 – 44
GOV-2	Information provided to and sustainability matters addressed by the undertaking’s administrative, management, and supervisory bodies	42 – 44
GOV-3	Integration of sustainability-related performance in incentive schemes	44
GOV-4	Statement on sustainability due diligence	45; 92; 96; 101; 104
GOV-5	Risk management and internal controls over sustainability reporting	45
SBM-1	Strategy, business model, and value chain	46 – 48
SBM-2	Interests and views of stakeholders	53
SBM-3	Material impacts, risks, and opportunities and their interaction with strategy and business model	50 – 51
		<i>Also addressed in each of the material topical standards</i>
IRO-1	Description of the process to identify and assess material impacts, risks, and opportunities	51 – 52
IRO-2	Disclosure requirements in ESRS standards covered by the undertaking’s sustainability statements	115 – 117

Disclosure requirement		Page number
ESRS E1 Climate change		
ESRS 2 GOV-3	Integration of sustainability-related performance in incentive schemes	56
ESRS 2 SBM-3	Material impacts, risks, and opportunities, and their interaction with strategy and business model	55 – 56
ESRS 2 IRO-1	Description of the processes to identify and assess material climate-related impacts, risks, and opportunities	54
E1-2	Policies related to climate change	56
E1-3	Actions and resources in relation to climate change policies	56
E1-4	Targets related to climate change mitigation and adaptation	56
E1-5	Energy consumption and mix	59
E1-6	Gross scope 1, 2, 3, and total GHG emissions	57 – 58

ESRS E5 Resource use and circular economy

ESRS 2 SBM-3	Material impacts, risks, and opportunities, and their interaction with strategy and business model	62; 63
ESRS 2 IRO-1	Description of the processes to identify and assess material resource use and circular economy-related impacts, risks, and opportunities	62
E5-1	Policies related to resource use and circular economy	63
E5-2	Actions and resources related to resource use and circular economy	63
E5-3	Targets related to resource use and circular economy	63
E5-4	Resource inflows	64 – 65

Incorporation by reference in ESRS 2

Disclosure requirement		Page number
ESRS 2 Disclosure requirement		
GOV-1 21c	Experience of administrative, management and supervisory bodies relevant to the sectors, products and geographic locations of the undertaking	15; 27
GOV-4	Statement on due diligence	45; 92; 96; 101; 104
SBM-1 40aiii	Strategy, business model and value chain	73
	<i>Number of employees by geographic area</i>	

Disclosure requirement		Page number
ESRS S1 Own workforce		
ESRS 2 S1.SBM-3	Material impacts, risks, and opportunities and their interaction with strategy and business model	72 75 ; 77 ; 79 ; 81 ; 83 ; 85 ; 87 ; 90
EMPLOYEES CHARACTERISTICS (WORKFORCE PROFILE) (S1)		
S1-6	Characteristics of the undertaking's employees	73
TALENT ATTRACTION AND RECRUITMENT PRACTICES (S1)		
Entity-specific disclosure	Talent attraction and recruitment practices	75
REMUNERATION AND SOCIAL PROTECTION (S1)		
S1-10	Adequate wages	77
S1-16	Remuneration	
S1-11	Social protection	
TRAINING AND SKILLS DEVELOPMENT (S1)		
S1-13	Training and skills development	79
FLEXIBLE WORK ARRANGEMENTS (S1)		
Entity-specific disclosure	Flexible work arrangements	81
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Topics assessed to be immaterial

Based on our double materiality assessment, the following topical standards were established as immaterial for Crayon:

- ESRS E2 Pollution
- ESRS E3 Water and marine resources
- ESRS E4 Biodiversity and ecosystems
- ESRS S3 Affected communities
- ESRS S4 Consumers and end-users

REPORT FROM OUR
BOARD OF DIRECTORS
SIGNATURES FROM THE BOARD
AND THE CEO

SIGNATURES FROM THE BOARD
AND THE CEO

The board of directors of Crayon Group Holding ASA

Oslo, 10 April 2025



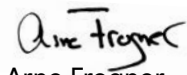
Rune Syversen
(Chairman)



Wenche Agerup
(Board Member)



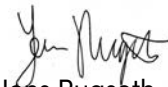
Marina Lønning
(Board Member)



Arne Frøgn
(Board Member)



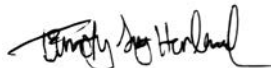
Dagfinn Ringås
(Board Member)



Jens Rugseth
(Board Member)



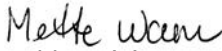
Grethe H. Viksaas
(Board Member)



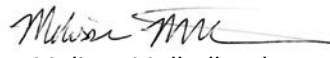
Timmy Herland
(Employee Representative)



Lars Larhammer
(Employee Representative)



Mette Wam
(Employee Representative)



Melissa Mulholland
(CEO)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PART FOUR

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Crayon Group Holding ASA

Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

(NOK millions)		Year ended December 31	
		2024	2023
Revenue	2,3	7,012	6,397
Cost of sales		-729	-735
Gross Profit		6,283	5,662
Payroll and related cost	4	-4,329	-3,986
Other operating expenses	5	-779	-756
Share-based compensation	6	-35	-42
Other income and expenses (-)	5	-49	-132
EBITDA		1,090	745
Depreciation and amortization	7,8	-337	-302
Operating profit (EBIT)		753	442
Share of results from associates	24	2	-0
Interest income	10	32	23
Other financial income	10	1	4
Interest expense	10	-279	-276
Other financial expenses	10	-114	-276
Net income/loss (-) before tax		396	-82
Income tax expense on ordinary result	12	-128	-77
Net income/loss (-)		267	-159
Comprehensive income			
Items that are or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Currency translation		167	189
Total comprehensive income - net of tax		435	29
Net income attributable to			
Non-controlling interests	24	10	-44
Owners of Crayon Group Holding ASA		258	-115
Total net income/loss (-)		267	-159
Basic earnings/loss (-) per share (NOK)	11	2.90	-1.29
Diluted earnings/loss (-) per share (NOK)	11	2.86	-1.29
Comprehensive income attributable to			
Non-controlling interests		11	-41
Owners of Crayon Group Holding ASA		424	70
Total comprehensive income		435	29

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Crayon Group Holding ASA

Consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31

(NOK millions)	Note	2024	2023
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:			
Goodwill	9	3,331	3,262
Other intangible assets	8	613	660
Deferred tax asset	12	170	117
Equipment	7	106	103
Right-of-use assets	7	502	547
Investment in associates	24	45	43
Other non-current assets	18	156	156
Total non-current assets		4,923	4,888
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Inventory		0	18
Accounts receivable	13,18	10,113	7,847
Other current receivables and current assets	13,18	2,860	2,324
Cash & cash equivalents	14,18	1,654	1,467
Total current assets		14,626	11,656
Total assets		19,550	16,544

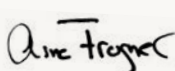
(NOK millions)	Note	2024	2023
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:			
Share capital	11,15	90	90
Own shares	11,15	-12	-100
Share premium		1,821	1,821
Total paid-in equity		1,898	1,810
Retained earnings			
Total equity attributable to parent company shareholders		2,961	2,497
Non-controlling interests	24	-6	-17
Total shareholders' equity		2,955	2,479
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Bond loan	18	1,191	1,792
Lease liabilities	18	434	488
Other interest-bearing liabilities	16,18,19	-6	0
Deferred tax liabilities	12	166	115
Other non-current liabilities	17,18	21	33
Total non-current liabilities		1,807	2,428
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	18	11,313	8,753
Income taxes payable		60	74
Public duties		816	659
Current lease liabilities	16,18	113	93
Other current interest-bearing liabilities	16,18	229	233
Other current liabilities	17,18	2,256	1,824
Total current liabilities		14,788	11,636
Total liabilities		16,595	14,065
Total equity and liabilities		19,550	16,544

The board of directors of Crayon Group Holding ASA
Oslo, 10 April 2025

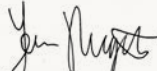

Rune Syversen
(Chairman)

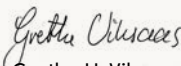

Wenche Agerup
(Board Member)


Marina Lønning
(Board Member)

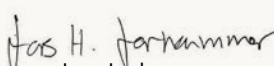

Arne Frøgner
(Board Member)

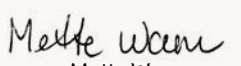

Dagfinn Ringås
(Board Member)

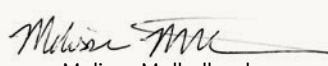

Jens Rugseth
(Board Member)


Grethe H. Viksaas
(Board Member)


Timmy Herland
(Employee Representative)


Lars Larhammer
(Employee Representative)


Mette Wam
(Employee Representative)


Melissa Mulholland
(CEO)

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Crayon Group Holding ASA

Consolidated statement of cash flows

(NOK millions)		Note	2024	2023
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income/loss (-) before tax			396	-82
Taxes paid			-125	-167
Depreciation and amortization		7,8,9	337	302
Net interest expense		10	247	252
Interest received		10	32	23
Changes in trade working capital			313	905
Changes in other working capital and other adjustments			133	179
Net cash flow from operating activities			1,333	1,413
Cash flows used in investing activities:				
Payment for capitalized assets		7,8	-150	-153
Acquisition of subsidiaries - net of cash acquired		20	-34	-31
Other investments			-10	-87
Net cash flow from investing activities			-194	-271
Cash flow from financing activities:				
Interest paid			-298	-270
Share issues		15	0	3
Repurchase of shares		15	46	-100
Acquisition/disposal of non-controlling interest		24	-15	-42
Repayment of bond loan		16,18	-637	0
Payment of lease liability		16,18	-107	-80
Proceeds from RCF drawdown²		16,18	4,480	2,950
Repayment of RCF²		16,18	-4,480	-3,850
Proceeds from supplier financing²		16,18	1,605	1,040
Repayment of supplier financing²		16,18	-1,547	-914
Proceeds from other credit facilities utilization²		16,18	5,751	5,711
Repayment of other credit facilities²		16,18	-5,832	-5,728
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests			-7	0
Net cash flow from financing activities			-1,043	-1,280
Net increase/decrease (-) in cash & cash equivalents			96	-139
Cash & cash equivalents as of January 1¹			1,467	1,530
Currency translation			91	76
Cash and cash equivalents as of December 31¹			1,654	1,467

¹ Restricted cash is part of the Cash & cash equivalents, further details in [note 14](#).
² Comparative figures are changed from net to gross presentation to conform to the current year presentation, refer to [Note 1.2 Basis of preparation](#).

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Crayon Group Holding ASA

Consolidated statement of changes in equity

Year to date period ending December 31

		Attributable to owners of the Company						Non-controlling interests	Total equity
(NOK millions)	Note	Share capital	Own shares	Share premium	Translation difference	Other equity	Total		
Balance as of January 1, 2023		89	0	1,818	209	395	2,511	30	2,540
Net income/loss (-)		0	0	0	0	-115	-115	-44	-159
Currency translation		0	0	0	186	0	186	3	189
Total comprehensive income		0	0	0	186	-115	70	-41	29
Share issues		15	0	3	0	0	3	0	3
Equity-settled share-based payments		6	0	0	0	41	41	2	43
Treasury shares		15	0	-100	0	0	-100	0	-100
Transactions with non-controlling interests		24	0	0	0	-29	-29	-8	-37
Transactions with owners		0	-100	3	0	13	-84	-6	-90
Balance as of December 31, 2023		90	-100	1,821	394	292	2,497	-17	2,479

		Attributable to owners of the Company						Non-controlling interests	Total equity
(NOK millions)	Note	Share capital	Own shares	Share premium	Translation difference	Other equity	Total		
Balance as of January 1, 2024		90	-100	1,821	394	292	2,497	-17	2,479
Net income/loss (-)		0	0	0		258	258	10	267
Currency translation		0	0	0	166	0	166	1	167
Total comprehensive income		0	0	0	166	258	424	11	435
Equity-settled share-based payments		6	0	0	0	15	15	1	16
Treasury shares		15	0	88	0	-42	46	0	46
Cash dividends			0	0	0	0	0	-7	-7
Transactions with non-controlling interests		24	0	0	0	-13	-13	-1	-14
Other changes			0	0	0	-7	-7	7	0
Transactions with owners		0	88	0	0	-48	40	1	41
Balance as of December 31, 2024		90	-12	1,821	561	502	2,961	-6	2,955

125	PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS	LETTER FROM OUR CEO	REPORT FROM OUR BOARD OF DIRECTORS	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 1 General information				
1.1 CORPORATE INFORMATION				
Crayon Group Holding ASA is a public limited company registered in Norway. The Company’s headquarters are located at Gullhaug Torg 5, 0484 Oslo, Norway. Crayon Group Holding ASA is listed on Oslo Stock Exchange (Oslo Børs) under the ticker “CRAYN”.				
These consolidated financial statements of Crayon Group Holding ASA and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "Crayon" or "the Group") for the year ended December 31, 2024, were authorized for issue by the Company’s board of directors and CEO on April 10, 2025. The financial statements will be subject for approval in the Annual General Meeting on May 7, 2025.				
Crayon specializes in supporting customers across all industry sectors with complex local, regional and global IT estates. Crayon helps clients specify, plan, deploy, manage and optimize technology ecosystems.				
The principal activities for the Group’s various business areas are described in more detail in Note 3 Segment Information.				
1.2 BASIS OF PREPARATION				
Accounting policies applied by the Group in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are largely incorporated into the individual notes. General accounting policies are described below. The policies have been applied consistently to the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.				
The consolidated financial statements of Crayon have been prepared in accordance with IFRS®. Accounting Standards as adopted by the European Union (EU), effective as of December 31, 2024. Crayon also provides the disclosures as specified under the Norwegian Accounting Act.				
The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost principle, except for certain financial instruments measured at fair value.				
The financial statements are presented in Norwegian kroner (NOK), which is also the Parent Company’s functional currency. Amounts are presented in NOK millions, unless otherwise stated. The subtotals and totals in some of the tables in the note disclosures may not equal the sum of the amounts shown in the primary financial statements due to rounding. In the cash flow statement, comparative figures related to proceeds and repayment of RCF, supplier financing and other credit facilities are changed from net to gross presentation to conform to the current year presentation. The change is included to provide better information on the total cash flows from financing activities.				
As of January 1, 2024, amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 related to disclosures on supplier financing arrangements became effective, and further information on the relevant supplier financing arrangements are included in Note 16. There are no other new standards, interpretations, or amendments in 2024 with significant impact on the Group’s consolidated financial statements.				
In April 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 18 “Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements”, effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027. Crayon has not early adopted the standard.				
1.3 BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION				
The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of Crayon Group Holding ASA and its subsidiaries. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.				
Non-controlling interests represent equity interests in subsidiaries held by other owners than Crayon. Results attributed to non-controlling interests are based on ownership interest, or other methods of allocation if required by a separate agreement.				
Changes in the Group’s interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.				
Assets and liabilities in foreign subsidiaries, whose functional currency differ from the presentation currency, are converted to NOK using the exchange rate in effect at the reporting date. Income and expenses from foreign companies are converted to NOK using the monthly average rate of exchange. All translation differences are recognized in Other comprehensive income and accumulated in the translation reserve. Long-term receivables from a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future, is considered a part of the net investment. Translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.				
1.4 SIGNIFICANT JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY				
The application of accounting policies requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions in determining the amount of certain assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates, judgements, and underlying assumptions are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Macroeconomic and geopolitical uncertainty, as well as climate-related matters, are considered as part of managements assessments. Although the increasing global instability are included in all assessments, no specific situations expected to have direct effect on carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next financial year are identified. Assessments related to climate-related matters are further described in Note 26 Climate-related matters.				
Assessments including judgments considered to have most significant impact on the amounts recognized and carrying amounts of assets and liabilities are the assessment whether Crayon acts as an agent or a principal in the vendor indirect license reseller contracts. Refer to accounting policy description in Note 2 Revenue.				
The assumptions and estimation uncertainties on December 31, 2024 that have most significant risk of resulting in material adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next financial year are goodwill as outlined in Note 9 Goodwill, deferred tax assets as outlined in Note 12 Tax and bad debt provision as outlined in Note 13 Current receivables and current assets.				

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NOTE 2 Revenue

ACCOUNTING POLICY

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue recognition
Revenue from contracts with customers comprises revenue for sale of software and cloud licenses, software and cloud economics and consulting services. Revenue from customer contracts is recognized when the performance obligation in the contract has been satisfied, either at a point in time or over time. The amount of revenue recognized reflects the amount of consideration to which Crayon is entitled for each performance obligation.

Agreements for sale of software can include on-premises licenses, cloud licenses or a combination. Contracts can be vendor direct, meaning we only act as an agent and the invoicing to the end user will be made directly from the software vendor, or indirect, meaning we will act as a reseller and must invoice the end user for the full amount of the license.

For vendor indirect license reseller contracts, Crayon determines whether the nature of our promise is to provide the license (we act as a principal) or to arrange for the license to be provided by another party (we act as an agent for the software vendor providing the license). The decisive factor in most of Crayon’s contracts are who has control of and responsibility for delivering the license, which normally is the software vendor. For 2024, Crayon has assessed we were acting as an agent for all license reseller contracts.

The promised amount of consideration is not adjusted for any financing component when at contract inception it is expected that the customer pays for that good or service within one year or less. Financing component for contracts expected to be settled after one year is only adjusted when considered material.

Sale of software and cloud licenses – vendor direct contracts, acting as an agent
Our performance obligation is to arrange for the licenses to be provided by the software company. We normally only have one performance obligation that is satisfied upon the initial completion of the contract towards the software vendor. This is when the agreement between the vendor and the user is entered, and, if relevant, Crayon has completed the purchase order with the vendor. Revenues consist of transactional agent fees from the software company.

Resale of software and cloud licenses – vendor indirect contracts, acting as an agent
Our performance obligation is to arrange for the licenses to be provided by the software company. We invoice the gross sales on behalf of the software vendor and incur credit risk towards the end user or hosters. We normally only have one performance obligation that is satisfied upon the initial completion of the contract towards the software vendor. This is when the agreement between the vendor and the user is entered, and, if relevant, Crayon has completed the purchase order with the vendor. This also relate to multi-period contracts with periodical invoicing, for which future revenues are estimated and recognized net as contract assets. Our revenues consist of transactional agent fees from the software company and the net sales proceeds from the end user/ hoster, less costs from the software company. Revenues from multi-period contracts providing us unconditional right to consideration are individually assessed and revenue calculated and recognized based on the net contractual value. Any variable consideration is based on the management best estimate unless significant risk of reversal. The initial order is commonly used as the foundation for assessing the best estimate for both on-premises and cloud-based products. Net to the revenue recognized is provision for expected credit losses, change of partner risk and any other cost or risk following the agreement.

Resale of consumption based licenses – vendor indirect contracts, acting as an agent
Our performance obligation is to arrange for cloud consumption-based licenses to be provided by the software company. We normally only have one performance obligation that is satisfied upon the completion of the consume on a monthly basis. For any multi-period contracts including a minimum commitment, the performance obligation for the full period is fulfilled upon the initial completion of the contract towards the software vendor, i.e. when the agreement between the vendor and the user is entered, and Crayon has completed the initial purchase order with the vendor. The full value of the minimum commitments is then recognized. Our revenues consist of transactional agent fees from the software company and any net sales proceeds from the end user/ hoster, less costs from the software company. Net to the revenue recognized is provision for expected credit losses and any other cost or risk following the agreement.

Software and Cloud Economics
Crayon provides services related to process and tools for enabling clients to build in-house capabilities, license spend optimization and support for clients in vendor audits. The performance obligations related to these services are satisfied over time, because the customer simultaneously receives and benefits from the services provided. Method for recognition depends on the agreement and is consistently applied for similar contracts. Most common is billable hours or input methods based on labor hours expended or resources consumed. Subscription type of contracts are recognized on straight-line basis when the performance obligation is satisfied evenly over time.

Consulting
Crayon provides cloud consulting and solution consulting services related to infrastructure, cloud migration and deployment, bespoke software deployment and follow-up applications. Revenue is recognized when a customer can obtain the benefits from the service which may be over time or on final delivery of a product or service depending on the nature of the promise. Most agreements are recognized over time by billable hours or input methods based on labor hours expended or resources consumed. Crayon assesses whether there are multiple performance obligations within each consulting services contract and assesses revenue recognition accordingly. Method for recognition is consistently applied for similar contracts.

Variable consideration
Variable consideration is estimated based on the sum of probability-weighted amounts or the single most likely outcome, depending on which method better predicts the amount of consideration, and is consistently applied throughout the contract. Variable consideration is only considered to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

For multi-period agreements, the consideration promised in the contract related to following years include variable consideration related to changes in such as volume, price and exchange rates, and is estimated based on the most likely outcome based on the initial order.

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Cost of sales consists of activities in Software & Cloud Economics and Consulting segments.

Gross sales as presented in the table below includes our revenues and gross amounts billed by Crayon under vendor indirect contracts, on behalf of the software vendor, to the end-users and hosteres in the relevant period. Crayon normally remains with the credit risk of these gross sales.

Gross sales		
(NOK millions)		
	2024	2023
Gross Sales	59,601	49,077
Netting of Gross Sales and Gross Purchase	-52,589	-42,680
Revenue	7,012	6,397

Countries with material part of the Group’s revenue are presented in the table below:

Revenue in material countries		
(NOK millions)		
	2024	2023
Norway	2,039	2,071
US	751	717
Australia	540	592
Other	3,683	3,017
Total	7,012	6,397

Please refer to **Note 3 Segments** for the split of revenue per reporting segment. For the segment Software and cloud Crayon act as an agent and revenue is recognized point in time. For the segment Services Crayon acts as a principal and revenue is mainly recognized over time.

Direct and indirect revenues related to our largest customer, Microsoft, constitute approximately 49% of our total revenues in 2024, compared to 43% in 2023. The revenue mainly derives from our Software and Cloud segments. Microsoft is our only customer aggregating more than 10% of our total revenues.

Contract assets relate to multi-period licensing contracts where performance obligation is satisfied upon the initial completion of the contract towards the agent. Contract assets consist of the future net cash flows in these contracts.

Payment terms
Sale of software and cloud licenses – vendor direct contract, acting as an agent
Agent fees are normally due within 30-60 days after completion.

Resale of software and cloud licenses – vendor indirect contract, acting as an agent
Agent fees are normally due within 30-60 days after completion. Any license cost to be paid to the software company are payable upon 30-60 days, and any gross sales proceeds are normally due within 30 days upon completion. Multi-year agreements commonly include annual settlements with similar due dates based on the annual anniversary date of the contract.

Resale of consumption based licenses, acting as an agent
Invoices are issued periodically, usually monthly. Invoices are payable within 14-45 days. Any license cost to be paid to the software company are payable upon 30-60 days.

Software and Cloud Economics
Invoices are issued periodically, usually monthly, and payable within 14 to 30 days.

Consulting
Invoices are issued once the performance obligation is satisfied or periodically, usually monthly and payable within 14 to 45 days.

NOTE 3 Segment information

The Group regularly reports revenue, gross profit and adjusted EBITDA in functional operating segments and geographical market clusters to the Board of Directors and Group executive management (the Group's chief operating decision makers). While Crayon uses all three measures to analyze performance, the Group's strategy of profitable growth means that adjusted EBITDA is the prevailing measure of performance. Operating segments are presented in this note in the same manner as internal reporting to the chief operating decision makers.

The reporting segments are Software & Cloud Direct, Software & Cloud Channel, Software & Cloud Economics and Consulting in addition to General & Administration. The Group resources are organized according to both the products or services below and the different geographical areas the Group operates into.

- Software & Cloud Direct** is Crayon's license offering directly towards end-user, e.g. under Enterprise Agreements (EA). Sale of software and cloud licenses including advisory, support and access to Crayon’s reporting portal.

Revenues derives from Sale of software and cloud licenses, Resale of software and cloud licenses and Resale of consumption-based licenses as further described in **note 2**.

- Software & Cloud Channel** is Crayon's offering towards channel partners (hosters, MSPs and ISVs), who are the end-users point-of-contact, e.g. under Service Provider License Agreements (SPLA). Sale of software and cloud licenses including access to Crayon’s CloudIQ platform.

Revenues derives from Resale of software and cloud licenses and Resale of consumption-based licenses as further described in **note 2**.

- Software & Cloud Economics** services include processes and tools for optimizing costs of cloud platforms and infrastructure, license spend optimization and support for clients in vendor audits.

Revenues derives from Software & Cloud Economics services as further described in **note 2**.

- Consulting** consists of cloud consulting and solutions consulting services related to infrastructure consulting, cloud migration and deployment, bespoke software deployment and follow-up of applications.

Revenues derives from Consulting services as further described in **note 2**.

- General & Administration** includes certain Group incentives and internal and external administrative expenses.

The market clusters are composed of operating countries in the different geographical areas. Crayon operates with five main geographical areas: Nordics, Europe, APAC & MEA and US, in addition to HQ.

HQ includes certain Group incentives and internal and external administrative income and expenses. Group Adjustments include certain IFRS 15 adjustments for multi-period contracts related to timing of revenue recognition calculated at Group level.

Adjustment to arrive to Adjusted EBITDA is the total of Share-based compensation, see **Note 6**, and other income and expenses, see **Note 5**.

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Segment information 2024

(NOK millions)	Software & Cloud		Services		General & Administration	Eliminations	Total
	Software & Cloud Direct	Software & Cloud Channel	Software & Cloud Economics	Consulting			
Revenue							
Nordics	869	255	221	1,455	15	0	2,814
Europe	691	202	283	589	5	0	1,771
APAC & MEA	406	628	88	732	10	0	1,865
US	181	56	434	95	0	0	766
HQ	104	1	-4	-1	462	0	562
Group Adjustment	42	35	0	0	0	0	77
Eliminations	0	0	0	0	0	-843	-843
Revenue	2,293	1,177	1,022	2,871	492	-843	7,012
Gross profit							
Nordics	869	255	187	1,030	15	0	2,356
Europe	691	202	246	324	5	0	1,468
APAC & MEA	406	628	64	350	10	0	1,458
US	181	56	370	69	0	0	677
HQ	104	1	-4	0	462	0	562
Group Adjustment	42	35	0	0	0	0	77
Eliminations	0	0	0	0	0	-315	-315
Gross profit	2,293	1,177	863	1,773	492	-315	6,283
Payroll and other operating expenses	-1,094	-420	-814	-1,631	-1,465	315	-5,108
Adjusted EBITDA	1,199	757	49	142	-974	0	1,174
Share-based compensation							-35
Other income and expenses							-49
EBITDA							1,090

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Segment Information 2023

(NOK millions)	Software & Cloud		Services		General & Administration	Eliminations	Total
	Software & Cloud Direct	Software & Cloud Channel	Software & Cloud Economics	Consulting			
Revenue							
Nordics	707	221	201	1,493	-1	0	2,621
Europe	566	201	255	366	7	0	1,396
APAC & MEA	384	557	73	698	31	0	1,742
US	174	60	380	105	1	0	720
HQ	90	0	-7	8	411	0	501
Group Adjustment	35	19	-2	-12	0	0	41
Eliminations	0	0	0	0	0	-624	-624
Revenue	1,957	1,057	900	2,657	449	-624	6,397
Gross profit							
Nordics	707	221	173	1,037	-1	0	2,137
Europe	566	201	211	200	7	0	1,186
APAC & MEA	384	557	55	329	4	0	1,328
US	174	60	327	69	1	0	631
HQ	90	0	-7	7	440	0	530
Group Adjustment	35	19	0	10	0	0	63
Eliminations	0	0	0	0	0	-214	-214
Gross profit	1,957	1,057	760	1,651	450	-214	5,662
Payroll and other operating expenses	-1,020	-489	-691	-1,628	-1,128	214	-4,742
Adjusted EBITDA	936	568	69	23	-677	0	919
Share-based compensation							-42
Other income and expenses							-132
EBITDA							745

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Assets presented below consist of the sum of assets, except for shares in subsidiaries.

(NOK millions)	Year to date ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Assets per market cluster		
Nordics	7,182	5,991
Europe	4,161	3,337
APAC & MEA	9,568	7,092
US	1,029	893
HQ/eliminations	-2,390	-768
Total	19,550	16,544

(NOK millions)	Year to date ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Assets per country		
Norway	6,628	5,947
Australia	1,833	1,801
Other	11,089	8,797
Total	19,550	16,544

NOTE 4 Payroll and related cost

(NOK millions)	2024		2023
Payroll expenses			
Wages and salaries	3,569		3,247
Social security	394		344
Pension expenses	192		165
Other benefits	173		231
Total	4,329		3,986
Average number of full time employees	4,104		3,915
Female representation	33%		32%

Pensions

Crayon Group companies covered by Norwegian legislation have pension schemes that satisfy the provisions of mandatory occupational pensions, for all employees. These are part of defined contribution schemes and included in pension expenses in the table above. The Group obligations are limited to the annual contributions to the scheme.

NOTE 5 Other operating expenses and other income and expenses

(NOK millions)	2024		2023
Other operating expenses			
Premise, furniture and office expenses	274		252
External assistance	210		167
Travel expenses	65		57
Insurance	24		15
Sales, advertising and entertainment costs	98		102
Bad debt expenses	25		82
Other	83		81
Total	779		756

(NOK millions)	2024		2023
Expensed audit fee			
Audit fee	19.6		15.6
Other assurance services	0.0		0.2
Other non-audit services	0.9		0.4
Total	20.6		16.1

Audit fee is included in External assistance in the table specifying Other operating expenses above. Deloitte has been selected as the group auditor for Crayon starting from the fiscal year 2024. Total audit fee includes fees for all our auditors.

(NOK millions)	2024		2023
Other income and expenses			
M&A expenses	21		10
Contingent considerations, fair value adjustment	4		18
Expenses related to discontinued units	12		0
Other non-recurring items	11		104
Total	49		132

Other income and expenses consist of M&A expenses and directly related reorganizations, subsequent adjustment of contingent considerations or other subsequent adjustments in business combinations including earn-out payments recognized in profit or loss and any other significant non-recurring items.

Expenses related to discontinued units mainly relates to wind-down of certain non-core operations in the Philippines, in addition to our subsidiary in South-Korea. Other non-recurring items for 2024 consist of restructuring cost in Q1, 2024 related to severance packages for consultants made redundant.

Other non-recurring items for 2023 include a provision for possible losses related to a franchise partnering agreement in Oman and Qatar amounting to NOK 102m. Under the agreement, the partner has collected on behalf of Crayon but not fulfilled the agreement towards Crayon. Crayon started own operations in the respective markets in 2023 and intended to take over the business of the partner but has not succeeded in getting any agreements. As collection under the legal claim was considered uncertain, a full provision was recognized in 2023 for any outstanding receivables. As of 2024, there has been no movement in the case and the provision is therefore kept unchanged. Crayon has historically not had, and are not planning for, any similar business set up. The possible loss was therefore considered as significant and non-recurring.

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NOTE 6 Share-based compensation

P ACCOUNTING POLICY

The fair value of the options is calculated when they are granted and expensed over the vesting period. The fair value at grant date is determined using a Black Scholes Model, that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the impact of dilution (where material), the share price at the grant date, expected price volatility of the underlying share and risk-free interest.

Accrual for estimated employee social security tax is booked for all jurisdictions where relevant. The estimate is based on the difference between market share price and strike price for the option or share grant at period end. The full amount is accrued at period end. Changes to the accrual is presented as part of the share-based compensation in the statement of profit or loss.

Share options

There are two option programs, one granted in 2017 in relation to the IPO (IPO) and one share-based incentive scheme implemented in 2020 to general managers and executive management (Management share option program). The 2017 Option Program related to the IPO had the final options exercised in 2024, and the program is no longer active. In 2024 and 2023, no options were awarded under the Management share option program. The program includes both employment and performance vesting conditions. The options will vest in three tranches, with 1/3 vesting annually. Each share option allows for the subscription of one share in Crayon Group Holding ASA.

Exercised options

In Q2, 2024, 50,000 options from the IPO Share Incentive Scheme in 2017 and 235,667 options from the Management share option program were exercised. The share price at the exercise date was NOK 115.58. In Q4, 2024, 325,000 options from the program were exercised. The share price at the exercise date was NOK 117.36.

General manager share grant program (GMSP)

A share grant program has been implemented as part of annual bonus scheme for general managers from 2021. The program includes both employment and performance vesting conditions. The shares will vest in three tranches, with 1/3 vesting annually. Final number of shares granted under the 2024 program will be concluded during Q1, 2025. Final number of shares granted under the 2023 program concluded in 2024 amounts to 151,588 shares.

Long-term incentive share grant program (LTI)

In 2024, a share grant program for executive management was granted. The program includes both employment and performance vesting conditions. The shares will vest in six tranches, with 1/6 vesting semi-annually from July 1, 2025 to January 1, 2028. Number of shares granted is based on the 2024 full year VWAP and was concluded in February 2025 to a total of 24,511 shares for the executive management.

Employee share purchase program (ESPP)

In the employee share purchase program, all employees in the Company and its subsidiaries in which an offer could be lawfully made, have been offered to participate. Under the program, employees are able to subscribe for a number of shares to a pre-set subscription price (average share price a given period before start of the subscription period) with a 20% discount. Shares vest immediately but are subject for a lock-up period of two years after subscription date.

Latest offer was given Q2, 2024, with a subscription price of NOK 62.19. The subscription price is paid by the employee. The employees were offered to subscribe for amounts between NOK 10,000 to NOK 100,000 (including the 20% discount). Some employees did subscribe for amounts up to NOK 250,000 after specific approval from Board of Directors, in line with the Remuneration Policy. In 2024, 362 employees participated in the program and a total of 398,807 shares were subscribed for. Board of Directors and executive management subscribed for 15,431 and 8,038 shares, respectively. No share-based compensation cost is recognized related the subscribed shares, as the subscription price exceeds the fair value of the shares, including the holding period of two years.

Bonus shares

Bonus shares could be granted to employees under different programs. Bonus shares are granted with a strike price of NOK 1 and are subject to employment vesting conditions.

Under the ESPP program, bonus shares will be granted to employees participating in the ESPP and remaining employed by Crayon by the end of the lock-up period. One bonus share will then be granted for every third share subscribed for under the ESPP. The bonus shares vest over two years (the lock-up period).

In 2024, the bonus shares under the ESPP 2022 program were released. A total of 146,726 bonus shares were issued to the eligible participants. Board of Directors and executive management were allotted 3,228 and 2,124 shares, respectively.

Fair value

The fair value of the options and shares granted is calculated at grant date and expensed over the vesting period. For the IPO Share incentive scheme, the expected volatility used in the Black Scholes Model is based on historical volatility for a selection of comparable listed companies. For the remaining programs, the expected volatility is based on historical volatility for listed Crayon shares from November 8, 2017 up until the grant date. Risk free interest is based on treasury bond with same maturity as the option program.

Granted instruments

During 2024, a total of 372,240 shares were granted under the GMSP and LTI as the best estimate as of December 31, 2024. At grant date the share price was NOK 78 for GMSP and NOK 121.50 for LTI program. A total of 136,622 bonus shares were granted during 2024. Market price at grant date was NOK 78.90. Fair value per instrument equals share price at grant date as best estimate, as the shares only holds vesting restrictions at grant date.

Cost related to share-based compensation is displayed in the table below.

(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Cost related to equity-settled share-based compensation transactions	28	43
Change in accrued employee social security tax	7	-1
Total cost related to share-based compensation	35	42

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	Options		GMSP and LTI		Bonus shares	
	Number of instruments	Weighted Average Strike Price (NOK)	Number of instruments	Weighted Average Strike Price (NOK)	Number of instruments	Weighted Average Strike Price (NOK)
Outstanding as of Jan 1, 2024	1,688,374	56.67	372,644	0	294,158	1.00
Granted ¹	0	0	372,240	0	136,622	1.00
Exercised	-610,667	50.46	-95,431	0	-214,313	1.00
Performance adjusted	0	0	-101,420	0	0	0
Terminated	0	0	-33,323	0	-19,356	1.00
Outstanding as of Dec 31, 2024	1,077,707	60.18	514,710	0	197,111	1.00
Vested as of Dec 31, 2024	1,044,373	58.10	0	0	0	0

¹ Shares granted under GMSP and LTI are based on estimates as of year end. Final number of granted shares are decided during H1 2025.

Strike price (NOK)	Outstanding instruments			Vested instruments	
	Number of instruments	Weighted Average remaining contractual life	Weighted Average Strike Price (NOK)	Vested instruments Dec 31, 2024	Weighted Average Strike Price (NOK)
Options					
53.60	977,707	1.22	53.60	977,707	53.60
125.20	100,000	2.52	125.20	66,666	125.20
GMSP and LTI					
0	514,710	3.33	0	0	0
Bonus shares					
1.00	197,111	1.77	1.00	0	0

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NOTE 7 Equipment and right-of-use assets

Tangible assets 2024

(NOK millions)	Equipment			Right-of-use assets		
	IT systems and equipment	Office furnishings, fixtures and cars	Total	Leased premises	Other leased items	Total
Acquisition cost as of Jan 1	192	121	313	704	21	725
Additions	40	9	49	48	4	52
Disposals	-4	0	-4	-10	-5	-15
Adjustments	0	0	0	7	-1	7
Currency translation	12	5	16	21	1	22
Acquisition cost as of Dec 31	240	135	375	770	21	791
Accumulated depreciation as of Jan 1	136	73	210	171	8	179
Depreciation	36	14	51	109	8	117
Disposals	-3	0	-3	-10	-5	-15
Currency translation	7	4	11	9	1	10
Accumulated depreciation as of Dec 31	177	92	269	278	11	290
Net value as of Dec 31	63	43	106	492	10	502
Depreciation period	1-5 years	1-5 years		1-10 years	1-5 years	
Depreciation method	Linear	Linear		Linear	Linear	

Tangible assets 2023

(NOK millions)	Equipment			Right-of-use assets		
	IT systems and equipment	Office furnishings, fixtures and cars	Total	Leased premises	Other leased items	Total
Acquisition cost as of Jan 1	207	107	314	612	18	630
Additions	43	11	54	145	15	161
Disposals	-65	-1	-66	-80	-13	-92
Adjustments	0	0	0	7	0	7
Currency translation	6	5	11	19	1	20
Acquisition cost as of Dec 31	192	121	313	704	21	725
Accumulated depreciation as of Jan 1	165	59	224	163	15	178
Depreciation	28	13	41	83	5	89
Disposals	-65	-1	-66	-80	-13	-92
Currency translation	8	3	11	4	0	4
Accumulated depreciation as of Dec 31	136	73	210	171	8	179
Net value as of Dec 31	55	48	103	533	13	547
Depreciation period	1-5 years	1-5 years		1-10 years	1-5 years	
Depreciation method	Linear	Linear		Linear	Linear	

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Leases

P ACCOUNTING POLICY

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognizes a right-of-use asset equal to the measurement of the lease liability less any lease incentives received, and a lease liability measured at the present value of future lease payments. As the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate to measure the lease liability.

The incremental borrowing rate is determined for each lease using interest rates acquired from external financing sources and adjusted to provide a borrowing rate that is representative of a collateralized amortizing loan.

Costs in leasing contracts for offices that relate to the provision of services such as maintenance and utilities are identified and treated separately as non-lease components. These costs are expensed as incurred.

For office leases, the Group applies judgement in assessing whether it is likely to exercise options to extend or terminate a lease. All factors that create an economic incentive to exercise options, such as the market conditions that impact the price, the entity's demand for office space, contractual incentives and penalties, are considered. The Group assesses each lease on an ongoing basis to determine if there have been significant events or changes in circumstances within its control that could impact on whether it is reasonably certain to exercise options to extend or terminate. If such an event or change has occurred, the Group reassesses the lease term and recognizes an adjustment accordingly.

The lease contracts that the Group has for offices are often subject to periodic adjustments based on consumer price indexes. In such cases, the Group remeasures the lease liability with an unchanged discount rate and recognizes the adjustment against the right-of-use asset. The adjustment is recognized when the change in payments is in effect.

The Group has elected to exempt leases that have a shorter duration than one year and leases where the value of the underlying asset is below USD 5,000 from the above treatment.

The Group has lease contracts predominantly for offices in the countries in which it operates. Other lease items relate to cars and various office machinery.

The costs associated with short duration and low-cost leases are expensed systematically over the duration of the lease. In 2024, the Group expensed NOK 10m (2023: NOK 9m) relating to low-cost and short-term leases.

Total cash outflows for leases in 2024 was NOK 142m (2023: NOK 111m).

Interest expense relating to leases recognized in the statement of profit or loss for 2024 was NOK 35m (2023: NOK 31m). A specification of lease liabilities can be found in [Note 16 Interest bearing debt and derivatives](#).

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NOTE 8 Intangible assets

Intangible assets 2024

(NOK millions)

	Software licenses (IP)	Development costs	Customer relationships	Technology and software	Total
Acquisition cost as of Jan 1	9	555	728	217	1,509
Additions	0	101	0	0	101
Disposals	0	0	-36	-85	-120
Currency translation	-0	11	23	10	45
Acquisition cost as of Dec 31	9	668	715	143	1,535
Amortization and impairment as of Jan 1	7	408	239	195	849
Amortization	0	80	81	9	170
Impairment	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	-36	-85	-120
Currency translation	0	7	6	10	23
Accumulated amortization and impairment as of Dec 31	8	496	290	129	922
Net value as of Dec 31	1	173	426	13	613

Amortization period	0-5 years	3 years	5-20 years	3-10 years
Amortization method	Linear	Linear	Linear	Linear

A significant part of the Group’s carrying amount of intangibles assets relates to Customer relationships recognized in the acquisition of rhipe in 2021. The carrying amount of this asset is NOK 276m and has a remaining lifetime of 5 years.

Disposals in Customer relationships relate to assets that were fully amortized during 2024.

Disposals in Technology and software relates to acquired software that is no longer in use.

Additions to development costs are primarily related to development of the Group’s platforms supporting the cloud and software businesses, as well as development of back-office platforms such as ERP and CRM systems. Costs that relate to maintaining those systems do not meet the criteria for recognition and are expensed as incurred. The Group does not have any material research expenses.

Intangible assets 2023

(NOK millions)

	Software licenses (IP)	Development costs	Customer relationships	Technology and software	Total
Acquisition cost as of Jan 1	9	479	1,011	215	1,714
Additions	0	100	0	0	100
Disposals	0	-25	-313	0	-339
Currency translation	0	2	31	2	34
Acquisition cost as of Dec 31	9	555	728	217	1,509
Amortization and impairment as of Jan 1	7	359	469	179	1,015
Amortization	0	74	83	16	173
Impairment	0	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	-25	-313	0	-339
Accumulated amortization and impairment as of Dec 31	7	408	239	195	849
Net value as of Dec 31	1	148	489	22	660

Amortization period	0-5 years	3 years	5-20 years	3-10 years
Amortization method	Linear	Linear	Linear	Linear

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NOTE 9 Goodwill

P ACCOUNTING POLICY

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is recognized as the aggregate of the consideration transferred less the fair value of the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired, and the liabilities assumed. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure any non-controlling interests in the acquiree at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree’s identifiable net assets. Goodwill is not depreciated but tested at least annually for impairment by determining the recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of the cash generating units (CGU) is determined by estimating the value-in-use using a discounted forecast cash flow model. The model uses several key assumptions, including estimates of future sales volumes and operating costs, terminal value growth rates and the pre-tax weighted-average cost of capital (WACC).

E ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

Goodwill has a carrying amount at year end of NOK 3,331m being measured against the recoverable amount of the cash-generating units in the impairment assessment. The calculations of the recoverable amounts require the use of assumptions and estimates related to future cash flows and discount rate. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rate used for the discounted cash flow model as well as the expected future net cash-inflows and the growth rate use for extrapolation purposes.

Goodwill		
(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Acquisition cost as of Jan 1	3,371	3,256
Additions	0	4
Currency translation	70	110
Acquisition cost as of Dec 31	3,441	3,371
Impairment as of Jan 1	110	110
Impairment	0	0
Accumulated impairment as of Dec 31	110	110
Net value as of Dec 31	3,331	3,262

The Group tests goodwill for impairment annually in Q4. Based on the value-in-use calculation, the estimated recoverable amount exceeds the carrying amount with a significant headroom for most CGU's. No impairment losses are recognized during 2024.

The assumptions are described below:

Budget and forecast period

The basis for the projection of the future cash flows estimated is based on the financial budget of one year. The budget in combination with the forecasts represent management’s best estimate of the range of economic conditions that will exist over the remaining useful life of the asset. Previous year budgets are tested for reliability and adjusted in case of underperformance. The remaining four years of the forecast period are estimated based on budget and projected performance.

Local currency

All CGU’s forecasted projections are done using the functional currency of the CGU.

Growth rate

Growth rate is represented by five-year CAGR (Compound Annual Growth Rate). Average rates of growth in operating revenue and gross profit are based on management’s expectations of future conditions in the markets in which the business operates. Assumptions for terminal growth are between 1.8% and 5.4% and is derived from the long-term risk-free interest rates also applied in the WACC assumption which the Group believes is a good measure for the general economic growth rate considering other assumptions in the calculation. Industry-specific growth rates are difficult to estimate due to the large variety of companies within the IT and software sectors.

EBITDA margins

EBITDA margins are based on the volume/margins achieved historically, adjusted for expected future developments in market conditions.

Sensitivity

In connection with the impairment testing of goodwill, a sensitivity analysis has been carried out. The CGUs are most sensitive to changes in the EBITDA margin, the terminal growth rate and discount rate. The analysis identifies changes in these parameters that could lead to an impairment, assuming all other factors remain constant.

For the rhipe CGU, a decrease in the EBITDA margin by more than 7.42% would result in an impairment. An increase in the discount rate by more than 2.3% would result in an impairment. Similarly, a decrease in the terminal growth rate by more than 2.3% would result in an impairment.

For the Crayon UK CGU, a decrease in the EBITDA margin by more than 1.33% would result in an impairment. An increase in the discount rate by more than 1.2% would result in an impairment. A decrease in terminal growth rate by more than 1.3% would similarly result in an impairment.

For the remaining CGUs, the value in use significantly exceeds the carrying amount tested.

Furthermore, the impact of climate change on the assumptions has been assessed and is not considered significant. For more information, please refer to [Note 26](#).

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Goodwill split by CGU

	2024	5 year sales CAGR assumption	Pre-tax WACC assumption	2023	5 year sales CAGR assumption	Pre-tax WACC assumption
Licensing Norway ¹	271	12.3%	11.6%	271	10.5%	13.5%
Consulting Norway ¹	156	12.2%	11.4%	150	11.2%	13.5%
Puzzlepart ⁶				6	14.2%	13.5%
Licensing Sweden ¹	53	9.0%	11.7%	53	7.9%	13.5%
Crayon Denmark ¹	105	10.6%	11.6%	102	8.2%	13.5%
Crayon Finland ¹	54	10.5%	11.4%	54	18.4%	13.5%
Crayon Germany ¹	16	23.2%	11.3%	16	18.2%	13.5%
Crayon UK (Fast PPA)	52	23.4%	11.1%	47	28.7%	14.5%
Kryptos Networks	25	19.3%	18.2%	23	31.7%	13.5%
Angelpoint (Anglepoint PPA) ⁵	111	14.3%	12.2%	100	16.2%	13.5%
Crayon US ²	11	26.7%	12.1%	10	28.2%	13.5%
Kryptos Technologies (India) ³	4	16.5%	17.2%	3	30.3%	13.5%
Crayon SG (Tribal Knowledge PPA) ³	4	14.1%	10.8%	3	23.1%	13.5%
Complit AS (Norway) ³	4	15.1%	11.5%	4	27.0%	13.5%
Sequent BV (the Netherlands) ³	45	25.3%	11.6%	43	20.2%	13.5%
Navicle ⁴	17	3.6%	12.3%	17	4.9%	13.5%
Sensa	124	8.3%	11.4%	113	9.1%	13.5%
rhipe	2,280	10.5%	12.9%	2,247	10.6%	15.1%
Total	3,331			3,262		

¹ Inmeta Crayon PPA

² Software Wholesale International PPA

³ These are related to acquisitions from 2018 and 2019

⁴ Related Navicle Pty Ltd (Australia) acquisition in 2020

⁵ Includes NOK 12m Goodwill related to the Fisher IT acquisition

⁶ Merged into Consulting Norway as of January 1, 2025

NOTE 10 Financial income and expenses

P

ACCOUNTING POLICY

Transactions in foreign currency (other than the unit’s functional currency) are converted at the exchange rate on the transaction date. Monetary items in foreign currency are converted to functional currency using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Foreign currency differences are netted and recognized in profit or loss generally as a financial item.

(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Financial income		
Interest income from bank deposits	32	18
Interest income from accounts receivable	1	5
Total interest income	32	23
Other financial income	1	4
Other financial income	1	4
Total financial income	33	28

(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Financial expenses		
Interest expense credit institutions	133	105
Interest expense leases	35	31
Interest expense bond loan	111	140
Total interest expense	279	276
Foreign currency loss	26	238
Impairment losses on financial assets	24	0
Other financial expenses	63	38
Total other financial expenses	114	276
Total financial expenses	393	552

Currency losses in 2023 are largely impacted by Norway and effects related to net foreign currency liabilities impacted by the weakening of NOK towards other significant trading currencies such as EUR and USD. Measures were implemented during 2023 to reduce the sensitivity of our currency exposure and is the main reason for the significant decrease in foreign currency losses from 2023.

Impairment losses on financial assets mainly relates to write-off of a loan to the owners of our prior subsidiary in Russia. Other financial expense in 2024 includes termination costs related to refinancing the bond and the RCF of NOK 38m.

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NOTE 11 Earnings per share

The Group’s earnings per share are calculated as:

<i>(NOK millions)</i>	2024	2023
Net income/loss (-) allocated to owners of Crayon Group Holding ASA	258	-115
Basic earnings per share (NOK)	2.90	-1.29
Diluted earnings per share (NOK)	2.86	-1.29
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (basic) as of Dec 31	88,844,637	89,305,765
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted)		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (basic)	88,844,637	89,305,765
Effect of dilution from share options	1,146,553	1,221,218
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted) as of Dec 31	89,991,190	90,526,984
Number of outstanding ordinary shares as of Jan 1	88,290,124	89,275,668
Number of outstanding ordinary shares as of Dec 31	89,388,682	88,290,124

Number of outstanding shares are reduced by treasury shares, see [Note 15 Equity](#).

NOTE 12 Tax

P ACCOUNTING POLICY

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payable or receivable is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received subject to uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax and deferred tax assets are recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes and on tax losses carried forward. Deferred tax is not recognized for temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognized to the extent it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax is not calculated for temporary differences from investments in subsidiaries, except when the Group can control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences, and it is probable that these will be reversed in the foreseeable future. In the balance sheet, deferred taxes are reported net if the Group has a legal right to offset deferred tax assets against deferred taxes and if the deferred taxes are owed to the same tax authority.

E ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilized. Judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits. Recognized net deferred tax assets amounts to NOK 170m in 2024, where of deferred tax assets from tax losses amounts to NOK 138m. Recognized deferred tax assets from tax losses mainly relates to tax losses in Norway (NOK 69m), Australia (NOK 18m) and US (NOK 34m), whereas the estimate related to US, in addition to unrecognized deferred tax assets are considered the most uncertain.

The basis for the Group's total unrecognized deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2024, is NOK 708m (2023: NOK 495m). Total unrecognized deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2024 amounted to NOK 176m.

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Net income tax expense consists of the following:

Tax expense		
(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Income tax on net profit	169	149
Income tax prior year correction	-29	0
Change in deferred taxes	-23	-72
Withholding tax expenses	11	0
Total	128	77

The income tax expense differs from the amounts computed when applying the Norwegian statutory tax rate to income before income taxes as a result of the following:

Reconciliation of tax charge		
(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Net income before income tax expense	396	-82
Norwegian statutory rate	22%	22%
Estimated income taxes at statutory rate	87	-18
Increase/decrease (-) in income taxes from:		
Effect of tax rates other than statutory tax rate in Norway	4	6
Permanent differences	14	42
Unrecognized deferred tax assets	40	48
Income tax prior year correction	-28	0
Withholding tax expenses	11	0
Total income tax expense	128	77

The tax impact from permanent differences of NOK 14m in 2024 mainly consist of losses in impairment of non-current debt, non-deductible share-based compensation and other non-deductible expenses.

The tax effects of the Group's temporary differences are as follows:

Basis for recognized deferred tax assets		
(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Current assets	31	69
Fixed assets	74	68
Interest limitation	33	32
Accruals	113	109
Non-current debt/receivables	-118	-105
Tax losses carried forward	582	526
Purchase price allocations (intangible assets)	-50	-215
Other	62	19
Total basis for recognized deferred tax assets	727	503

Deferred tax asset	170	117
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Basis for recognized deferred tax liabilities		
(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Current assets	321	254
Purchase price allocations (intangible assets)	374	259
Fixed assets	1	9
Accruals	-2	-2
Other	61	1
Total basis for recognized deferred tax liabilities	754	521

Deferred tax liabilities	166	115
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Tax effects of the Group's temporary differences

(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Tax expense/income recognized in profit and loss:		
Current assets	-23	27
Fixed assets	3	-2
Purchase price allocations (intangible assets)	10	4
Interest limitation	0	8
Provision	0	-3
Non-current debt/receivables – IFRS 16	3	2
Non-current deb/receivables – unrealized foreign exchange gains/losses (-)	-5	-12
Tax losses carried forward	10	30
Share options	1	2
Other	2	0
Tax expense/income recognized in other comprehensive income:		
Unrealized foreign exchange gains/losses (-) on non-current debt	29	17
Currency on balances	-7	-2
Total basis for recognized deferred tax liabilities	23	72

Income taxes recognized in other comprehensive income relates to group internal currency loans regarded as part of the net investments in subsidiaries.

Reconciliation of net deferred tax asset/liability (-)

(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Opening balance as of Jan 1		
	2	-55
Tax expense/income recognized in profit or loss	23	72
Tax expense/income recognized in other comprehensive income	-29	-17
Currency on balances	7	2
Net deferred tax asset as of Dec 31	3	2

In addition to the amount charged to profit or loss, the following tax amounts have been recognized in other comprehensive income:

Deferred tax

(NOK milions)	2024	2023
Unrealized foreign exchange gains/losses (-) on non-current debt	-29	-17
Total income tax recognized in other comprehensive income	-29	-17

Pillar Two

Estimated qualified domestic minimum top-up tax (QDMTT) have been considered in the tax calculation. Based on the 2023 IFRS country-by-country report and assuming similar conditions in 2024, the safe harbour rules result in only a few subsidiaries falling under the Globe Income Return filing requirement for 2024. The QDMTT filing is assumed to be relevant in Switzerland, Hungary, Portugal, and Norway. Impacted by certain tax losses carried forward, the additional tax is estimated to be minimal. No current tax expense is recognised in 2024. The exception to recognising and disclosing information about deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two has been applied.

NOTE 13 Current receivables and current assets

P ACCOUNTING POLICY

Accounts receivables (invoiced amounts) and unbilled revenue are unconditional right to consideration, that is right to payment even though that amount may be subject to refund in the future.

When the Group transfer services to a customer before the payment is due under the contract, the revenue is presented as contract assets. This mainly relates to subsequent period payments for multiple-period contracts. Change in contract assets during the year relates to changes in the remaining subsequent net payments for the relevant contracts.

E ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

Even when acting as an agent, Crayon has the transaction and credit risk for the full amount of any gross sales invoiced on behalf of the software supplier (our customer), with limited opportunities to reclaim our customer for any losses. Crayon operates in many jurisdictions and is increasing its presence in growth markets outside of the Nordic region. Management makes assessments of the credit risk and updates its estimates of losses and the corresponding provision for bad debt on a regular basis. Historical losses and ageing are analyzed, and additional credit risk premium based on geographical analysis and other statistic information on country risk have been incorporated in the loss provision model. Crayon measures allowance or bad debt based on lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs). This involves both backward and forward-looking information and analysis. The management estimate is most sensitive to the forward-looking analysis. This applies especially to the long overdue public sector receivable in the Philippines as further described in this note.

Accounts receivables relate to the sale of licenses or services that are within the normal operating cycle. If the settlement is expected within one year or less, the receivable is classified under current assets. If expected settlement is exceeding more than one year, the receivable is classified under non-current receivables.

Accounts receivables outstanding

(NOK millions)	2024	%	2023	%
Not due	7,039	68%	5,110	64%
1-30 days overdue	1,144	11%	1,176	15%
30-60 days overdue	447	4%	395	5%
60-90 days overdue	295	3%	245	3%
90-120 days overdue	177	2%	157	2%
More than 120 days overdue	1,177	11%	962	12%
Total	10,279		8,045	

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Allowance for doubtful accounts in the balance sheet

(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Opening balance as of Jan 1	197	116
Currency translation	16	6
Net allowance/reversal (-)	-47	76
Closing balance as of Dec 31	166	197

Profit or loss effect of bad debt

(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Realized losses	72	6
Allowance/reversal (-) for doubtful accounts	-47	76
Net accounting losses on receivables	25	82

The Group's credit risk exposure is mainly related to accounts receivables, unbilled revenue and contract assets. Losses on receivables are reported as other operating expenses in profit or loss. Historical realized bad debt losses are limited, and a significant part of the bad debt expense consists of increased allowances based on forward-looking analysis, mainly considering ageing and any other impairment indicators. Total bad debt expense constituted 0.04% of gross sales for 2024 versus 0.17% in 2023. Bad debt allowance made up 1.6% of total accounts receivables end of 2024 compared to 2,50% end of 2023. Contract assets refer to multi-period contracts, largely consisting of public customers carrying lower credit risk. The credit risk of the contracts assets has been considered applying a factor of 0.05% on relevant gross sales, netted to the contract assets.

The analysis related to the Group’s bad debt impairment testing is performed on each subsidiary by determining appropriate groupings, considering estimated future economic factors, and adjusting historical loss rates for current and forward-looking information. Relevant grouping of receivables is mainly geographical, aging of the balances and difference between public and private end-users. The impairment analysis is based on the matrix presented below, with an extra 5% allowance included for balances overdue more than 180 days in geographical areas considered as higher risk. Based on individual assessment, specific receivables can be excluded from the matrix calculation. In addition to the matrix analysis, the bad debt allowance includes any provision due to specific assessment.

Number of days overdue

	General allowance
1-90	0%
91-120	2.5%
121-150	5%
151-180	10%
180-365	20%
Above 365	100%

Bad debt provision based on the matrix analysis amount to NOK 82m. In addition, specific assessments aggregate to NOK 84m. A credit risk concentration related to the APAC & MEA region is considered in the assessment, see also [Note 19](#).

Included in the receivables more than 365 days overdue is a significant delayed public sector receivables from the Philippines. The receivables originate from invoicing in 2022 at about NOK 0.5bn. The process of collecting the significant overdue receivables toward the Department of Budget and Management Procurement Services (“PS-DBM”) developed positively towards the end of 2024. To be able to release the payment, PS-DBM and Microsoft have proposed Crayon to file an accelerated money claim process that is expected to be resolved within 6 months. The money claim will combine both Crayon’s and Microsoft’s unsettled receivables for license and cloud consumption from the start of the agreement until the new partner agreement was operating. The extended payment terms on certain accounts payables offsetting most of the negative net working capital impact for Crayon continue and are expected to be valid until the receivables are settled. A bad debt provision of NOK 7m has been considered related to the time value of the expected settlement.

The Group continues to intensify collection efforts over accounts receivable as a precaution against risk brought about by increased operations in new markets outside the core Nordic region.

Crayon has non-recourse factoring agreements implemented for a set of customers in India. As of December 31, 2024, accounts receivables are reduced by NOK 57m (2023: NOK 460m) compared to a situation without the factoring agreements. Upon sale to factoring company, the accounts receivables are derecognized. The factoring amount as of December 31, 2023, also includes factoring agreements in Norway and Denmark, that were discontinued during 2024.

Other current receivables and current assets

(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Unbilled revenue	1,760	1,297
Public duty receivables	545	553
Total other current receivables	2,306	1,851
Contract assets	330	253
Prepaid expenses and other	219	210
Other current receivables	6	10
Total current assets	554	473
Total	2,860	2,324

Contract assets relate to multi-period licensing contracts where performance obligation is satisfied upon the initial completion of the contract towards the agent. Contract assets consist of the future net cash flows in these contracts. Change in contract assets relates to new multi-period agreements with future cash flows, offset by cash flows from agreements with initial completion in previous periods. Refer to [Note 2 Revenue](#).

Please refer to [Note 19](#) for further details on the credit risk.

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NOTE 14 Cash and cash equivalents

P ACCOUNTING POLICY

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and demand deposits available for immediate use. Cash equivalents are short-term investments that can be converted into a known amount in cash within three months and which contain insignificant risk elements.

NOK 53.3m of the total bank deposits as of December 31, 2024, is restricted cash. As of December 31, 2023, restricted cash was NOK 49.4m. Restricted cash consists of both employee taxes withheld and cash as collateral for bank financing. Further information regarding liquidity reserve is shown in detail in [Note 18](#).

<i>(NOK millions)</i>	2024	2023
Cash and cash equivalents	1,654	1,467
Restricted cash	–53	–49
Free available cash	1,601	1,418
Available credit facility	1,918	1,308
Liquidity reserve as of Dec 31	3,518	2,726

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NOTE 15 Equity

P ACCOUNTING POLICY

The purchase price for own shares recognized in equity includes directly attributable costs. Own shares are presented as a reduction of equity, and gains or losses on transactions in own shares are not recognized in the Profit or loss. Transactions directly related to an equity transaction are recognized directly in equity net of tax.

	Ordinary shares		Treasury shares		Total	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Issued as of Jan 1	89,574,924	89,285,768	-1,284,800	-10,100	88,290,124	89,275,668
Repurchase of own shares	0	0	0	-1,274,700	0	-1,274,700
Exercised shares options and bonus shares Jan	0	115,576	0	0	0	115,576
Exercised shares options and bonus shares May	0	0	492,450	0	492,450	0
Exercised shares options and bonus shares June	0	0	500,230	0	500,230	0
Exercised shares options and bonus shares Jul	0	0	501	0	501	0
Exercised shares options and bonus shares Sept	0	173,580	71	0	71	173,580
Exercised shares options and bonus shares Dec	0	0	137,500	0	137,500	0
Adjustment	0	0	-32,194	0	-32,194	0
Issued as of Dec 31 – fully paid	89,574,924	89,574,924	-186,242	-1,284,800	89,388,682	88,290,124

All allocations of shares in relation to employee option and share programs during 2024 are executed by allocation of Treasury shares. In the period from May to December 2024, 1,130,752 shares were allocated related to both bonus shares and share options. Adjustment of 32,194 Treasury shares is an adjustment from previous years.

As of December 31, 2024, the Company owns 186,242 of its own shares which is around 0.2% of total shares, for the purpose of facilitating the Group's share-based compensation programs for employees.

The General Meeting on May 15, 2024, authorized the Board of Directors to increase the share capital in two different settings. The authorizations are valid until the earlier of Crayon's annual general meeting in 2025 and June 30, 2025.

In relation to the Group's incentive schemes, the Board is granted an authorization to increase the Group's share capital with up to NOK 5,374,495, provided however that the authorization cannot be used for an amount in excess of 6% of the Company's share capital.

In connection with acquisitions, the Board is granted an authorization to increase the Company's share capital with up to NOK 8,957,492, provided however that the authorization cannot be used for an amount in excess of 10% of the Company's share capital.

Crayon Group Holding ASA has 89,574,924 issued shares at a nominal value of NOK 1 (December 31, 2023; 89,574,924 shares at nominal value of NOK 1). During 2024, there were no changes in share capital. The total share capital amounts to NOK 89,574,924.

Transaction costs are accounted for as deduction of equity. No transaction costs are deducted in equity in 2024 and 2023.

Reconciliation of the number of shares as follows:

Reconciliation of the number of shares as follows:

Reconciliation of the number of shares as follows:

Reconciliation of the number of shares as follows:

Reconciliation of the number of shares as follows:

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Reconciliation of the number of shares as follows:

Reconciliation of the number of shares as follows:

Reconciliation of the number of shares as follows:

The Board of Directors is granted an authorization to, on behalf of the Company, repurchase treasury shares with a total nominal value of NOK 8,957,492, corresponding to 10% of the Group's share capital at the time of the approval. The maximum amount to be paid per share is NOK 250 and the minimum is NOK 1.

On December 19, 2024 an agreement to combine Crayon with SoftwareOne Holding AG was announced. The agreement, until concluded, entails limitations in the opportunity to utilize the authorizations to increase the share capital or to buy treasury shares.

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, the number of shares is the same as the number of ordinary shares issued and fully paid-up.

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NOTE 16 Interest-bearing debt and derivatives

On April 8, 2024, the company completed a new senior unsecured bond loan of NOK 1,200m with a 4-year tenor. The bonds will carry an interest rate at 3M NIBOR + 2.75% margin. The new bond was in its entirety used to redeem the outstanding NOK 1,800m bond loan, carrying an interest rate of 3M NIBOR + 3.75%, which had an initial maturity date in July 2025. Financial cost related to the settlement of the bond amounted to NOK 34m and was recognized as Other financial expenses. Transaction costs of NOK 10m related to the NOK 1,200m bond are carried at amortized cost. The bond is listed on the Oslo Stock Exchange (CRAYN05).

On July 2, 2024, Crayon entered a NOK 1,500m revolving credit facility (RCF) through a bank syndication. The senior secured facility has a 3-year tenor and two 1-year extension options. The new facility is available for general purposes and replaces the RCF with original maturity in 2025. The syndication consists of three international banks with Danske Bank (as the facility agent), ING and Citibank, reflecting Crayon’s growth footprint with a need of expansion on global banking coverage. As of December 31, 2024, the RCF was not utilized. Transaction costs of NOK 11m related to the RCF are carried at amortized cost. The increase of the RCF facility and reduction of the corporate bond is believed to provide better flexibility to meet the liquidity needs throughout the business cycles as well as optimizing funding cost.

In addition to the RCF, Crayon established secured overdraft facilities of NOK 300m and a guarantee facility of NOK 100m with Danske Bank. A new unsecured EUR 10m overdraft facility was also established with ING.

In Q2 2023, the group entered a supplier finance arrangement in the MEA region. Under the arrangement, a finance provider acquires the rights to selected trade receivables from the supplier. The terms and conditions of the arrangement are unchanged from the trade payables from this supplier, other than an extension of the due date from original 60 days after the invoice date to 90-150 days, and that the acquired payables no longer can be offset against credit notes received from the supplier. The supplier will receive payment from the finance provider at the original due date.

In the cash flow statement, management has concluded that these amounts do not form part of the working capital used in the group’s main revenue-generating activities. The finance provider acts as a payment agent for Crayon, as Crayon controls the payment process. This arrangement provides the group with extended payment terms without affecting the suppliers, who receives payment from the finance provider on the original due date. Consequently, when the finance provider pays the supplier, these payments are recorded as operating cash outflows and financing cash inflows in equal but opposite amounts. When the group subsequently pays the finance provider, it is recorded as a financing cash outflow to settle the financial liability.

Range of payment due dates

(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Liabilities under supplier finance arrangement	90-150 days after invoice date	90-150 days after invoice date
Comparable trade payables not part of the supplier finance arrangement	60 days after invoice date	60 days after invoice date

Carrying amount of liabilities under supplier finance arrangement

(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Liabilities under supplier finance arrangement	198	127
of which the supplier has received payment from the finance provider	198	127

The carrying amounts of liabilities under the supplier finance arrangement are considered to be reasonable approximations of their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

Total liability at reporting date amounted to NOK 198m.

Other interest-bearing debt relates to local financing in India.

Total interest-bearing debt liabilities as of December 31:

(NOK millions)	2024			2023		
	Non-current	Current	Total	Non-current	Current	Total
Bond loan	1,200	0	1,200	1,800	0	1,800
Amortization cost bond loan ¹	-9	0	-9	-8	0	-8
Revolving credit facility	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amortization cost RCF ²	-11	0	-11	0	0	0
Overdraft facility	0	0	0	0	0	0
Supplier financing	0	198	198	0	127	127
Lease liabilities	434	113	547	488	93	582
Other interest-bearing debt	5	31	36	0	106	106
Total interest-bearing debt	1,619	342	1,961	2,280	326	2,607

¹ Amortization costs are capitalized and recognized in Profit or loss over the lifetime of the bond. Carrying amount of the non-current bond loan will be equal to principal amounts of NOK 1,200m at maturity in FY 2028.

² Amortization costs are capitalized and recognized in Profit or loss over the lifetime of the revolving credit facility. Carrying amount of the non-current RCF will equal to zero at maturity.

Net interest-bearing debt means senior debt to credit institutions and other interest-bearing debt including leasing less non-restricted cash:

(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Total interest-bearing debt	1,961	2,607
Cash & cash equivalents	-1,654	-1,467
Restricted cash	53	49
Net interest-bearing debt	361	1,189

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NOTE 17 Other non-current and current liabilities

Other non-current liabilities		
(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Contingent consideration from business combinations	0	3
Liabilities to employees	16	20
Other	5	10
Total	21	33

Other current liabilities		
(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Contingent consideration from business combinations	0	28
Employee benefits related accruals	486	440
Prepayments	120	59
Accruals	1,605	1,249
Other	45	48
Total	2,256	1,824

Contingent consideration from business combinations of NOK 28m in 2023 relates to last payment of earn-out from the acquisition of Navicle Pty Ltd. Final amount was paid during 2024.

NOTE 18 Financial instruments

P ACCOUNTING POLICY

Financial assets
The financial assets of the Group are generally measured at amortized cost as the business model is to hold the asset to collect contractual cash flows, and the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interests (SPPI criterion).

Financial liabilities
Financial liabilities are classified at amortized cost or at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL). Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expenses, are recognized in profit and loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Any gain and loss on derecognition are recognized in profit and loss.

Financial liabilities are presented as current if the liabilities are due to be settled within 12 months after the balance sheet date, whereas liabilities with the legal right to be settled more than 12 months after the balance sheet date are classified as non-current liabilities.

Impairment of financial assets
The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether a financial asset or group of financial assets may be impaired. Financial assets are impaired when there is objective evidence that the Group is not likely to recover all the amounts in connection with contractual terms related to loans and receivables. A financial asset carried at amortized cost is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flow of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data such as significant financial difficulty of the debtor, a breach in the contract and the probability of the debtor entering bankruptcy.

The Group recognizes loss allowance for lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) on financial assets measured at amortized cost. ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

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Financial instruments by category

(NOK millions)	Fair value through profit or loss	Financial assets at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Total carrying amount
2024				
Financial assets				
Other non-current receivables	0	156	0	156
Accounts receivable	0	10,113	0	10,113
Other current receivables	0	2,641	0	2,641
Cash and cash equivalent	0	1,654	0	1,654
Total financial assets	0	14,564	0	14,564
Financial liabilities				
Bond loan	0	0	1,191	1,191
Lease liability	0	0	547	547
Revolving credit facility	0	0	-11	-11
Other non-current liabilities	0	0	26	26
Other current interest bearing debt	0	0	230	230
Accounts payable	0	0	11,313	11,313
Total financial liabilities	0	0	13,296	13,296
(NOK millions)	Fair value through profit or loss	Financial assets at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Total carrying amount
2023				
Financial assets				
Other non-current receivables	0	156	0	156
Accounts receivable	0	7,847	0	7,847
Other current receivables	0	2,113	0	2,113
Cash and cash equivalent	0	1,467	0	1,467
Total financial assets	0	11,584	0	11,584
Financial liabilities				
Bond loan	0	0	1,792	1,792
Lease liability	0	0	582	582
Revolving credit facility	0	0	0	0
Other non-current liabilities	3	0	25	28
Other current-interest bearing debt	0	0	233	233
Other current liabilities	28	0	0	28
Accounts payable	0	0	8,753	8,753
Total financial liabilities	31	0	11,385	11,415

Fair value measurement

The following tables present the Group's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level one that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is derived from prices).

Level 3: Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data.

Amounts presented in the table below relates to contingent consideration from business combinations.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Level 1	0	0
Level 2	0	0
Level 3	0	31
Total	0	31

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

(NOK millions)	Non-current bond loan	Other interest-bearing debt	Lease liabilities	Total liabilities from financing activities
As of Jan 1, 2024	1,792	233	582	2,607
Repayment of bond loan	-1,800	0	0	-1,800
Proceeds from bond issue	1,200	0	0	1,200
Proceeds from supplier financing	0	1,605	0	1,605
Repayment of supplier financing	0	-1,547	0	-1,547
New lease agreements, net of additions and terminations	0	0	59	59
Amortization cost	-1	-7	0	-8
Payment of lease liabilities	0	0	-107	-107
Proceeds from other credit facilities utilization	0	5,751	0	5,751
Repayment of other credit facilities	0	-5,832	0	-5,832
Proceeds from RCF drawdown	0	4,480	0	4,480
Repayment of RCF	0	-4,480	0	-4,480
Currency effect	0	22	14	35
As of Dec 31, 2024	1,191	224	547	1,961

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NOTE 19 Financial risk

The Group activities involve various types of financial risk, including market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group Treasury department mitigates risk that can be controlled, in close cooperation with the subsidiaries.

1. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The Group's market risk mostly comprises interest rate risk and currency risk.

1.a Interest risk

The Group interest-bearing liability consists of floating rates; hence the Group is impacted by interest cash flow risk. The interest rate risk largely relates to the bond loan, revolving credit facility (RCF) and Norwegian kroner (NOK) drawn under the cash pool facilities sensitive to NIBOR. Lease liability and certain foreign credit facilities, including the cash pool facilities, are sensitive to relevant global reference rates. Based on the liability at the end of the year, an increase of 100 basis points in relevant reference rates would have an annual effect of approximately NOK 37m (NOK 26m) on financial expenses.

1.b Foreign exchange risk

Crayon has gross sales, revenues and operating and other costs in various currencies. The global expansion of Crayon has led to significant business growth as well as increased currency exposure. While our gross sales and operating expenses often are set in functional currencies, the gross cost of licenses and proceeds for incentives are to a large extent determined in international markets, largely denominated in Euro (EUR), US Dollar (USD), Danish Kroner (DKK), Swedish Kroner (SEK) and Australian Dollar (AUD) in addition to NOK. More than 85% of our global gross sales however derives from units with functional currency in relevant international markets currencies, reducing the overall currency risk. The Group Treasury sets the policy for daily operations across regions and business areas. The main policy is to ensure gross sales and gross cost of goods sold remain in the same currency, seeking natural hedge to the extent possible or using hedging opportunities under multi-currency cash pool arrangements. The Group Treasury assesses business opportunities to mitigate any remaining risk.

By having operational units in different functional currencies, the Group is exposed to currency translation risks related to net investments in subsidiaries. Crayon aims to establish natural hedging positions if this is possible and economically viable.

See sensitivity analysis in section 3. Liquidity risk for details on the currency translation risk exposure.

2. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions. The Group have deposits with sound financial institutions.

The Group Treasury overlooks the credit risk on a centralized level whilst the subsidiaries are responsible for enforcing standard payment and delivery terms, credit checks and other control procedures and conditions towards the clients. Credit risk exposure is largely impacted by accounts receivables, unbilled revenues and contract assets. At the end of 2024, the largest concentration of accounts receivables, unbilled revenues and contracts assets were in APAC & MEA, followed by the Nordics and Europe. The credit risk is largely concentrated to certain countries in APAC & MEA region, that make up a large part of the outstanding accounts receivables overdue more than 120 days as reported in [Note 13](#). Private customers carry a higher risk than public customers. The Group has several larger public customer agreements.

Significant overdue receivables related to a governmental customer in the Philippines remain to be unpaid. The receivables originate from invoicing in 2022 at about NOK 0.5bn. To be able to release the payment, PS-DBM and Microsoft have proposed Crayon to file an accelerated money claim process that is expected to be resolved within 6 months. The money claim will combine both Crayon's and Microsoft's unsettled receivables for license and cloud consumption from the start of the agreement until a new partner agreement was operating. A bad debt provision of

NOK 7m has been considered related to the time value of the expected settlement. See further information in [Note 13](#).

Accounts receivables and unbilled revenue are allocated to the different markets as presented below:

(NOK millions)	2024	2023		
	Accounts receivables	Unbilled revenue	Accounts receivables	Unbilled revenue
Nordics	2,626	299	2,100	195
Europe	2,325	496	1,876	224
APAC & MEA	4,713	707	3,552	601
US	562	173	506	162
HQ	53	84	11	115
Total	10,279	1,760	8,045	1,297

3. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due, and that financing will not be available at a reasonable price.

Crayon Group is impacted by liquidity fluctuation associated with its gross sales and growth. The cash flow from operating activities is mainly impacted by changes in the net working capital managed by the subsidiaries. The Group Treasury Department is responsible for Group cash flow forecasting and optimizing liquidity flows centrally. Group Treasury monitors forecasts of the Group's liquidity frequently and ensures that the operational requirements are met as well as always maintaining sufficient headroom on debt facilities.

The Group's covenants are linked to the revolving credit facilities. Net interest-bearing debt as of December 31, 2024, was NOK 361m, with a corresponding leverage ratio of 0.3x of Adj. EBITDA, providing significant headroom with regards to bank covenants (4.0x Adj. EBITDA) as of the end of the year. The Group's interest-bearing liabilities are shown in detail in [Note 16](#).

Crayon has total current assets amounting to NOK 14,627m (NOK 11,656m) end of the year, NOK 161m less than the current liabilities (including interest-bearing liabilities due within 12 months) of NOK 14,788m (NOK 11,636m). The Group has significant liquidity reserves available through cash, RCF and multicurrency cash-pool facilities, amounting to NOK 3,518m at the end of the year and the liquidity risk is therefore considered low.

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Sensitivity

The Group has identified currency risk (foreign currency translation risk, primarily with respect to EUR, SEK, DKK, INR, USD and AUD). The table below shows the currency effect on the Group's adjusted EBITDA and equity if NOK appreciates (+) or depreciates (-) against the foreign currency:

(NOK millions)	Changes in FX-rate	2024		2023	
		Effect on adjusted EBITDA	Effect on equity	Effect on adjusted EBITDA	Effect on equity
Currency					
SEK	+ 10%	-15	-67	-14	-25
	- 10%	15	67	14	25
DKK	+10%	-12	-14	-9	-31
	-10%	12	14	9	31
EUR	+10%	-13	-57	-8	-31
	-10%	13	57	8	31
USD¹	+10%	-2	-45	0	-43
	-10%	2	45	0	43
INR	+10%	-11	-23	-9	-7
	-10%	11	23	9	7
AUD	+10%	-4	-30	-9	-29
	-10%	4	30	9	29

¹ Effect on equity from changes in USD include effects from SAR, AED and QAR as they are pegged to USD.

The following table presents the maturity profile of the group's financial liabilities based on contractual payments and non-cancellable lease payments. All amounts presented in the table are undiscounted cash flows:

Maturity profile 2024

(NOK millions)	H1 2025	H2 2025	H1 2026	H2 2026	H1 2027	H2 2027	2028->	Total
Bond loan	45	45	45	45	45	45	1,245	1,516
Other financial liabilities	1	1	12	12	1	0	0	26
Other current interest bearing debt	229	0	0	0	0	0	0	229
Accounts Payable	11,313	0	0	0	0	0	0	11,313
Lease payments	71	71	62	62	50	50	281	647
Total	11,660	117	119	119	96	96	1,526	13,732

NOTE 20 Business combinations

P ACCOUNTING POLICY

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method as of the day the Group obtains control. The consideration transferred in the acquisition is measured at fair value, as are the identifiable net assets acquired. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure any non-controlling interests in the acquiree at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Any contingent consideration is measured at fair value at the date of acquisition. Subsequent changes to the contingent consideration as a result of additional information the Group obtained after that date about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date are measurement period adjustments that will adjust the purchase price allocation until final, but no later than 12 months after the acquisition day.

Contingent consideration classified as equity is not remeasured and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability that is a financial instrument and within the scope of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, is measured at fair value with the changes in fair value recognized in the statement of profit or loss in accordance with IFRS 9 and presented as Other income and expenses, together with other direct expenses associated with the acquisition.

No acquisitions have been carried out in 2024 or 2023.

Payments related to subsequent earn-out from prior year acquisitions amount to NOK 34m (2023: NOK 31m) and relates to acquisitions of Navicle Pty Ltd and Fischer. Both payments in 2024 were final payments, hence, no provisions related to earn-outs as of December 31, 2024.

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NOTE 21 Management remuneration

Remuneration to the executive management is summarized below. Only remuneration earned as part of executive management is included.

<i>(NOK millions)</i>	2024	2023
Salary	19.7	18.1
Bonus	3.0	3.5
Pension	0.7	0.6
Share-based compensation ¹	2.4	5.5
Other benefits	0.9	0.6
Total	26.7	28.4

¹ Cost based on Black-Scholes model, refer to [Note 6](#).

Remuneration to the members of the Board is summarized below. The Board of Directors and committee fees are approved by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting for the period until the next Annual General Meeting. Amounts presented below represent the fees approved by the Annual General Meeting in 2024 and 2023, respectively.

<i>(NOK millions)</i>	2024	2023
Board of Directors fee	3.8	3.4
Remuneration Committee fee	0.2	0.2
Audit & ESG Committee fee	0.3	0.3
Share-based compensation ¹	0.5	0.2
Total	4.7	4.0

¹ Cost based on Black-Scholes model, refer to [Note 6](#).

More detailed information on the compensation to the Group’s directors including executive management as well as members of the Board of Directors is provided in a separate remuneration report prepared in accordance with the Norwegian Public Limited Liability Companies Act § 6-16b. The report for the financial year 2024 is published on the Group’s website together with the Annual Report.

NOTE 22 Related parties

Transactions with related persons are disclosed in [Note 21](#) and in the Remuneration report. Overview of related companies are disclosed in [Note 24](#). During 2024, the Group had no other related parties.

Any transactions, agreements or arrangements between the Group and related parties are entered into as part of the ordinary course of business and on arm’s length market terms.

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NOTE 23 Collateral and guarantees

As security for the Crayon Group's Multicurrency Revolving Credit Facility Agreement (RCF) and the 100m guarantee facility, Crayon Group AS has provided a first priority assignment agreement. The liability of each Guarantor, listed below, shall be limited to NOK 2,400m plus any unpaid amount of interest, fees, liability, premium and expenses. The security includes pledges in respect of all the issued shares in all of the guarantors (other than the Parent), operational assets and trade receivables of each guarantor incorporated in Norway and any intercompany loans. For further information see [Note 16 Interest bearing debt and derivatives](#).

List of guarantors

- Crayon Group Holding ASA
- Crayon Group AS
- Crayon AS
- Crayon A/S
- Crayon AB
- Crayon Software Experts Australia Pty Limited
- rhipe Pty Ltd
- rhipe Australia Pty Ltd
- Sensa ehf
- Crayon BV
- Crayon Schweiz AG
- Crayon OY
- Crayon Iceland ehf

Crayon Group Holding ASA (parent company) guarantees to Microsoft the full and promptly payment of a number of the parent company's affiliates outstanding debt and performance obligations, related to the normal core of business of the Group and recognized as part of account payables in the statement of the financial position. At year end, the total outstanding debt and obligations of the relevant parent company affiliates amounted to NOK 4,363m.

Assets in Crayon India have been pledged in relation to the loan facilities in the subsidiary in India.

In addition to the above, parental guarantees from Crayon Group Holding ASA are listed below:

Beneficiary	Currency	Guarantee limit (NOK millions)	Utilized as of Dec 31, 2024 (NOK millions)	Type of guarantees provided to Crayon subsidiaries from the beneficiary as of Dec 31, 2024
Levantor	USD	453	198	Utilized amounts under supplier financing agreements
Tryg	NOK	200	54	Withholding tax and rental guarantees
ING Bank	EUR	88	0	
SEB	EUR	59	4	Performance guarantees
Atradius	NOK	50	0	
Citi bank	AUD	21	13	Rental guarantees

NOTE 24 Subsidiaries, associates and non-controlling interests

P

ACCOUNTING POLICY

Investments in associates are accounted for applying the equity method. The aggregate of the Group’s share of profit or loss of associated companies is presented as a financial item.

The Crayon Group Holding ASA consists of the following subsidiaries as of December 31:

Subsidiary	Office location	Ownership %	
		2024	2023
Nordics			
Crayon Group AS	Oslo	100%	100%
Crayon AS	Oslo	100%	100%
Inmeta Consulting AS	Oslo	100%	100%
Esito AS	Oslo	0%	100%
Puzzlepart AS	Oslo	100%	100%
Crayon Consulting A/S	Copenhagen	100%	100%
Crayon A/S	Copenhagen	100%	100%
Crayon AB	Stockholm	100%	100%
Crayon OY	Helsinki	100%	100%
Crayon Iceland ehf.	Reykjavik	100%	100%
Ice Distributions hf	Reykjavik	100%	100%
COMPLIT AS	Oslo	100%	100%
Crayon IOT AS	Oslo	0%	100%
Inmeta Management Consulting AS	Oslo	70%	70%
Sensa Ehf	Reykjavik	100%	100%
Europe			
Crayon Ltd	London	100%	100%
Crayon France SAS	Paris	85%	90%
Crayon Deutschland GmbH	Munich	100%	100%
Crayon Austria GmbH	Vienna	100%	100%
Crayon Schweiz AG	Altdorf	99%	99%
Crayon Software Experts Spain SL	Madrid	100%	100%
Crayon Software Licensing Unipessoal LDA	Lisbon	100%	100%
Crayon BV	Amsterdam	100%	100%
Crayon doo Beograd	Beograd	80%	80%
Crayon Bulgaria OOD	Sofia	80%	80%
SEQUINT BV	Rotterdam	0%	100%
Krejon Makedonija DOO	Skopje	100%	100%
SIA “Crayon Latvia”	Riga	83%	83%
Crayon Software Experts Romania S.R.L.	Bucharest	80%	80%

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Subsidiary	Office location	Ownership %	
		2024	2023
Crayon Poland sp. z o.o.	Warszawa	80%	80%
Crayon Czech Republic and Slovakia s.r.o.	Prague	80%	80%
LLC «Crayon Ukraine»	Kyiv	97%	80%
Crayon Magyarország Korlátolt Felelősségű Társaság	Budapest	80%	80%
CRAYON, celovite IT rešitve, d.o.o.	Ljubljana	80%	80%
Anglepoint (UK) Limited	London	77%	77%
Anglepoint Group (Germany) GmbH	Hamburg	77%	77%
Anglepoint (Ireland) Limited	Lismore	77%	77%
Fisher IT Services Holdings Limited	London	77%	77%
Fisher IT Asset Consulting Limited	London	77%	77%
Fisher Analytics and Control Technology Limited	London	77%	77%
Crayon Lithuania UAB	Vilnius	100%	100%
Crayon Estonia OÜ	Tallinn	100%	100%
APAC & MEA			
Crayon DMCC	Dubai	80%	80%
Crayon Middle East Information Technology Consultants LLC ¹	Abu Dhabi	39%	39%
Crayon Arab Company for Information Systems Technology LLC ¹	Riyadh	39%	39%
Atria Technologies Pte Ltd	Singapore	0%	100%
Crayon Pte Ltd	Singapore	100%	100%
Kryptos Networks Pvt Ltd	Chennai	100%	100%
Kryptos Technologies Private Limited	Mumbai	50%	50%
Crayon Software Experts India Pvt Ltd	Mumbai	100%	100%
Crayon Software Experts Philippines Inc	Makati City	100%	99%
Crayon Software Experts Malaysia Sdn Bhd	Kuala Lumpur	90%	90%
Crayon Australia PTY LTD	Sydney	100%	100%
Crayon Mauritius Ltd	Port Louis	100%	100%
Crayon Africa SA	Johannesburg	100%	100%
Wadi Al Omar CO	Riyadh	100%	100%
Crayon Software Lanka Pvt Ltd	Colombo	90%	90%
Navicle Pty Ltd	Sydney	100%	100%
Crayon IT Services Private Limited	Mumbai	100%	100%
PT Rhipe International Indonesia	Jakarta	100%	99%
Crayon Japan K.K.	Tokyo	80%	80%
PT Krayon Konsultan Indonesia	Jakarta	100%	100%
Crayon Australia Holding Pty Ltd (Holdco)	Melbourne	100%	100%
Crayon Software Experts Australia Pty Ltd (Bidco)	Melbourne	100%	100%
Rhipe Limited	Sydney	100%	100%
Rhipe Australia Pty Ltd	Sydney	100%	100%
Rhipe Dynamics Pty Ltd	Sydney	100%	100%
Crayon (Thailand) Co. Ltd	Bangkok	100%	100%
rhipe Philippines, Inc	Manila	100%	100%
Crayon South Korea Ltd	Seoul	100%	100%

Subsidiary	Office location	Ownership %	
		2024	2023
Rhipe Singapore Pte Ltd	Singapore	100%	100%
Rhipe Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.	Kuala Lumpur	100%	100%
rhipe Technology Philippines, Inc	Manila	100%	100%
rhipe Lanka (Pvt) Limited	Colombo	100%	100%
Rhipe Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong	100%	100%
Crayon New Zealand Ltd	Auckland	100%	100%
Dynamic Business IT Solutions Pty Limited	Brisbane	100%	100%
SmartEncrypt Pty Ltd	Sydney	100%	100%
Parallo Limited	Auckland	100%	100%
Parallo Pty Ltd ATF Parallo Unit Trust	Sydney	100%	100%
emt Distribution Pty Ltd	Adelaide	100%	100%
emt Distribution Pte Ltd	Singapore	100%	100%
Rhipe Cloud Solutions Pty Ltd	Sydney	100%	100%
Rhipe Solutions Australia Pty Ltd	Sydney	100%	100%
Anglepoint Group, Inc	New South Wales	77%	77%
Anglepoint India Private Limited	Delhi	77%	77%
Crayon Software Consulting and Trading	Doha	100%	49%
Crayon Regional Headquarters	Riyadh	100%	0%
US			
Crayon Software Experts Holding LLC	Dallas	100%	100%
Crayon Software Experts LLC	Dallas	77%	77%
Anglepoint Group Inc	San Francisco	77%	77%
Software Wholesale International Inc	Denver	77%	77%
Crayon Global Services GmbH	Munich	77%	77%
Anglepoint International Holding LLC	Dover	77%	77%
Anglepoint ULC	Montréal	77%	77%
Rhipe Solutions LLC	New York	100%	100%
Associates			
Cloud Direct Limited	Reading	23%	23%

¹ Crayon Group AS has control over the entities through 80% ownership in Crayon DMCC, which owns 49% of the shares.

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The non-controlling interest and associates share of the net income and equity as of December 31, are detailed below:

Specification of non-controlling interests

	2024			2023		
	ownership share	NCI share of equity	NCI share of net income	ownership share	NCI share of equity	NCI share of net income
(NOK millions)						
Nordics						
Inmeta Management Consulting AS	30%	-2	2	30%	-3	-2
Europe						
Crayon Schweiz AG	2%	3	0	2%	2	0
Crayon France SAS	15%	7	1	10%	2	2
Crayon doo Beograd	20%	1	1	20%	1	0
Crayon Bulgaria OOD	20%	5	1	20%	3	1
SIA “Crayon Latvia”	17%	-3	-1	17%	-1	-2
Crayon Software Experts Romania S.R.L.	20%	5	2	20%	3	1
Crayon Poland sp. z o.o.	20%	6	2	20%	4	3
Crayon Czech Republic and Slovakia s.r.o.	20%	-2	0	20%	-1	-3
LLC «Crayon Ukraine»	3%	1	0	20%	2	2
Crayon Magyarország Korlátolt Felelősségű Társaság	20%	1	0	20%	1	0
CRAYON, celovite IT rešitve, d.o.o.	20%	-2	-2	20%	-1	-1
Anglepoint (UK) Limited	23%	-1	1	23%	-2	-3
Anglepoint Group (Germany) GmbH	23%	0	0	23%	0	0
Anglepoint (Ireland) Limited	23%	0	0	23%	0	0
Fisher IT Services Holdings Limited	23%	0	0	23%	0	0
Fisher IT Asset Consulting Limited	23%	2	1	23%	1	1
Fisher Analytics and Control Technology Limited	23%	0	0	23%	0	0
APAC & MEA						
Crayon DMCC	20%	-8	-3	20%	-5	-16
Crayon Middle East Information Technology Consultants LLC	61%	-19	-3	61%	-14	-22
Crayon Arab Company for Information Systems Technology LLC	61%	14	9	61%	12	11
Kryptos Technologies Private Limited	50%	3	1	50%	2	3
Crayon Software Experts Philippines Inc	0%	0	0	1%	-2	-1
Crayon Software Experts Malaysia Sdn Bhd	10%	-3	1	10%	-3	-2
Crayon Software Lanka Pvt Ltd	10%	-4	0	10%	-4	-1
PT Rhipe International Indonesia	0%	0	0	1%	0	0
Crayon Japan K.K.	20%	-4	-1	20%	-3	-1
Anglepoint Group, Inc	23%	0	0	23%	0	0
Anglepoint India Private Limited	23%	1	0	23%	0	0
Crayon Software Consulting and Trading	0%	0	0	51%	0	0

	2024			2023		
	NCI ownership share	NCI share of equity	NCI share of net income	NCI ownership share	NCI share of equity	NCI share of net income
(NOK millions)						
US						
Crayon Software Experts LLC	23%	-26	-1	23%	-28	-19
Anglepoint Group Inc	23%	19	-1	23%	20	5
Software Wholesale International Inc	23%	-1	0	23%	-1	0
Crayon Global Services GmbH	23%	0	0	23%	-2	0
Anglepoint International Holding LLC	23%	0	0	23%	0	0
Anglepoint ULC	23%	0	0	23%	0	-1
Total		-6	10		-17	-44

Specification of associates

	2024			2023		
	Ownership share	Share of share investment	Share of net income	Ownership share	Share of share investment	Share of net income
Cloud Direct Limited	23%	45	2	23%	43	0
Total		45	2		43	0

Transactions with non-controlling interests

Shares held by non-controlling interests have been acquired for a cash consideration of NOK 15m in 2024 and NOK 42m in 2023. Corresponding changes in equity of NOK 14m in 2024 and NOK 37m in 2023.

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NOTE 25 Largest shareholders, numbers of shares held by management and board of directors

The Company’s major shareholders as of December 31, who own more than 1.0% of the share capital, are:

Shareholder name	Total shareholding
Folketrygdfondet	10.4%
Karbon Invest AS	5.4%
The Bank of New York Mellon	4.4%
Verdipapirfondet DNB norge	3.2%
State Street Bank and Trust Comp	3.0%
VPF DNB AM Norske Aksjer	2.8%
UBS Switzerland AG	2.8%
The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV	2.8%
Hvaler Invest AS	2.1%
Nordnet Bank AB	2.0%
JPMorgan Chase Bank	2.0%
Verdipapirfondet Holberg Norge	1.7%
State Street Bank and Trust Comp	1.7%
J.P. Morgan SE	1.6%
Citibank	1.6%
HSBC Continental Europe	1.3%
Clearstream Banking S.A.	1.2%
The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV	1.2%
Kverva Finans AS	1.2%
Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB	1.1%

The company’s trustees have shares in the company:

Officer	Total shareholding
Karbon Invest AS (Jens Rugseth and Rune Syversen)	4,800,000
Bente Liberg (CHRO), Goodcharma AS	423,690
Jon Birger Syvertsen (COO)	108,778
Grethe Viksaas (board member)	45,979
Dagfinn Ringås (board member), CDR Holding AS	45,806
Melissa Mulholland (CEO)	39,704
Mette Wam (employee representative), Wam Invest AS	26,405
Gudmundur Adalsteinsson (CSO)	24,249
Jens Rugseth (board member), Rugz AS	19,903
Marina Lønning (board member)	18,750
Brede Huser (CFO)	18,019
Florian Rosenberg (CTO)	8,572
Lars Hatlen Larhammer (employee representative)	4,019
Timmy Herland (employee representative)	3,506
Rune Syversen (board member), Sevencs AS	2,833
Wenche Marie Agerup (board member)	2,500

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NOTE 26 Climate-related matters

Crayon reports on climate risks and opportunities and has implemented the requirements of the EU’s new Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive/European Sustainability Reporting Standards from 2024. For more details, see Part Three, Section B: [Sustainability Statement](#). In preparing the financial statements, management has considered the impact of climate change.

Climate change is a significant global challenge that can affect economic activities across sectors. As an IT company with a global presence, we recognize there may be potential risks and opportunities associated with climate change.

Potential transition risks include those related to setting and achieving adequately calibrated climate ambitions, considering company and industry climate change impacts and stakeholder expectations. Physical risks may not be applicable or material depending on the company context.

No significant implications have been identified on financial reporting judgments and estimates. Specifically, the following areas are considered:

- Cash flow projections used to evaluate the impairment of long-term assets, including goodwill.
- Assessment of the useful economic lives of equipment.
- Severe weather events like floods, droughts, and storms that may disrupt operations and the supply chain, potentially affecting the Group's financial performance.

Management remains aware about the evolving risks and will regularly evaluate these against the judgments and estimates used in preparing the Group’s financial statements.

NOTE 27 SoftwareOne transaction

On December 19, 2024, SoftwareOne Holding AG and Crayon Group Holding ASA, announced an agreement to combine. SoftwareOne launched a recommended voluntary stock and cash offer to acquire all outstanding shares in Crayon. Crayon shareholders are offered 0.8233 new shares in SoftwareOne and NOK 69 in cash for each Crayon share.

Completion of the offer is expected in Q2, 2025 and is subject to customary conditions including a minimum acceptance of the offer of at least 90% of the Crayon shares on a fully diluted basis, as well as regulatory approvals. Any expenses, cash settlements or reclassifications contingent of the transaction to take place, are not considered in the annual report. This could include change of control conditions in loan agreements, cash settlement of the ongoing share-based payment programs and any transaction cost. Ongoing expenses are recognized as they occur.

NOTE 28 Subsequent events

The SoftwareOne takeover offer prospectus was released March 14, 2025. The offer period will be four weeks until April 11, 2025.

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Crayon Group Holding ASA

Statement of income 1.1 – 31.12

<i>(NOK millions)</i>	Note	2024	2023
Operating income and expenses (-)			
Payroll expenses	2,3	-4	-7
Other operating expenses	3	-34	-24
Total operating income and expenses (-)		-39	-30
Operating profit (EBIT)		-38	-30
Financial income and expenses (-)			
Income from subsidiaries and other group companies	2,4	0	71
Interest income from group companies	2	131	79
Other financial income	10	6	231
Total financial income		137	381
Other interest expenses to group companies		-6	-1
Other interest expenses	10	-110	-141
Other financial expenses	10	-41	-121
Total financial expenses		-157	-262
Net financial income and expenses (-)		-20	119
Net income/loss (-) before tax		-59	89
Income tax expense on net income	5	10	-21
Net income/loss (-)		-49	68
Brought forward			
To other equity	6	0	68
Loss carried forward	6	-49	0
Net carried forward		-49	68

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Crayon Group Holding ASA

Balance sheet as of 31.12

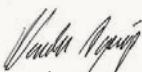
(NOK millions)	Note	2024	2023
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Deferred tax asset	5	41	31
Investments in subsidiaries	4	950	922
Loan to group companies	2	0	4
Total non-current assets		990	956
CURRENT ASSETS			
Other receivables	1,2	2,273	3,006
Total receivables		2,273	3,006
Cash & cash equivalents	1	50	3
Total current assets		2,324	3,009
Total assets		3,314	3,965

(NOK millions)	Note	2024	2023
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Paid-in equity			
Share capital	6,7	90	90
Own shares	6,7	-12	-100
Share premium	6	1,821	1,821
Total paid-in equity		1,898	1,810
Retained earnings	6	8	83
Total equity		1,906	1,893
Non-current liabilities			
Bond loan	8,9	1,191	1,792
Total non-current liabilities		1,191	1,792
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable		4	3
Other current liabilities	2	213	277
Total current liabilities		217	280
Total liabilities		1,408	2,072
Total equity and liabilities		3,314	3,965

The board of directors of Crayon Group Holding ASA
Oslo, 10 April 2025



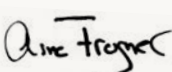
Rune Syversen
(Chairman)



Wenche Agerup
(Board Member)



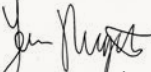
Marina Lønning
(Board Member)



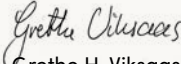
Arne Frogner
(Board Member)



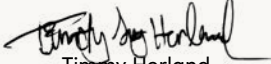
Dagfinn Ringås
(Board Member)



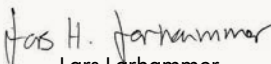
Jens Rugseth
(Board Member)



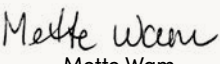
Grethe H. Viksaas
(Board Member)



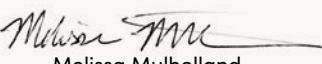
Timmy Herland
(Employee Representative)



Lars Larhammer
(Employee Representative)



Mette Wam
(Employee Representative)



Melissa Mulholland
(CEO)

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Crayon Group Holding ASA

Cash flow statement

<i>(NOK millions)</i>	2024	2023
Cash flow from operating activities		
Net income/loss (-) before tax	-59	89
Net interest paid to credit institutions and interest to bond loan	110	141
Paid interest to group companies	6	1
Received interest from group companies	-131	-79
Changes in inventory, accounts receivable/ payable	1	2
Changes in other current accounts	38	-55
Net cash provided by operating activities	-35	98
Cash flow from investing activities		
Received interest from group companies	131	79
Net change in cash pool, group companies	659	-11
Net cash from investing activities	790	67
Cash flow from financing activities		
Interest paid	-110	-141
Interest paid to group companies	-6	-1
Share issues	0	3
Repurchase of shares	46	-100
Received group contribution	0	71
Repayment of bond loan	-637	0
Other financial items	0	5
Net cash from financing activities	-707	-163
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	47	2
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	3	1
Cash and cash equivalents end of period	50	3

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NOTE 1Accounting principles

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Accounting Act (Norway) and generally accepted accounting principles in Norway.

Non-current liabilities

Non-current liability is initially valued at transaction value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing non-current liabilities are recognised at amortized cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognized in the income statement over the period of the borrowing on an effective interest basis.

Current assets and liabilities

Current assets and liabilities are comprised of items receivable/due within one year and items related to the circular flow of goods. Current assets are valued at the lower of cost and market value.

Investment in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are valued at cost. If actual value is below cost value and this continues over time, the investment in subsidiaries will be impaired. Dividends, group contributions and other distributions from subsidiaries are recognized in the same year as they are recognized in the financial statement of the provider. If dividends or group contribution exceed withheld profits after the acquisition date, the excess amount represents repayment of invested capital, and is recognized as a reduction in carrying value of the investment.

Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currency are converted at the exchange rate applicable on the transaction date. Monetary items in a foreign currency are converted to NOK using the exchange rate applicable on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items measured at the historical rate expressed in a foreign currency are converted into NOK using the exchange rate applicable on the transaction date. Non-monetary items measured at fair value expressed in a foreign currency are converted at the exchange rate applicable on the balance sheet date. Changes to exchange rates are recognized in the income statement as they occur during the accounting period, and are presented as financial items.

Cash flow

The cash flow statement is presented using the indirect method. Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, bank deposits and other current, highly liquid investments.

Receivables

Accounts receivable and other receivables are recognized at transaction price, minus a provision for bad debt. Provision for bad debt is determined on the basis of an individual assessment of receivables. Other receivables are valued using the same principle. Bank accounts included in cashpool are classified as other receivables.

Taxes

The income tax expense is comprised of both taxes payable (22%) for the period, which will be due in the next financial year, and changes in deferred tax. Deferred tax is determined on the basis of existing temporary differences between booked net income and taxable net income, including year-end loss carry-forward, calculated at 22%. Temporary differences, both positive and negative, which will be reversed, or are likely to be reversed, in the same period, are recorded net.

NOTE 2Transactions with related parties

Accounts receivable and payable to Group companies:

(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Receivables		
Other receivables ¹	2,271	3,007
Total receivables	2,271	3,007
Liabilities		
Other short term liabilities ¹	182	239
Total liabilities	182	239

For liabilities not recognized in the balance sheet, please refer to [note 8 Financial instruments](#).

Transactions with related parties:

(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Purchases of services:		
Purchases from Crayon Group AS	-4	-5
Total purchases	-4	-5
Financial items		
Income from subsidiaries and other group companies	0	71
Interest income from group companies	131	79
Other Interest expenses to group companies	-6	-1
Total net financial items	125	149

¹ Other receivables/ other short term liabilities consist of receivables/ liabilities within the cash pool, where the Top Account belongs to Crayon Group AS.

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NOTE 3 Other operating expenses

The Board of Directors fee and committee fees are approved by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting for the period until the next Annual General Meeting. Fees approved by the Annual General Meeting in 2024 amounted to NOK 4.2m (NOK 3.8m in 2023).

The Company has paid remuneration to the auditor in the following amounts:

<i>(NOK millions)</i>	2024	2023
Audit fee	8.3	3.4
Other assurance services	0.0	0.2
Total	8.3	3.6

Fees are quoted excluding VAT.

Regarding wages and benefits, please see group [note 4](#).

NOTE 4 Investment in subsidiaries

The Company is the parent company to Crayon Group AS. The Company owns shares in:

<i>(NOK millions)</i>	Registered office	Book value	Ownership interest and voting rights	Net profit/loss	Company's equity
Company					
Crayon Group AS	Oslo	949	100%	-24	1,261
ICE Distribution hf	Reykjavik	0	100%	0	0
		950			

Group accounts have been made for Crayon Group Holding ASA. Accounts are available from:

Crayon Group Holding ASA
Gullhaug Torg 5
0484 OSLO

NOTE 5 Tax

<i>(NOK millions)</i>	2024	2023
Taxes payable on profit for the year	0	0
Change in deferred tax	10	-21
Total taxes for the year	10	-21

Specification of the tax base:

Net income before income tax	-59	89
+ Permanent differences	13	6
+ Changes in temporary differences	-7	6
- Use of losses carry-forward	53	-101
= Tax base	0	0

Specification of tax expenses:

Taxes payable in the balance sheet	0	0
= Total taxes payable	0	0
+/- Change in deferred tax/tax assets	-10	19
+/- Change in deferred tax/tax assets correction from last year ¹	0	2
= Income tax expense	-10	21

¹ Recognized into equity

Deferred tax/deferred tax assets

<i>(NOK millions)</i>	2024	2023
Accumulated tax losses carried forward	-189	-136
Other differences	9	2
Limited deduction for interest on related parties	-5	-5
= Basis for deferred tax	-185	-139
Deferred tax	0	0
Negative basis for deferred tax	-185	-139
= Basis for deferred tax asset	-185	-139
Deferred tax asset	41	31
Tax rate Dec 31, (%)	22%	22%

Recognized deferred tax assets can be set off against future income.

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NOTE 6 Equity

<i>(NOK millions)</i>	Share capital	Own shares	Share premium	Other equity	Total equity
Value Jan 1, 2024	90	-100	1,821	83	1,893
Sale of own shares	0	88	0	-42	46
Share-based compensation	0	0	0	16	16
Net loss for the year	0	0	0	-49	-49
Value Dec 31, 2024	90	-12	1,821	8	1,906

NOTE 7 Share capital

Crayon Group Holding ASA has 89,574,924 issued shares at a nominal value of NOK 1 (December 31, 2023; 89,574,924 shares at nominal value of NOK 1).

During 2024, there were no changes in share capital.

The total share capital amounts to NOK 89,574,924.

The company owns 186,242 of its own shares to facilitate management of employee share purchases.

Shares	Number of shares	Total nominal value	Statutory provisions on voting
Shares	89,574,924	89,574,924	One share – one vote

The General Meeting on May 15, 2024 authorized the board of directors to increase the share capital in two different settings. All authorizations are valid until the earlier of Crayon’s annual general meeting in 2025 and June 30, 2025.

In relation to the Company’s incentive schemes, the Board is granted an authorization to increase the Company's share capital with up to NOK 5,374,495, provided however that the authorization cannot be used for an amount in excess of 6% of the Company's share capital.

In connection with acquisitions, etc. the Board is granted an authorization to increase the Company's share capital with up to NOK 8,957,492, provided however that the authorization cannot be used for an amount in excess of 10% of the Company's share capital.

The Board of Directors is granted an authorization to, on behalf of the Company, repurchase treasury shares with a total nominal value of NOK 8,957,492, corresponding to 10% of of the Company's share capital at the time of the approval. The maximum amount to be paid per share is NOK 250 and the minimum is NOK 1.

On December 19, 2024 an agreement to combine Crayon with SoftwareOne Holding AG was announced. The agreement, until concluded, entails limitations in the opportunity to utilize the authorizations to increase the share capital or to buy treasury shares.

In accordance with the company’s Articles of Association, the number of shares is the same as the number of ordinary shares issued and fully paid-up.

The Company’s major shareholders as of December 31, who own more than 1% of the share capital, are:

Shareholder name	Shareholding
Folketrygdfondet	10.4%
Karbon Invest AS	5.4%
The Bank of New York Mellon	4.4%
Verdipapirfondet DNB Norge	3.2%
State Street Bank and Trust Comp	3.0%
VPF DNB AM Norske Aksjer	2.8%
UBS Switzerland AG	2.8%
The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV	2.8%
HVALER INVEST AS	2.1%
Nordnet Bank AB	2.0%
JPMorgan Chase Bank	2.0%
Verdipapirfondet Holberg Norge	1.7%
State Street Bank and Trust Comp	1.7%
J.P. Morgan SE	1.6%
Citibank	1.6%
HSBC Continental Europe	1.3%
Clearstream Banking S.A.	1.2%
The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV	1.2%
Kverva Finans AS	1.2%
Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB	1.1%

The Company’s trustees have shares in the Company:

Officer	Number of shares
Karbon Invest AS (Jens Rugseth and Rune Syversen)	4,800,000
Bente Liberg (CHRO), Goodcharma AS	423,690
Jon Birger Syvertsen (COO)	108,778
Grethe Viksaas (board member)	45,979
Dagfinn Ringås (board member), CDR Holding AS	45,806
Melissa Mulholland (CEO)	39,704
Mette Wam (employee representative), Wam Invest AS	26,405
Gudmundur Adalsteinsson (CSO)	24,249
Jens Rugseth (board member), Rugz AS	19,903
Marina Lønning (board member)	18,750
Brede Huser (CFO)	18,019
Florian Rosenberg (CTO)	8,572
Lars Hatlen Larhammer (employee representative)	4,019
Timmy Herland (employee representative)	3,506
Rune Syversen (board member), Sevencs AS	2,833
Wenche Marie Agerup (board member)	2,500

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NOTE 8Financial instruments

The total financial liabilities relating to the bond loan amounted to the following at December 31:

(NOK millions)	2024	2023
Bond principal	1,200	1,800
Transaction cost	–9	–8
Total financial liabilities	1,191	1,792

Guarantee

Crayon Group Holding ASA (parent company) guarantees to Microsoft the full and promptly payment of a number of the parent's company affiliates outstanding debt and performance obligations, related to the normal core of business of the Group and recognised as part of account payables in the statement of the financial position. At year end, the total outstanding debt and obligations of the relevant parent company affiliates amounted to NOK 4,363m.

In addition to the above, parental guarantees from Crayon Group Holding ASA are listed below:

Beneficiary	Currency	Guarantee limit (NOK millions)	Utilized as of Dec 31, 2024 (NOK millions)	Type of guarantees provided to Crayon subsidiaries from the beneficiary as of Dec 31, 2024
Levantor	USD	453	198	Utilized amounts under supplier financing agreements
Tryg	NOK	200	54	Withholding tax and rental guarantees
ING Bank	EUR	88	0	
SEB	EUR	59	4	Performance guarantees
Atradius	NOK	50	0	
Citi bank	AUD	21	13	Rental guarantees

NOTE 9Issuance of bond loan

On April 8, 2024, the company completed a new senior unsecured bond loan of NOK 1,200m with a 4–year tenor. The bonds will carry an interest rate at 3M NIBOR + 2.75% margin. The new bond was in its entirety used to redeem the outstanding NOK 1,800m bond loan, carrying an interest rate at 3M NIBOR + 3.75%, which had an initial maturity date in July 2025. Financial cost related to the settlement of the bond amounted to NOK 34m and was recognized as Other financial expenses. Transaction costs of NOK 10m related to the NOK 1,200m bond are carried at amortized cost. The bond is listed on the Oslo Stock Exchange (CRAYN05).

NOTE 10Financial income and expenses

Other financial income and expenses are mainly related to currency revaluation of bank accounts into the cash pool arrangement. Other interest expenses are paid and accrued interest of the bond loan.

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Responsibility statement from the board of directors

We hereby confirm that the annual accounts for the Group and the Company for 2024 to the best of our knowledge have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the Group and the Company taken as a whole.

The board of directors’ report gives a true and fair view of the development and performance of the business and the position of the Group and the Company, as well as a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group.

The board of directors’ report and the statements on corporate governance and corporate social responsibility for 2024 have been prepared in line with the Norwegian Accounting Act.

The sustainability statements for 2024 included in the board of directors’ report have been prepared in accordance with, and meet the information requirements of, the Norwegian Accounting Act, European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS), and the EU taxonomy regulation (Article 8 of EU Regulation 2020/852).

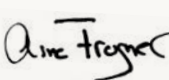
The board of directors of Crayon Group Holding ASA

Oslo, 10 April 2025

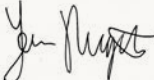

Rune Syversen
(Chairman)

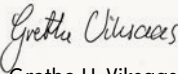

Wenche Agerup
(Board Member)

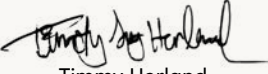

Marina Lønning
(Board Member)

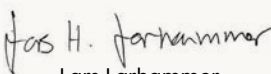

Arne Frogner
(Board Member)

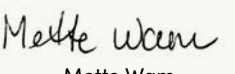

Dagfinn Ringås
(Board Member)

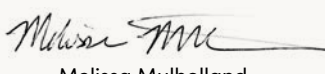

Jens Rugseth
(Board Member)


Grethe H. Viksaas
(Board Member)


Timmy Herland
(Employee Representative)


Lars Larhammer
(Employee Representative)


Mette Wam
(Employee Representative)


Melissa Mulholland
(CEO)

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Auditor’s report



Deloitte AS
Dronning Eufemias gate 14
Postboks 221
NO-0103 Oslo
Norway

+47 23 27 90 00
www.deloitte.no

To the General Meeting of Crayon Group Holding ASA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Crayon Group Holding ASA, which comprise:

- The financial statements of the parent company Crayon Group Holding ASA (the Company), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2024, statement of income and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.
- The consolidated financial statements of Crayon Group Holding ASA and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the financial position as at 31 December 2024, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion

- the financial statements comply with applicable statutory requirements,
- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Norwegian Accounting Act and accounting standards and practices generally accepted in Norway, and
- the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as adopted by the EU.

Our opinion is consistent with our additional report to the Audit Committee.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company and the Group as required by relevant laws and regulations in Norway and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, no prohibited non-audit services referred to in the Audit Regulation (537/2014) Article 5.1 have been provided.

We have been the auditor of Crayon Group Holding ASA for 1 year from the election by the general meeting of the shareholders on 15 May 2024 for the accounting year 2024.

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Registret i Foretaksregisteret
Medlemmer av Den norske Revisorforening
Organisasjonsnummer: 980 211 282

Deloitte Norway conducts business through two legally separate and independent limited liability companies; Deloitte AS, providing audit, consulting, financial advisory and risk management services, and Deloitte Advokatfirma AS, providing tax and legal services.



Independent auditor's report
Crayon Group Holding ASA

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of 2024. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Goodwill

Description of the Key Audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in the audit
As disclosed in note 9, the Group has recognized goodwill of NOK 3,331 million NOK.	We obtained an understanding of management's process for impairment testing of goodwill. We assessed Crayons impairment process and tested the design and implementation of relevant internal controls. We challenged management's assumptions used in its impairment model for assessing the recoverability of the carrying amount of goodwill. We focused on the appropriateness of CGU identification, methodology applied to estimate recoverable amount, discount rates and forecasted cash flows. Specifically: • We assessed the appropriateness of the identification of cash-generating units.
Management performed impairment testing of goodwill allocated to the Cash Generating Units ('CGU's) to determine recoverable amount in accordance with the requirements of IAS 36 'Impairment of Assets' ('IAS 36'). Management assessed the recoverable amount of goodwill by determining the value in use.	• We assessed the methodological approach and the appropriateness of management's model against the requirements of the accounting standard IAS 36 Impairment of Assets.
Estimating value in use requires management to make significant judgements and estimations. Management judgements are based on the Group's forecast for the following years, estimation of future outcomes and assumptions of cash flows, along with the discount rate to be applied to those cash flows.	• We assessed the mathematical accuracy of management's impairment models.
Management's impairment evaluation is a key audit matter due to the significance of the carrying amount of goodwill, the inherent uncertainty involved in the forecasting and discounting of future cash flows and the level of management judgement involved in determining assumptions used in the evaluation of impairment.	• We obtained an understanding of, assessed, and challenged the basis for the key assumptions for the Group's forecast. This have been done by reviewing historical information, extrapolating new information and using industry standards to compare and challenge the budgets and forecasts which the model is based on.
	• We evaluated and challenged management's cash flow forecasting included in forecast and the growth rate beyond this period with reference to the recent and historical performance of the CGU's.
	• We evaluated management's sensitivity analysis. • We assessed the discount rates applied by benchmarking against independent data.

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Independent auditor's report
Crayon Group Holding ASA

	• We evaluated the appropriateness of the related disclosures presented in Note 9 in accordance with the requirements of IAS 36. • We used Deloitte valuations specialists in our audit of the carrying value of goodwill. The specialists have contributed with the following procedures: ○ Obtained and read through the valuation analysis. ○ Evaluated whether the method (i.e., valuation technique) is appropriate in the context of the applicable financial reporting framework. ○ Assessed the reasonableness of the valuation assumptions. ○ The mathematical accuracy of significant valuation calculations.
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Recoverability of accounts receivable – Crayon Software Experts Philippines, Inc

Refer to Note 13 Current receivables and current assets and Note 19 Financial risk.

Description of the Key Audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in the audit
Crayon bears the credit risk for the gross value of license sales that are invoiced to the end customer in agent transactions.	Our audit procedures in this area included:
Significant overdue receivables related to a governmental customer in the Philippines remain unpaid. These receivables originate from invoicing in 2022 at about NOK 0.5bn. The overdue nature and substantial amount of these receivables make this a key audit matter due to the potential impact on the financial statements and the inherent uncertainty regarding the timing and collectability of the receivables.	• We assessed the appropriateness of the bad debt provision by considering the time value of money and the expected settlement period. • We evaluated the assumptions and methodologies used by management in determining the recoverability and the provision. • We assessed design and implementation of relevant internal controls. • Reviewing and assessing the reasonableness and accuracy of the disclosures provided pertaining to public sector receivables from the Philippines.

Other Information

The Board of Directors and the Chief Executive Officer (management) are responsible for the information in the Board of Directors' report and the other information accompanying the financial statements. The other information comprises information in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the information in the Board of Directors' report nor the other information accompanying the financial statements.



Independent auditor's report
Crayon Group Holding ASA

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Board of Directors' report and the other information accompanying the financial statements. The purpose is to consider if there is material inconsistency between the Board of Directors' report and the other information accompanying the financial statements and the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or whether the Board of Directors' report and the other information accompanying the financial statements otherwise appear to be materially misstated. We are required to report if there is a material misstatement in the Board of Directors' report or the other information accompanying the financial statements. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Based on our knowledge obtained in the audit, it is our opinion that the Board of Directors' report

- is consistent with the financial statements and
- contains the information required by applicable statutory requirements.

Our statement on the Board of Directors' report applies correspondingly to the statement on Corporate Governance.

Our statement that the Board of Directors' report contains the information required by applicable law does not cover the sustainability report, for which a separate assurance report is issued.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Norwegian Accounting Act and accounting standards and practices generally accepted in Norway, and for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as adopted by the EU. Management is responsible for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's and the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern. The financial statements of the Company use the going concern basis of accounting insofar as it is not likely that the enterprise will cease operations. The financial statements of the Group use the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. We design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

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Independent auditor's report
Crayon Group Holding ASA

- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's and the Group's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's and the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company and the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves a true and fair view.
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Report on Compliance with Requirement on European Single Electronic Format (ESEF)

Opinion

As part of the audit of the financial statements of Crayon Group Holding ASA, we have performed an assurance engagement to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements included in the annual report, with the file name 5967007LIEEXZXI98043-2024-12-31-en.zip, have been prepared, in all material respects, in compliance with the requirements of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/815 on the European Single Electronic Format (ESEF Regulation) and regulation pursuant to Section 5-5 of the Norwegian Securities Trading Act, which includes requirements related to the preparation of the annual report in XHTML format and iXBRL tagging of the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements, included in the annual report, have been prepared, in all material respects, in compliance with the ESEF regulation.

Management's Responsibilities

Management is responsible for the preparation of the annual report in compliance with the ESEF regulation. This responsibility comprises an adequate process and such internal control as management determines is necessary.



Independent auditor's report
Crayon Group Holding ASA

Auditor's Responsibilities

Our responsibility, based on audit evidence obtained, is to express an opinion on whether, in all material respects, the financial statements included in the annual report have been prepared in compliance with ESEF. We conduct our work in compliance with the International Standard for Assurance Engagements (ISAE) 3000 – "Assurance engagements other than audits or reviews of historical financial information". The standard requires us to plan and perform procedures to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements included in the annual report have been prepared in compliance with the ESEF Regulation.

As part of our work, we have performed procedures to obtain an understanding of the Company's processes for preparing the financial statements in compliance with the ESEF Regulation. We examine whether the financial statements are presented in XHTML-format. We evaluate the completeness and accuracy of the iXBRL tagging of the consolidated financial statements and assess management's use of judgement. Our procedures include reconciliation of the iXBRL tagged data with the audited financial statements in human-readable format. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Oslo, 10 April 2025
Deloitte AS

Eivind Ungersness

State Authorised Public Accountant
(electronically signed)

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Sustainability limited assurance report



Deloitte AS
Dronning Eufemias gate 14
Postboks 221
NO-0103 Oslo
Norway

+47 23 27 90 00
www.deloitte.no

To the General Meeting of Crayon Group Holding ASA

INDEPENDENT SUSTAINABILITY AUDITOR'S LIMITED ASSURANCE REPORT

Limited assurance conclusion

We have conducted a limited assurance engagement on the consolidated sustainability statement of Crayon Group Holding ASA (the “Group”), included in Sustainability Statements of the Board of Directors’ report, including disclosures incorporated by reference as listed in the index on page 41 (the “Sustainability Statement”), as at 31 December 2024 and for the year then ended.

Based on the procedures we have performed and the evidence we have obtained, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Sustainability Statement is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Norwegian Accounting Act section 2-3, including:

- compliance with the European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS), including that the process carried out by the Group to identify the information reported in the Sustainability Statement (the “Process”) is in accordance with the description set out in ESRS 2 general information, subsection double materiality assessment, and
- compliance of the disclosures in EU Taxonomy of the Sustainability Statement with Article 8 of EU Regulation 2020/852 (the “Taxonomy Regulation”).

Basis for conclusion

We conducted our limited assurance engagement in accordance with International Standard on Assurance Engagements (ISAE) 3000 (Revised), Assurance engagements other than audits or reviews of historical financial information (“ISAE 3000 (Revised)”), issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion. Our responsibilities under this standard are further described in the Sustainability auditor’s responsibilities section of our report.

Our independence and quality management

We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements as required by relevant laws and regulations in Norway and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA Code), which is founded on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behaviour

The firm applies International Standard on Quality Management 1, which requires the firm to design, implement and operate a system of quality management including policies or procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

Other matter

The comparative information included in the Sustainability Statement was not subject to an assurance engagement. Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.

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Registert i Foretaksregisteret
Medlemmer av Den norske Revisorforening
Organisasjonsnummer: 980 211 282

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Independent sustainability auditor's
limited assurance report
Crayon Group Holding ASA

Responsibilities for the Sustainability Statement

The Board of Directors and the Chief Executive Officer (management) are responsible for designing and implementing a process to identify the information reported in the Sustainability Statement in accordance with the ESRS and for disclosing this Process in ESRS 2 general information, subsection double materiality assessment of the Sustainability Statement. This responsibility includes:

- understanding the context in which the Group’s activities and business relationships take place and developing an understanding of its affected stakeholders;
- the identification of the actual and potential impacts (both negative and positive) related to sustainability matters, as well as risks and opportunities that affect, or could reasonably be expected to affect, the Group’s financial position, financial performance, cash flows, access to finance or cost of capital over the short-, medium-, or long-term;
- the assessment of the materiality of the identified impacts, risks and opportunities related to sustainability matters by selecting and applying appropriate thresholds; and
- making assumptions that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Management is further responsible for the preparation of the Sustainability Statement, in accordance with the Norwegian Accounting Act section 2-3, including:

- compliance with the ESRS, and
- preparing the disclosures in EU Taxonomy of the Sustainability Statement, in compliance with the Taxonomy Regulation;
- designing, implementing and maintaining such internal control that management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the Sustainability Statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- the selection and application of appropriate sustainability reporting methods and making assumptions and estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Inherent limitations in preparing the Sustainability Statement

In reporting forward-looking information in accordance with ESRS, management is required to prepare the forward-looking information on the basis of disclosed assumptions about events that may occur in the future and possible future actions by the Group. Actual outcomes are likely to be different since anticipated events frequently do not occur as expected.

Sustainability auditor’s responsibilities

Our responsibility is to plan and perform the assurance engagement to obtain limited assurance about whether the Sustainability Statement is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a limited assurance report that includes our conclusion. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence decisions of users taken on the basis of the Sustainability Statement as a whole.

As part of a limited assurance engagement in accordance with ISAE 3000 (Revised) we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the engagement.

Our responsibilities in respect of the Sustainability Statement, in relation to the Process, include:

- obtaining an understanding of the Process, but not for the purpose of providing a conclusion on the effectiveness of the Process, including the outcome of the Process;
- considering whether the information identified addresses the applicable disclosure requirements of the ESRS; and
- designing and performing procedures to evaluate whether the Process is consistent with the Group’s description of its Process set out in ESRS 2 general information, subsection double materiality assessment.

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Our other responsibilities in respect of the Sustainability Statement include:

- identifying where material misstatements are likely to arise, whether due to fraud or error; and
- designing and performing procedures responsive to where material misstatements are likely to arise in the Sustainability Statement. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Summary of the work performed

A limited assurance engagement involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the Sustainability Statement. The procedures in a limited assurance engagement vary in nature and timing from, and are less in extent than for, a reasonable assurance engagement. Consequently, the level of assurance obtained in a limited assurance engagement is substantially lower than the assurance that would have been obtained had a reasonable assurance engagement been performed.

The nature, timing and extent of procedures selected depend on professional judgement, including the identification of disclosures where material misstatements are likely to arise in the Sustainability Statement, whether due to fraud or error.

In conducting our limited assurance engagement, with respect to the Process, we:

- obtained an understanding of the Process by:
 - performing inquiries to understand the sources of the information used by management (e.g., stakeholder engagement, business plans and strategy documents); and
 - reviewing selected parts of the Company's internal documentation of its Process; and
- evaluated whether the evidence obtained from our procedures with respect to the Process implemented by the Group was consistent with the description of the Process set out in ESRS 2 general information, subsection double materiality assessment.

In conducting our limited assurance engagement, with respect to the Sustainability Statement, we:

- obtained an understanding of the Group's reporting processes relevant to the preparation of its Sustainability Statement by obtaining an understanding of the Group's control environment and selected processes and information system relevant to the preparation of the Sustainability Statement, but not for the purpose of providing a conclusion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control
- evaluated whether the information identified by the Process is included in the Sustainability Statement;
- evaluated whether the structure and the presentation of the Sustainability Statement is in accordance with the ESRS;
- performed analytical procedures on selected information in the Sustainability Statement;
- performed substantive assurance procedures on selected information in the Sustainability Statement;
- where applicable, compared selected disclosures in the Sustainability Statement with the corresponding disclosures in the financial statements and other sections of the Board of Directors' report;
- evaluated selected methods, assumptions and data for developing estimates and forward-looking information;
- obtained an understanding of the Group's process to identify taxonomy-eligible and taxonomy-aligned economic activities and the corresponding disclosures in the Sustainability Statement;
- evaluated whether information about the identified taxonomy-eligible and taxonomy-aligned economic activities is included in the Sustainability Statement, and



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- performed inquiries of relevant personnel, analytical procedures and substantive procedures on selected taxonomy disclosures included in the Sustainability Statement.

Oslo, 10 April 2025
Deloitte AS

Eivind Ungersness
State Authorised Public Accountant - Sustainability Auditor
(This document is signed electronically)

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Alternative performance measures

The financial information in this report is prepared under IFRS Accounting Standards, as adopted by the EU. To enhance the understanding of Crayon's performance, the company has presented several alternative performance measures (APMs). An APM is defined by ESMA guidelines as a financial measure of historical or future financial performance, financial position, or cash flows, other than a financial measure defined or specified in the relevant accounting rules (IFRS). Alternative performance measures should not be viewed as a substitute for financial information presented in accordance with IFRS but rather as a complement. The Group believes that APMs such as adjusted EBITDA are commonly reported by companies in the markets in which Crayon compete and are widely used by investors in comparing performance on a consistent basis without regard to factors such as other share-based payments and other income and expenses, which can vary significantly from period to period, especially due to M&A transactions, related reorganizations or other significant non-recurring items. Crayon discloses the APMs to permit a more complete and comprehensive analysis of its underlying operating performance relative to other companies and across periods. Because companies may calculate gross sales, gross profit, adjusted EBITDA, other income and expenses, net working capital and liquidity reserve differently, the Company’s presentation of these APMs may not be comparable to similar titled measures used by other companies.

Crayon uses the following APMs and definitions

Adjusted EBITDA: EBITDA excluding impairment, share based compensation and other income and expenses. The measure is valuable for investors and other stakeholders in assessing operating profitability on a variable cost basis, excluding depreciation, amortization and impairment expenses, as well as other non-recurring items. This approach allows for a clearer evaluation of operating performance in comparison to Crayon's competitors.

<i>(NOK millions)</i>	2024	2023
EBITDA	1,090	745
Adjustments:		
Share based compensation	35	42
Other income and expenses	49	132
Adjusted EBITDA	1,174	919

Adjusted EBITDA margin: Adjusted EBITDA / Gross Profit. The measure enables comparison between segments and competitors.

<i>(NOK millions)</i>	2024	2023
Gross profit	6,283	5,662
Adjusted EBITDA	1,174	919
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	18.7%	16.2%

CAPEX: Capital expenditures that mainly consists of office equipment and capitalizes expenses related to development activities according to IAS 38. Capex is a measure of investments made in the operations in the relevant period and is useful to investors and stakeholders evaluating the capital intensity of the operations.

Constant currency: Foreign currency transactions converted to constant currency.

EBIT: Earnings before interest expense, other financial items, and income taxes.

EBITDA: Earnings before interest expense, other financial items, income taxes, depreciation and amortization.

Gross Profit: Operating Revenue less cost of goods or services sold.

<i>(NOK millions)</i>	2024	2023
Revenue	7,012	6,397
Cost of sales	-729	-735
Gross profit	6,283	5,662

Gross Sales: Gross revenues assuming we were principal and not agent on all software resales being restated and reflect the actual billing for the relevant period.

Leverage ratio: Net interest-bearing debt divided by LTM adjusted EBITDA corrected for net income attributed to non-controlling interests. The measure provides useful information about the strength of our financial position aligned to our bank covenant.

<i>(NOK millions)</i>	2024	2023
Net interest-bearing debt	361	1,189
LTM adjusted EBITDA	1,174	919
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	10	-44
Leverage ratio	0.3	1.2

Liquidity reserve: Non-restricted cash and available credit facilities in each company where Crayon operates. The liquidity reserve does not consider any restrictions on cross border cash transfers.

<i>(NOK millions)</i>	2024	2023
Cash & cash equivalents	1,654	1,467
Restricted cash	-53	-49
Free available cash	1,601	1,418
Available credit facility	1,918	1,308
Liquidity reserve	3,518	2,726

LTM: Last twelve months.

Net interest-bearing debt (refer to **Note 16**): Interest bearing debt including leasing less unrestricted cash. Net interest-bearing debt is a measure of the Group’s net indebtedness that provides an indicator of the overall balance sheet strength.

